

M.PHIL SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIAN STUDIES/ 2015-16

SEMESTER I												
Course Code	Course Title				WEIGHTAGE						Marks	
			L	T	P	Cr	A	B	C	D	E	
SCA. 501	Research Methodology	F	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 502	Computer Application and Practical	F	2	0	4	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 651	Government and Politics of South Asia	C	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
Any Two Options												
SCA. 661	Contemporary Security Environment in South Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 662	Regional Cooperation in South and Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 664	Foreign Policies of Major Powers and South Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 665	Introduction to Security Studies	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
Total Credits			18	0	4	20						500

SEMESTER II

SCA. 680	Government and Politics of Central Asia	C	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
Any Two Options												
SCA. 681	Political Economy of Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 682	Contemporary Security Environment in Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 683	Environmental Governance in South Asia and Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 680	Society and Culture in South and Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 681	Foreign Policies of Major Powers and Central Asia	E	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
SCA. 699	Seminar	C	4	0	0	4	25	25	25	25		100
Total Credits			16	0	16	16						400
Semester III												
Dissertation		C	0	0	0	16	-	-	--		-	-
Total Credits			-	-	0	16		-	-		--	-
GRAND TOTAL						52						900

**Semester-I**

Course Title: Research Methodology	64 Lecture Hours		L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 501			4	0	0	4	100
Unit I: Basic Concepts		16 hours					
Meaning and Importance of Research, Characteristics; Hypothesis: Meaning, Characteristics, Types, Formulation; Research Proposal: Definition, Selection Procedure, Formulation of a Statement and Steps in Making Research Proposal; Review of Literature, References; Research and Academic Integrity: Copyright Issues, Conduct of Ethical Research, Plagiarism in research.							
Unit II: Theoretical Foundation		16 hours					
Knowledge: Epistemological and Ontological Foundations of Knowledge; Deductive and Inductive Forms of Knowledge; Facts and Fiction; Knowledge and Power – Michael Foucault and Edward Said; Science of Knowing: Positivism; Popper and the Theory of Falsification.							
Unit III: Qualitative Research		16 hours					
Qualitative Research: Meaning, Characteristics; Case Study; Grounded Theory; Phenomenology; Ethnography; Observation; Focus-Group; Photography; Historiography, Interviewing; Visual Research.							
Unit IV: Quantitative Research		16 hours					
Quantitative Data: Significance, Analysing Quantitative Data; Measurement and Scaling Techniques, Measures of Central Tendency- Mean, Median and Mode; Measures of Dispersion- Range and Standard Deviation; Simple Correlation Regression: Multi Variable Regression; Analysis of Variance.							
Use of Statistical Techniques in Data Analysis: Introduction to Statistical and Econometric Programmes- Survey Authoring, Data Mining, Text and Statistical Analysis; Use of Excel and Simple Statistical-Econometric Package.							
Essential Readings:							
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Berg, Bruce L. 2001). <i>Qualitative Research Methods for Social Sciences</i>. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.</li> <li>2. Brent, Edward E. (1990). <i>Computer Applications in the Social Sciences</i>. Philadelphia: Temple University Press.</li> <li>3. Bryant, Christopher G. A. and David Jary (eds). (1991). <i>Giddens' Theory of Structuration: A Critical Appreciation</i>. London: Routledge.</li> <li>4. Bryman, Alan. (2008). <i>Social Research Methods</i>. New York: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>5. Creswell, John W. (2011). <i>Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches</i>. Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications.</li> <li>6. Feyerabend, Paul. (1975). <i>Against Method: Outline of an Anarchist Theory of Knowledge</i>. London: New Left Books.</li> <li>7. Foucault, Michel. (1980). <i>Power/Knowledge: Selected Interviews and Other Writings, 1972-1977</i>. Ed. Colin Gordon, New York: Vintage.</li> <li>8. Guha, Ranajit (ed). <i>A Subaltern Studies Reader, 1986-1995</i>. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000.</li> <li>9. Kothari, C. R. (2004). <i>Research methodology: Methods and techniques</i>. New Age International.</li> <li>10. Kuhn, Thomas. (1996). <i>The Structure of Scientific Revolutions</i>. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.</li> <li>11. Lester, James D. and Jim D. Lester Jr. (2007). <i>Principles of Writing Research Papers</i>. New York: Longman.</li> <li>12. Lune, Howard, et al (eds). (2010). <i>Perspectives in Social Research Methods and Analysis</i>. Los Angeles: Sage.</li> <li>13. Marsh, David and Gerry Stoker (eds.). <i>Theory and Methods in Political Science</i>. 3rd Edition, London: Macmillan, 2010.</li> <li>14. Newman, I., &amp; Benz, C. R. (1998). <i>Qualitative-quantitative research methodology: Exploring the interactive continuum</i>. SIU Press.</li> </ol>							

15. Robert. (2002). *Epistemology: A Contemporary Introduction to the Theory of Knowledge*. London: Routledge.
16. Said, Edward W. (1979). *Orientalism*. New York: Vintage.
17. Seale, Clive. (2004). *Social Research Methods: A Reader*. London: Routledge.
18. Sen, Amartya. (1987). *On Ethics and Economics*. Oxford: Basil Blackwell,.
19. White, Hayden. (1975). *Metahistory: The Historical Imagination in Nineteenth-Century Europe*. Baltimore. The Johns Hopkins University Press,.

Additional Readings:

1. Chisholm, R. M. (1966). *Theory of knowledge*,.
2. Dancy, J. (1985). *An introduction to contemporary epistemology*,.
3. Gorard, S. (2003). *Quantitative methods in social science research*. A&C Black.
4. Groves, Robert M, et al. (2009). *Survey Methodology*. New Jersey: Wiley.
5. Williams, M. (2001). *Problems of knowledge: A Critical Introduction to Epistemology*.

Journals:

1. Sen, Amartya. (1977). Rational Fools: A Critique of the Behavioural Foundations of Economic Theory. *Philosophy and Public Affairs*, 6(4), pp. 317-344.

Web Sites:

1. APA Online Guide <http://web.calstatela.edu/library/guides/3apa.pdf>2. University of Waikato APA Online Guide
2. [http://www.waikato.ac.nz/\\_data/assets/pdf\\_file/0014/236120/APA-Quick-Guide-6th.pdf](http://www.waikato.ac.nz/_data/assets/pdf_file/0014/236120/APA-Quick-Guide-6th.pdf) Audi,
3. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/physics/0601009.pdf>

Course Title: Computer Applications and Practical	32 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 502		2	0	0	2	100
Unit I:		12 hours				
Fundamentals of computers: Parts of computers, Hardware, BIOS, Operating systems, Binary system, Logic gates and Boolean Algebra.						
Application software: Spreadsheet applications, Word-processing applications, Presentation applications, Internet browsers, Reference Management, and Image processing applications.						
Unit II:		10 hours				
Fundamentals of computers: Parts of computers, Hardware, BIOS, Operating systems, Binary system, Logic Gates and Boolean Algebra.						

Unit III:	10 hours
Application Software: Spread Sheet Applications, Word-Processing Applications, Presentation Applications, Internet Browsers, Reference Management, And Image Processing Applications.	
Essential Readings:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bhatt, Pramod Chandra P. (2008). <i>An Introduction To Operating Systems: Concepts And Practice</i>, (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). New Delhi: Phi Learning Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>2. Douglas, Gretchen And Mark Connell. (2007). <i>Fundamentals Of Ms Office 2007</i>. (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). Dubuque: Kendall Hunt Publication Company.</li> <li>3. Jamsa, Kris A. (1993). <i>Dos: The Pocket Reference</i>. Berkeley: Osborne Mcgraw-Hill.</li> <li>4. Longman, D., Cyganski, John A. Orr And R.F. Vaz. (2000). <i>Information Technology: Inside And Outside</i>, (7th Edition). New Jersey: Prentice Hall.</li> <li>5. Murdock, Everett E. (1988). <i>Dos The Easy Way: A Complete Guide To Microsoft's Ms Dos</i>. H O T Press, Easy Way Downloadable Books.</li> <li>6. Narang, Rajesh. (2006). <i>Database Management System</i>. New Delhi: Phi Learning Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>7. Rajaraman, V. (2003). <i>Fundamentals Of Computers</i>. New Delhi: Phi Learning Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>8. Sanders, Donald H. (1988). <i>Computers Today</i>. Singapore: Mcgraw Hill Publishing,.</li> <li>9. Jain, S. (2008). <i>Information Technology Concepts-Gateway to Success</i>. New Delhi: Bpb Publications.</li> </ol>	
Additional Readings:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Date, C. J. <i>An Introduction To Database Systems</i>. Massachusetts: Addison-Wesley.</li> <li>2. Semprevivo, Philip C. (1976). <i>Systems Analysis: Definition, Process, and Design</i>. Chicago: Science Research Associates.</li> <li>3. Silberschatz, Abraham And Peter B. Galvin. (1994). <i>Operating System Concepts</i>. Massachusetts: Addisonwesley, (4th Edition).</li> <li>4. Tanenbaum , Andrew S. (2003). <i>Computer Networks</i>, (3rd Edition). New Jersey: Prentice Hall Ptr.</li> </ol>	
Journals:	
Web Sites:	

Course Title: Government and Politics of South Asian	Lecture Hours-64	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 651		2	0	0	2	100
Unit I: South Asia's Political Historical Survey	16 hours					
South Asia: Establishment of Colonialism in South Asia; Colonialism Political Legacy; Constitutional Development in South Asia; Constituent Assembly - Organisation, Nature and Functions.						
Unit II Government and Politics I	16 hours					
India, Pakistan, Bhutan and Nepal: Parliament, Government; Political Parties; Pressure Groups and Interests Groups.						
Unit III: Government and Politics II	16 hours					

Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan and Maldives: Parliament, Government; Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Interests Groups.

Unit IV: Emerging Democratic Trends in South Asia 16 hours

Historical background of Democracy in South Asia; Role of Army in Pakistan Democracy; Monarchy and Democracy; Emerging Democratic Trends in South Asia

Essential Readings:

1. Austin, D., & Gupta, A. (1990). *The Politics of Violence in India and South Asia: Is Democracy an Endangered Species?* (No. 233). Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism.
2. Barlas, A. (1995). *Democracy, nationalism, and communalism: the colonial legacy in South Asia*. Westview Pr.
3. Burghart, R. (1996). *The conditions of listening: essays on religion, history, and politics in South Asia*. Oxford University Press.
4. Chadda, M. (2000). *Building Democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal, Pakistan*. Lynne Rienner Publishers.
5. Chatterjee, P. (1993). *The nation and its fragments: Colonial and postcolonial histories. vol. 11*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
6. Hewitt, V. M. (1992). *The international politics of South Asia*. Manchester University Press.
7. Jackson, R. V. (1975). *South Asian crisis: India, Pakistan, and Bangla Desh: A Political and Historical Analysis of the 1971 War*. International Institute for Strategic Studies.
8. Jalal, A. (1995). *Democracy and authoritarianism in South Asia: A comparative and historical perspective. Vol. 1*. Cambridge University Press.
9. Kukreja, V. (1991). *Civil-Military Relations in South Asia: Pakistan, Bangladesh and India*. Sage publications.
10. Malik, Y. K., Lawoti, M., & Rahman, S. (2008). *Government and politics in South Asia*. Westview Press.
11. Mitra, S. K., Enskat, M., & Spiess, C. (Eds.). (2004). *Political Parties in South Asia*. Greenwood Publishing Group.
12. Newell, R. S. (1972). *The politics of Afghanistan (No. 44)*. Ithaca [NY]: Cornell University Press.
13. Oberst, R. C., Malik, Y. K., Kennedy, C., & Kapur, A. (2013). *Government and Politics in South Asia*. Westview Press.
14. Ollapally, D. M. (2008). *The politics of extremism in South Asia*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
15. Palmer, N. D. (1975). *Elections and Political Development: The South Asian Experience*. London: C. Hurst.
16. Riaz, A. (Ed.). (2010). *Religion and politics in South Asia*. Routledge.
17. Rose, L. E. (1977). *The politics of Bhutan*. Cornell University Press.
18. Tinker, H. (1990). *South Asia: a short history*. University of Hawaii Press.
19. Wheeler, R. S. (1970). *The Politics of Pakistan: A Constitutional Quest*. Cornell University Press.

Additional Readings:

1. Kochanek, S., & Hardgrave, R. (2007). *India: Government and politics in a developing nation*. Cengage Learning.
2. Suri, K. C. (2007). *Political parties in South Asia: the challenge of change*. International Idea.
3. Wilson, P. (Ed.). (1956). *Government and Politics of India and Pakistan, 1885-1955: A Bibliography of Works in Western Languages (No. 2)*. South Asia Studies, Institute of East Asiatic Studies, University of California.

Journals:

1. Evans, P. (1996). Government Action, Social Capital And Development: Reviewing The Evidence On Synergy. *World Development*, 24(6), 1119-1132.
2. Jackson, R. V. (1975). *South Asian Crisis: India, Pakistan, And Bangla Desh: A Political And Historical Analysis Of The 1971 War*. International Institute For Strategic Studies.
3. Malik, Y. K., Lawoti, M., & Rahman, S. (2008). *Government And Politics In South Asia*. Westview Press.

Web Sits:

1. Global Arts And Politics Alliance (Gapa)
2. Government & Politics Of South Asia (Columbia University Libraries)
3. South Asia Analysis Group

Course Title: Political Economy of South and Central Asia	32 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 661		2	0	0	2	
Unit I: Understanding International Political Economy						16 hours
Contending Perspective on International Political Economy: - The Economic Nationalist, The Liberal and The Critical Perspective. The Major Debates of International Political Economy:- Susan Strange, Robert Keohane and Robert Cox.						
Unit II: Central Asia Political Economy						16 hours
Colonial Economy: - Poverty, Industrial Development and others Economic Problem. Post-Independent Economy: - Economic Structure, Planning; Industrial and Agriculture development.						
Unit III: South and Central Asia : Post-Liberalization Economy						16 hours
National Income; Growth Rate; HDI; Trade and External Trade Policy; Poverty; Uneven Development; Regional Economic Cooperation; Challenges of Neo-Imperialism Impact on Political Economy of: MNC/TNC, Transfer Of Technology, Global Financial Flows, FDI, International Aid.						
Unit IV: Economic Global Governance						16 hours
Need of the Economic Governance Reforms: The World Bank, WTO; IMF; Role of South and Central Asian in Global Economic Governance.						
Essential Readings:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Aslund, A. (2012). <i>How capitalism was built: the transformation of Central and Eastern Europe, Russia, the Caucasus, and Central Asia</i>. Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>2. Bhagwati, Jagdish. (2007). <i>In Defense of Globalization</i>. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>3. Bose, S., &amp; Jalal, A. (2004). <i>Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy</i>. Psychology Press.</li> <li>4. Capisani, G. R. (2000). <i>The Handbook of Central Asia: A Comprehensive Survey of the New Republics</i>. IB Tauris.</li> <li>5. Chang, H. J. (2002). Breaking the mould: an institutionalist political economy alternative to the neo-liberal theory of the market and the state. <i>Cambridge Journal of Economics</i>, 26(5), 539-559.</li> <li>6. Collins, K. (2006). <i>Clan politics and regime transition in Central Asia</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 271-271.</li> <li>7. Greenfeld, L. (2009). <i>The spirit of capitalism: Nationalism and Economic Growth</i>. Harvard University Press.</li> <li>8. Grieve-Smith, J., &amp; Michie, J. (Eds.). (2003). <i>Global Instability: The Political Economy of World Economic Governance</i>. Routledge.</li> <li>9. Harvey, David. (2005). <i>A Brief History of Neoliberalism</i>. New York: Oxford University Press.</li> </ol>						

10. Helleiner, E., & Pickel, A. (2005). *Economic Nationalism in a Globalizing World*. Cornell University Press.
11. Myant, M., & Drahoukoupil, J. (2011). *Transition Economies: Political Economy in Russia, Eastern Europe, and Central Asia*. John Wiley and Sons.
12. Sachs, Jeffrey D. (2005). *The End of Poverty: Economic Possibilities of Our Time*. New York: Penguin.
13. Spechler, M. C. (2008). *The political economy of reform in Central Asia: Uzbekistan under authoritarianism (Vol. 4)*. Routledge.
14. Stanley, J. W. (2013). *Theory of Political Economy*. Harpress Limited.
15. Stiglitz, Joseph. (2005). *Globalization and its Discontents*. New Delhi: Penguin,.
16. Stubbs, R., & Underhill, G. R. (Eds.). (1994). *Political Economy and the Changing Global Order*. London: Macmillan, pp. 366-77.

Additional Readings:

1. Frohlich, N., & Oppenheimer, J. A. (1978). *Modern political economy*. Prentice Hall.
2. Hoekman, B. M., & Kostecky, M. M. (2009). *The Political Economy of the World Trading System*. OUP Oxford.
3. Nayyar, Deepak (ed.). (2002). *Governing Globalization: Issues and Institutions*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
4. Oatley, Thomas. (2004). *International Political Economy*. Delhi: Pearson Education.
5. Petras, James and Henry Veltmeyer. (2001). *Globalization Unmasked*. New Delhi: Madhyam Books.
6. Pomfret, R. (2014). *The Economies of Central Asia*. Princeton University Press.
7. Rubin, B. R. (2000). The political economy of war and peace in Afghanistan. *World Development*, 28(10), 1789-1803.

Journals:

1. Dash, K. C. (1996). The political economy of regional cooperation in South Asia. *Pacific Affairs*, 185-209.
2. Gleason, G. (2001). Inter-state cooperation in Central Asia. *The CIS to the Shanghai Forum. Europe-Asia Studies*, 53(7), 1077-1095.
3. Johnson, H. G. (1965). A Theoretical Model of Economic Nationalism in New and Developing States. *Political Science Quarterly*, 169-185.

Web Sites:

1. Central Asia and the Caucasus
2. The School of Russian and Asian Studies
3. The World Socialist Web Site

Course Title: Contemporary Security in South Asia	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 662		4	0	0	4	100
Unit I: South Asian Security		16 hours				
Concept of South Asia, Geostrategic and Geopolitical Saliency of the Region, Emerging Security Threats; Regional Security Architecture, Security Dilemma of South Asia, Military Balance and Deterrence of South Asian states.						
Unit II: Security Threats in South Asia		16 hours				
Security Threats: Terrorism; Small Arms Proliferations; Drug and Human Trafficking; Maritime Threats; Nuclearization in South Asia; Afghanistan Security Conundrum; Post -2014 Regional Security; Impacts on South Asia.						
Unit III: Regional and International Security Architecture		16 hours				
Defence doctrines of countries; Strategic Cooperation ; Nuclear Weapon Free South Asia Concept, Role of SAARC in Regional Security; NPT and CTBT and South Asia						
Unit IV: External Powers and Regional Security		16 hours				
Extra regional powers' geostrategic and geopolitical interests in South and Central Asia; Impact on regional security						
Essential Readings:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bajpai, K. P. (1995). <i>Brasstacks and Beyond: Perception and Management of Crisis in South Asia</i>. Manohar Publishers.</li> <li>2. Bhargava, G. S. (1983). <i>South Asian Security After Afghanistan</i>. Free Press.</li> <li>3. Bidwai, P., &amp; Vanai, A. (1999). <i>South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament</i>. Oxford University Press.</li> <li>4. Buzan, Barry and Ole Waever. (2003). <i>Regions and Powers: The Structure of International Security</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>5. Chari, P. R., Cheema, P. I., &amp; Cohen, S. P. (2009). <i>Four Crises and a Peace Process: American Engagement in South Asia</i>. Brookings Institution Press.</li> <li>6. Cohen, S. P. (1987). <i>The Security of South Asia: American and Asian Perspectives</i>. Univ of Illinois Pr</li> <li>7. Ghosh, P. S. (1989). <i>Cooperation and conflict in South Asia (No. 21)</i>. Technical Publications.</li> <li>8. Hagerty, D. T. (1998). <i>The consequences of nuclear proliferation: Lessons from South Asia</i>. MIT Press.</li> <li>9. Kapur, S. Paul (2007). <i>Dangerous deterrent: Nuclear Weapons Proliferation and Conflict in South Asia</i>. California: Stanford University Press.</li> <li>10. Malik, H. (Ed.). (1993). <i>Dilemmas of national security and cooperation in India and Pakistan</i>. St. Martin's Press.</li> <li>11. Mely Caballero Anthony, Ralf Emmers, &amp; Amitav Acharya (Eds.). (2006). <i>Non-traditional security in Asia: dilemmas in securitization</i>. Ashgate Publishing, Ltd..</li> <li>12. Tiwari, C. K. (1989). <i>Security in South Asia: Internal and External Dimensions</i>. University Press of Amer.</li> </ol>						
Additional Readings:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Buzan, B., Rizvi, G., &amp; Foot, R. (1986). <i>South Asian Insecurity and The Great Powers</i>. Macmillan.</li> <li>2. IDSA Publications (Reports, Briefing Papers etc)</li> <li>3. SIPRI Reports</li> </ol>						
Journals:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Beyrer, C., Razak, M. H., Lisam, K., Chen, J., Lui, W., &amp; Yu, X. F. (2000). Overland Heroin Trafficking Routes and HIV-1 Spread in South and South-East Asia. <i>Aids</i>, 14(1), 75-83.</li> <li>2. Buzan, B. (2003). Security architecture in Asia: the interplay of regional and global levels. <i>The Pacific Review</i>, 16(2), 143-173.</li> <li>3. Dittmer, L. (2001). South Asia's security dilemma. <i>Asian Survey</i>, 41(6), 897-906.</li> <li>4. Frykenberg, R. E. (1988). Fundamentalism and revivalism in South Asia. <i>Fundamentalism, Revivalist and Violence in South Asia</i>, 20-39.</li> <li>5. International Security (Journal)</li> <li>6. Javaid, U., &amp; Kamal, M. (2015). Security Dilemma in South Asia. <i>Journal of Political Studies</i>, 22(1), 115.</li> </ol>						



7. Kapur, S. P. (2005). India and Pakistan's unstable peace: Why Nuclear South Asia is not like Cold War Europe. *International Security*, 30(2), 127-152.
8. Mohan, C. R. (2006). India and the Balance of Power. *Foreign Affairs-New York*, 85(4), 17.

Web Sites:

1. Asian Survey (Journal)
2. Foreign Affairs (Journal)
3. Strategic Analysis (Journal)
4. Thomas, R. G. (1993). South Asian security in the 1990s: the prospects of war and peace in South Asia amidst changes in the global and regional strategic environments. <https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/2738068>.

Course Title: Regional Cooperation in South and Central Asia	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 663		4	0	0	4	100
Unit I: Concept of Regional Integration		16 hours				
Concept and Theoretical foundation of Regional Integration; Factors in Regional Integration, Phases of Regional Integration.						
Unit II: Regional Cooperation in Central Asia		16 hours				
SCO: Genesis, Principles And Objectives; Role Of CAREC, Eurasian Economic Union and CSTO; Geopolitical Expansion of SCO and Regional Integration; Challenges And Potential Of Regional Integration.						
Unit III: Regional Integration in South Asia		16 hours				
SAARC: Genesis, Principles and Objectives; Challenges and Potential of Regional Integration; Geopolitical and Geostrategic Perspective of Regional Integration.						
Unit IV: Globalization and Regional Integration		16 hours				

## Globalization and Regional Co-operation in South and Central Asia; Challenges to South Asia and Central Asia

### Essential Readings:

1. Denoon, D. (2013). *Factoring the Foreign Policy Goals of the Central Asian States in The U.S., China and the Future of Central Asia*. New York: New York University Press.
2. Larulle, M. (2012). *Moscow's China dilemma: Evolving perceptions of Russian security in Eurasia and Asia, in Eurasia's Ascent in Energy and Geopolitics: Rivalry or Partnership for China, Russia, and Central Asia?* eds., R.E. Bedeski and N. Swanström, 76–91. London: Routledge.
3. Archer, Clive. *The European Union*. New York: Routledge, (2008).
4. Baldwin, Richard E. (1993). A Domino Theory of Regionalism. NBER Working Paper No. 4465. September.
5. Beeson, Mark and Richard Stubbs (eds.). (2011). *Routledge Handbook of Asian Regionalism*. New York: Routledge.
6. Dash, Kishore C. (2008). *Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures*. New York: Routledge.
7. Gamble, Andrew and Payne, Andrew (eds.) (1996). *Regionalism and the New World Order*. London: Macmillan.
8. Panikkar, K.M. et al. (eds.). (1948). *Regionalism and Security*. New Delhi: Indian Council of World Affairs.
9. Saez, Lawrence. (2011). *The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC): An Emerging Collaboration Architecture*. New York: Routledge.
10. Söderbaum, Fredrik and Shaw, Timothy M. (eds.) (2003). *Theories of New Regionalism: A Palgrave Reader*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

### Additional Readings:

1. Jupille, Joseph, Brandy Jolliff, and Stefan Wojcik. (2013). Regionalism in the World Polity. Working Paper.
2. Haggard, S. (1995). *Developing Nations and the Politics of Regional Integration*. Washington DC: The Brookings Institution.
3. Kishore C. Dash. (2008). *Origin and Evolution of SAARC*” In *Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures*. New York: Routledge), pp.79-109.
4. Laruelle, Marlene. (2009). Beyond the Afghan Trauma: Russia's Return to Afghanistan, Jamestown Occasional Paper, August.
5. LeRoy B. (1995). *Varieties of Regionalism In International Organizations: Principles and Issues (6<sup>th</sup>. Edition.)*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp.229-64.
6. Linn, Johannes F. and Pidufala, Oksana. (2009). *Lessons for Central Asia. Experience with Regional Economic Cooperation*. Manila: Asian Development Bank.
7. Gruber L. (2000). *Ruling the World: Power Politics and the Rise of Supranational Institutions*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
8. Miles Kahler. (1995). *International Institutions and the Political Economy of Integration*. Washington, DC: Brookings Institution.
9. Nichol Jim. (2006). *Russian-Chinese Relations: Past, Present, Future*. Swindon: Defence Academy of the United Kingdom, Russian series.
10. Taylor, P. (1993). *Regionalism and Globalism in International Organization in the Modern World: The Regional and the Global Process*, London: Pinter, pp. 1-46.
11. Mattli, W. (1999). *The Logic of Regional Integration*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, Chapter 3.

### Journals:

1. Christopher Hemmer and Peter Katzenstein. (2002). Why is there no NATO in Asia? Collective Identity, Regionalism, and the Origins of Multilateralism. *International Organization*, 56, 575-607.
2. Edward D. Mansfield and Helen V. Milner (1999). The New Wave of Regionalism. *International Organization*, 53(3), 589-627.
3. Mansfield E., Helen Milner and Jon Pevehouse. (2008). Democracy, Veto Players, and the Depth of Regional Integration. *The World Economy*.
4. George W. Downs, David M. Roocke, and Peter N. Barsboom. (1998). Managing the Evolution of Multilateralism. *International Organization*, 52(2), 397-410.
5. Gray, Julia, and Jonathan B. Slapin. (2012). How effective are preferential trade arrangements? Ask the experts. *Review of International Organizations*, 7 (3), 309-333
6. John Ravenhall. (2000). APEC Adrift: Implications for Economic Regionalism in Asia and the Pacific. *The Pacific Review*, 13(2), 319-333.

7. Karns, Margaret P. And Karen A. Mingst. (2010). *International Organizations: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance, 2nd edn.* Boulder, Colorado: Lynne Rienner Publishers Inc, pp.145- 3 218.

8. Mattli W. (2000). Sovereignty Bargains in Regional Integration. *International Studies Review.* 2(2), 149-180.

Web Sites:

1. European Council on Foreign Relations
2. The German Marshall Fund of United States.

Course Title: Foreign Policies of Major Powers and South Asia	32 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks	
		2	0	0	2	100	
Course Code: SCA. 664							
Unit I: United States Foreign Policy		16 hours					
The US Foreign Policy: Determinants and Objectives; US Foreign Policy Towards South and Central Asia.							
Unit II: China Foreign Policy		16 hours					
China Foreign Policy: Determinants and Objectives; Chinese Foreign Policy Towards South and Central Asia.							
Unit III: Russia		16 hours					
Russia Policy: Determinants and Objectives; Russian Foreign Policy Towards South and Central Asia.							
Unit IV: India and Major Power		16 Hours					
India and US India and China; India and Russia							
Essential Readings:							
1. Antholis, W. (2013). <i>Inside Out India and China: Local Politics Go Global.</i> Brookings Institution Press.							

2. Bertsch, G., Gahlaut, S., & Srivastava, A. (2013). *Engaging India: US strategic relations with the world's largest democracy*. Routledge.
3. Bindra, S. S. (2005). *US Foreign Policy Process*. Deep and Deep Publications.
4. Hewitt, V., & Hewitt, V. M. (1997). *The new international politics of South Asia*. Manchester University Press.
5. Jain, S. C. (Ed.). (2006). *Emerging Economies and The Transformation of International Business: Brazil, Russia, India and China (BRICs)*. Edward Elgar Publishing.
6. Kanet, R., & Piet, R. (Eds.). (2014). *Shifting Priorities in Russia's Foreign and Security Policy*. Ashgate Publishing, Ltd.
7. Kissinger, H., & Wellings, V. (1969). *American foreign policy*. Royal Victorian Institute for the Blind Tertiary Resource Service.
8. Kochanek, S. A. (1993). *US Foreign Policy in South Asia*. Pakistan Horizon, 17-25.
9. Kolko, G. (1988). *Confronting the Third World: United States Foreign Policy, 1945-1980*. Pantheon.
10. Kux, D. (1992). *India and the United States: Estranged Democracies, 1941-1991*. DIANE Publishing.
11. Nayar, B. R. (2001). *India and the Major Powers After Pokharan II*. Har-Anand Publications.
12. Nayar, B. R., & Paul, T. V. (2003). *India in the World Order: Searching for Major-Power Status*. Cambridge University Press.
13. Nygren, B. (2007). *The rebuilding of Greater Russia: Putin's foreign policy towards the CIS countries (Vol. 4)*. Routledge.
14. Pant, H. V., & Joshi, Y. (2015). *The US Pivot and Indian Foreign Policy: Asia's Evolving Balance of Power*. Palgrave Macmillan.
15. Racioppi, L. (1994). *Soviet policy towards South Asia since 1970 (No. 91)*. Cambridge University Press.
16. Rudolph, L. I., & Rudolph, S. H. (2008). *Making US foreign policy toward South Asia: regional imperatives and the imperial presidency*. Indiana University Press.
17. Zhao, Q. (1996). *Interpreting Chinese foreign policy: The Micro-Macro Linkage Approach*. Oxford University Press.
18. Zheng, B. (2006). *China's peaceful rise: speeches of Zheng Bijian, 1997-2005*. Brookings Institution Press.
19. Starr, S. F., & Dawisha, K. (2015). *The International Politics of Eurasia: v. 4: The Making of Foreign Policy in Russia and the New States of Eurasia*. Routledge.
20. Suryadinata, L. (1978). *Overseas Chinese in Southeast Asia and China's Foreign Policy: An Interpretive Essay (No. 11)*. Institute of Southeast Asian.
21. Sutter, R. G. (2011). *Historical dictionary of Chinese foreign policy*. Scarecrow Press.

#### Additional Readings:

1. Freire, M. R., & Kanet, R. E. (Eds.). (2012). *Russia and its Near Neighbours*. Palgrave Macmillan.
2. Goswami, A. (2012). *3 D Deceit, Duplicity & Dissimulation of US Foreign Policy Towards India, Pakistan & Afghanistan*. Author House.
3. McMahan, R. J. (1988). United States Cold War Strategy in South Asia: Making a Military Commitment to Pakistan, 1947-1954. *The Journal of American History*, 812-840.
4. Rocca, C. B. (2005). United States policy towards South Asia. *DISAM Journal of International Security Assistance Management*, 28, 99-103.
5. Rumer, E. B., Trenin, D., & Zhao, H. (2007). *Central Asia: Views from Washington, Moscow, and Beijing*. ME Sharpe.
6. Scalapino, R. A. (1988). *Asia and the major powers: domestic politics and foreign policy (No. 28)*. Institute of East Asian Studies, University of California.
7. Scobell, A., Ratner, E., & Beckley, M. (2014). *China's Strategy Toward South and Central Asia*. Rand Corporation.
8. Smith, D. (2010). *The Dragon and the Elephant: China, India and the New World Order*. Profile Books.
9. Van Hollen, C. (1980). The Tilt Policy Revisited: Nixon-Kissinger Geopolitics and South Asia. *Asian Survey*, 339-361.
10. Varma, S. P., & Misra, K. P. (Eds.). (1969). *Foreign Policies in South Asia (Vol. 2)*. Associated Faculty Press Inc.

#### Journals:

1. Armijo, L. E. (2007). The BRICs countries (Brazil, Russia, India, and China) as analytical category: mirage or insight? *Asian Perspective*, 7-42.
2. Chiriyankandath, J. (2004). Realigning India: Indian foreign policy after the Cold War. *The Round Table*, 93(374), 199-211.
3. Christensen, T. J. (2006). Fostering stability or creating a monster? The rise of China and US policy toward East Asia. *International security*, 31(1), 81-126.
4. Guihong, Z. (2003). US security policy towards South Asia after September 11 and its implications for China: A Chinese perspective. *Strategic Analysis*, 27(2), 145-171.
5. Kanamori, T. (2007). Managing Globalization: Lessons from China and India (review). *ASEAN Economic Bulletin*, 24(3), 374-376.
6. Mohan, C. R. (2006). India and the Balance of Power. *Foreign Affairs-New York*, 85(4), 17.
7. Wuthnow, J. (2008). The concept of soft power in China's strategic discourse. *Issues & Studies*, 44(2), 1-28.

#### Web Sites:

1. South Asia Analysis Group
2. Asian Survey
3. Government & Politics Of South Asia (Columbia University Libraries)

Course Title: Introduction to Security Studies	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks	
Course Code: SCA. 665		4	0	0	4	100	
Unit I: Foundation of Security Studies		16 hours					
Concepts of security, origin, types of security, elements of security, Balance of power, Security Dilemma; Offense- Defence Balance							
Unit II: Theoretical Concept		16 hours					
Strategic Thinkers- Kautilya, Sun Tzu, Thucydides Theories of security: Realism, Liberalism and Constructivism							
Unit III: Emerging Security Threats		16 hours					
International terrorism, Arms Proliferation, Drug and Human trafficking and Maritime security threats							
Unit IV: War, Conflict and Peace Building		16 hours					
World Wars Causes and Consequences, Cold War and Security Dilemma, Conflicts-Concept, Types and Resolution; Peace Building- Geneva Convention, Hague Convention and Role of UN in the Peace Building							

#### Essential Readings:

1. Buzan, B. (2008). *People, states & fear: an agenda for international security studies in the post-cold war era*. ECPR Press.
2. Buzan, B., & Hansen, L. (2009). *The evolution of international security studies*. Cambridge University Press.
3. Bellamy, Alex J. (2006). Whither the responsibility to protect? Humanitarian intervention and the 2005 World Summit." *Ethics & International Affairs*, 20.2, 143-169.
4. David A. Baldwin. (1995). Security Studies and the End of the Cold War. *World Politics*, Vol. 48, No. 1, pp.117-141.
5. David A. Baldwin. (1997). The Concept of Security." *Review of International Studies*, Vol. 23, 5-26. 5.
6. Raju G.C. Thomas. (2003). What Is Third World Security? *Annual Review of Political Science*, Vol. 6 (2003), pp. 205-32.
7. Walt, S. M. (1991). The renaissance of security studies. *International Studies Quarterly*, 211-239.
8. Walter, Barbara F., and Jack L. Snyder. (1999). *Civil wars, insecurity, and intervention*. Columbia University Press.
9. Walzer, Michael. (1992). "Justice and injustice in the Gulf War." But was it just: 1-17. More Readings will be added later.
10. Collins, A. (2013). *Contemporary security studies*. Oxford university press.
11. Krause, K., & Williams, M. C. (Eds.). (1997). *Critical security studies: concepts and cases*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press.
12. Terriff, T., Croft, S., James, L., & Morgan, P. (2000). *Security studies today*. Polity.
13. Williams, P. D. (2012). *Security Studies: an introduction*. Routledge.
14. Paris, R. (2004). *At war's end: building peace after civil conflict*. Cambridge University Press.
15. Robert A. Pape. (1996). *Bombing to Win*, Ithaca: Cornell University Press, , pp. 1- 54.

#### Additional Readings:

1. Elman, C. (1996). Cause, effect, and consistency: A response to Kenneth Waltz. *Security Studies*, 6(1), 58-61.
2. Farrell, T. (2002). Constructivist security studies: Portrait of a research program. *International Studies Review*, 49-72.
3. Floyd, R. (2007). Towards a consequentialist evaluation of security: bringing together the Copenhagen and the Welsh Schools of security studies. *Review of International Studies*, 33(02), 327-350.

#### Journals:

1. Jervis, Robert. (1985). From balance to concert: a study of international security cooperation." *World Politics*, 38.01, 58-79.
2. Lake, David A. (2001). Beyond anarchy: The Importance of Security Institutions. *International Security*, 26.1, 129-160
3. Lynn-Jones, S. M. (1995). Offense-Defense Theory and its Critics. *Security Studies*, 4(4), 660-691.
4. MacFarlane, S. N., & Weiss, T. G. (1992). Regional organizations and regional security. *Security Studies*, 2(1), 6-37.
5. Newman, E. (2010). Critical human security studies. *Review of International Studies*, 36(01), 77-94.
6. Parekh, Bhikhu. (1997). "Rethinking humanitarian intervention." *International Political Science Review* 18.1, 49-69.
7. Robert Jervis, (2002). An Interim Assessment of September 11: What has Changed and What has not. *Political Science Quarterly*, Vol. 117(1), pp.34-54.
8. Sjoberg, L. (2009). Introduction to security studies: Feminist contributions. *Security Studies*, 18(2), 183-213.
9. Snyder, Glenn H. (1984). The security dilemma in alliance politics. *World politics*, 36.(04), 461-495.
10. Zaman, R. U. (2006). Kautilya: the Indian strategic thinker and Indian strategic culture. *Comparative Strategy*, 25(3), 231-247.
11. Bellamy, Alex J. (2006). Whither the responsibility to protect? Humanitarian intervention and the 2005 World Summit. *Ethics & International Affairs*, 20.2 (2006): 143-169

#### Web Sites:

1. [http://web.mit.edu/ssp/publications/conf\\_reports/china\\_rising\\_workshop\\_report.pdf](http://web.mit.edu/ssp/publications/conf_reports/china_rising_workshop_report.pdf)

Course Title: Government and Politics of Central Asia	Lecture Hours-64	L	T	P	CR	Marks
		2	0	0	2	100
Course Code: SCA. 680						
Unit I: Central Asia		16 hours				
Concept of Central Asia, Central Asia Under Colonialism; Emergence of Central Asia; Political Legacy of Russia.						
Unit II Government and Politics I		16 hours				
Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan: Parliament; Government; Political Parties; Pressure Groups and Interests Groups.						
Unit III: Government and Politics II		16 hours				
Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, and Kyrgyzstan: Parliament; Government, Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Interests Groups.						
Unit IV: Democratic Trends in Central Asia 16 hours						
Authoritarian vs democratic set up; Free and fair elections, Democratic role of political parties; Government effectiveness and accountability; Political participation; Decentralisation						
Essential Readings:						
1. Cooley, A. (2012). <i>Great games, local rules: the new great power contest in Central Asia</i> . Oxford University Press.						
2. Ekiert, G., & Hanson, S. E. (2003). <i>Capitalism and democracy in Central and Eastern Europe: Assessing the Legacy of Communist Rule</i> . Cambridge University Press.						
3. Gleason, G. (1997). <i>The Central Asian states: discovering independence</i> . Westview Press.						
4. Hopkirk, P. (1994). <i>The great game: The struggle for empire in Central Asia</i> . Oxford University Press.						
5. Hunter, S. (1996). <i>Central Asia since independence (No. 168)</i> . Praeger Pub Text.						
6. Luong, P. J. (2002). <i>Institutional change and political continuity in Post-Soviet Central Asia: power, perceptions, and pacts</i> . Cambridge University Press.						
7. Luong, P. J. (2004). <i>The transformation of Central Asia: States and societies from Soviet rule to independence</i> . Cornell University Press.						
8. Wooden, A. E., & Stefes, C. H. (Eds.). (2009). <i>The politics of transition in Central Asia and the Caucasus: Enduring Legacies and Emerging Challenges</i> . Routledge.						
9. Omelicheva, M. Y. (2015). <i>Democracy in Central Asia: Competing Perspectives and Alternative Strategies</i> . University Press of Kentucky.						
10. Pierce, R. A. (1960). <i>Russian Central Asia, 1867-1917: A Study in Colonial Rule</i> . University of California Press.						
Additional Readings:						
1. Capisani, G. R. (2000). <i>The handbook of Central Asia: a comprehensive survey of the new republics</i> . IB Tauris.						
2. Collins, K. (2003). The political role of clans in Central Asia. <i>Comparative Politics</i> , 171-190.						
3. Roy, O. (2000). <i>The new Central Asia: the creation of nations (Vol. 15)</i> . IB Tauris.						

4. Starr, S. F. (1994). *The legacy of history in Russia and the new states of Eurasia*. ME Sharpe Inc.

Journals:

1. Anderson, J. (1995). Authoritarian political development in Central Asia: the case of Turkmenistan. *Central Asian Survey*, 14(4), 509-527.
2. Anderson, J. (1997). Elections and political development in Central Asia. *The Journal of Communist Studies and Transition Politics*, 13(4), 28-53.
3. Kubicek, P. (1998). Authoritarianism in Central Asia: curse or cure?. *Third World Quarterly*, 19(1), 29-43.
4. Mallinson, K. (2012). The politics of transition in Central Asia and the Caucasus: enduring legacies and emerging challenges. *Central Asian Survey*, 31(1), 109-111.
5. Matveeva, A. (1999). Democratization, legitimacy and political change in Central Asia. *International Affairs*, 75(1), 23-44.
6. Rose, R. (2002). How Muslims view democracy: evidence from Central Asia. *Journal of Democracy*, 13(4), 102-111.
7. Zakaria, F. (1997). The rise of illiberal democracy. *Foreign Affairs*, 76(6), 22-43.

Web Sites:

1. The Economist
2. Global Issues
3. Central Asia – Caucasus Institute: Silk Road Studies Programme
4. Central Asian Survey



Course Title: Contemporary Security Environment in Central Asia	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks	
Course Code: SCA. 681		4	0	0	4	100	
Unit I: Central Asian Security		16 hours					
Concept of Central Asia, Geostrategic and Geopolitical Salience of the Region, Emerging Security Threats; Regional Security Architecture, Security Dilemma of Central Asia, Military Balance and Deterrence of Central Asian states.							
Unit II: Central Asia Security		16 hours					
Concept of Central Asia, Geostrategic and Geopolitical Salience of the Region, Emerging Security Threats and Regional Security Architecture, Military Balance of Central Asia, Defence capability and potential of Central Asian states							
Unit III:		16 hours					
Afghanistan Security Conundrum; Post -2014 Regional Security; Impacts on South and Central Asia							
Unit IV: External Powers and Regional Security		16 hours					
Extra regional powers' geostrategic and geopolitical interests in South and Central Asia; Impact on regional security							
<p>Essential Readings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allison, R., &amp; Jonson, L. (Eds.). (2004). <i>Central Asian security: the new international context</i>. Brookings Institution Press.</li> <li>Blank, S. J. (2013). <i>Central Asia After 2014</i>. Army War College Carlisle Barracks PA Strategic Studies Institute.</li> <li>Buzan, Barry and Ole Waever. (2003). <i>Regions and Powers: The Structure of International Security</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>Clark, S. (1993). <i>The Central Asian States: Defining Security Priorities and Developing Military Forces (No. IDA-P-2886)</i>. Institute For Defense Analyses Alexandria Va.</li> <li>Hafeez Malik. (1996). <i>Central Asia: Its Strategic Importance and Future Prospects</i>. Macmillan.</li> <li>Swanström, N. (2010). Traditional and Non-Traditional Security Threats in Central Asia: Connecting the New and the Old. In <i>China and Eurasia forum quarterly</i> (Vol. 8, No. 2, pp. 35-51).</li> <li>Wishnick, E. (2002). <i>Growing US Security Interests in Central Asia</i>. DIANE Publishing.</li> <li>Lewis, D. (2008). <i>The temptations of tyranny in Central Asia</i>. Columbia University Press.</li> </ol>							

9. Luong, P. J. (2002). *Institutional Change and Political Continuity in Post-Soviet Central Asia: Power, Perceptions, and Pacts*. Cambridge University Press.
10. Jackson, N. J. (2005). The Trafficking of Narcotics, Arms and Humans in Post-Soviet Central Asia:(mis) perceptions, Policies and Realities. *Central Asian Survey*, 24(1), 39-52.

Additional Readings:

1. Nacos, B. L. (2007). *Mass-mediated terrorism: The Central Role of the Media in Terrorism and Counterterrorism*. Rowman & Littlefield.
2. Omelicheva, M. (2013). Terrorism in Central Asia. *Education About Asia*, 18(3).
3. Omelicheva, M. Y. (2010). The Ethnic Dimension of Religious Extremism and Terrorism in Central Asia. *International Political Science Review*, 31(2), 167-186.
4. Rashid, A. (2002). *Taliban: Islam, oil and the new great game in Central Asia*. IB Tauris.
5. SIPRI Reports
6. IDSA Publications (Reports, Briefing Papers etc)

Journals:

1. Allison, R. (2004). Regionalism, regional structures and security management in Central Asia. *International Affairs*, 80(3), 463-483.
2. Allison, R. (2004). Strategic reassertion in Russia's Central Asia policy. *International Affairs*, 80(2), 277-293.
3. Allison, R. (2008). Virtual regionalism, regional structures and regime security in Central Asia. *Central Asian Survey*, 27(2), 185-202.
4. Blank, S. (2008, May). Rethinking central Asian security. In *China and Eurasia Forum Quarterly* (Vol. 2, No. 2, p. 26).
5. Cornell, S. E. (1999). Geopolitics and strategic alignments in the Caucasus and Central Asia. Perceptions. *Journal of International Affairs*, 4(2).
6. Cornell, S. E. (2005). Narcotics, radicalism, and armed conflict in Central Asia: the Islamic movement of Uzbekistan. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 17(4), 619-639.
7. Cornell, S. E. (2006). The narcotics threat in Greater Central Asia: from crime-terror nexus to state infiltration. In *China and Eurasia Forum Quarterly* (Vol. 4, No. 1, pp. 37-67).
8. Cornell, S. E., & Spector, R. A. (2002). Central Asia: More than Islamic Extremists. *Washington Quarterly*, 25(1), 193-206.
9. Fuller, G. E. (1994). Central Asia: the quest for identity. *Current History*, 93(582), 145.
10. MacFarlane, S. N. (2004). The United States and Regionalism in Central Asia. *International Affairs*, 80(3), 447-461.
11. Makarenko, T. (2000). Crime and terrorism in Central Asia. *Janes Intelligence Review*, 12(7), 16-17.
12. Makarenko, T. (2002). Crime, terror and the Central Asian drug trade. *Harvard Asia Quarterly*, 6(3), 1-24.
13. Makarenko, T. (2002). The changing dynamics of Central Asian terrorism. *Janes Intelligence Review*, 14(2), 36-39.
14. Maksutov, R. (2006). The Shanghai Cooperation Organization: A Central Asian Perspective. SIPRI project paper, 8-10.
15. McCoy, A. (2003). The Politics of Heroin: CIA Complicity in the Global Drug Trade, Afghanistan, Southeast Asia, Central America.
16. Mesbahi, M. (1993). Russian foreign policy and security in Central Asia and the Caucasus. *Central Asian Survey*, 12(2), 181-215.

Web Sites:

1. Asian Survey (Journal)
2. International Security (Journal)
3. Strategic Analysis (Journal)
4. Foreign Affairs (Journal)
- 11.

Course Title: Environmental Governance in South and Central Asia	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 682		4	0	0	4	100
Unit I: Discourses and Global Environmental Politics: Actors, Structures and Regimes 22 hours						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Critical Perspectives on ‘One World’ Discourses</li> <li>ii. International Relations theories: an introduction</li> <li>iii. Nation- States: the difficult task of promoting national interest and defending state sovereignty in a complex and interdependent world</li> <li>iv. International Organizations: managing interdependence</li> <li>v. Non-governmental Organization and Corporations: vying for influence in the political and policy process</li> <li>vi. International cooperation and regime formation</li> <li>vii. Development of environmental regimes: an overview</li> <li>viii. Effectiveness of Environmental Regimes: compliance with international law?</li> </ul>						
Unit II Key Theories, Concepts and Frames 16 hours						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. The state of the global environment: ecological pressures and their drivers (Demography, Degradation of the Biosphere, Deforestation, Global Warming, Energy), and an overview of the social, economic and political dimensions of global environmental change</li> <li>ii. From Stockholm to Rio + 20: Four decades of global environmental policy</li> <li>iii. From Rio to Johannesburg: the rise and the contestation of the sustainable development paradigm</li> </ul>						
Unit III: Environmental Governance in South and Central Asia 16 hours						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Environmental Governance (regime) in South Asia (in particular water, air, waste management, and specifically ozone depletion, global warming/Climate change)</li> <li>ii. Environmental Governance (regime) in Central Asia (in particular water, air, waste management, and specifically ozone depletion, global warming/Climate change)</li> </ul>						
Unit IV: The Governance Dilemma 10 hours						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Alternative paradigms. Environment and Security: new and old ‘environmental wars’. Ecological justice: dilemmas over conservation, development and poverty</li> <li>ii. The challenge of conceptualization of global/regional environmental governance</li> </ul>						
Essential Readings:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Agrawal, Anil. (2002). <i>A Southern Perspective on Curbing Global Climate Change,</i>” in S. Schneider, A. Rosencranz, and J. Niles (eds.). <i>Climate Change Policy: A Survey.</i> Island Press: Washington, DC,.</li> <li>2. Axelrod, R.; Vandever, Stacy D. &amp;Downie D. (eds.). (2010). <i>The Global Environment: Institutions, Law and Policy</i> (3rd ed.). CQ Press.</li> <li>3. Biermann, Frank, and Philipp H. Pattberg, (eds.). (2012). <i>Global Environmental Governance Reconsidered.</i> MIT Press.</li> <li>4. Chasek, P.; Downie, D. &amp; Welsh Brown, J. (2010). <i>Global Environmental Politics (Dilemmas in World Politics) (5th ed.)</i>. Westview Press, 2010.</li> <li>5. Chayes, Abram and Antonia Handler Chayes. (1995). <i>The New Sovereignty: Compliance with International Regulatory Agreements.</i> Harvard University Press: Cambridge.</li> </ol>						

6. Clapp, Jennifer, and Peter Dauvergne. (2008). *Paths to a Green World the Political Economy of the Global Environment*. MIT Press, 2008.
7. Clark, William C. (1989). *Managing Planet Earth*. *Scientific American*, 261(3): 47-54, 1989.
8. Dryzek, S. John S. (2005). *The Politics of Earth: Environmental Discourses (2<sup>nd</sup>ed.)*. OUP Oxford.
9. Escobar, Arturo. (1995). *Encountering Development*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
10. Hajer, Maarten A. (1995). *The Politics of Environmental discourse: Ecological Modernization and the Policy Process*. Clarendon Press.
11. Hoffmann, Matthew J. Global Climate Change. (2013). *The Handbook of Global Climate and Environment Policy*. John Wiley & Sons.
12. Jasanoff, Sheila and Marybeth Long Martello, (eds.). (2004). *Earthly Politics: Local and Global in Environmental Governance*. MIT Press.
13. Miller, Clark. (2003). *Knowledge and Accountability in Global Governance: Justice on the Biofrontier*, in M. Tetreault and R. Teske (eds.). *Partial Truths*. Richmond: University of South Carolina Press, 2003.
14. Mitchell, Ronald B. (2011). *International Politics and the Environment*. London: SAGE.
15. Mukherjee, Sacchidananda and Debashis Chakraborty. (2015). *Environmental Challenges and Governance: Diverse Perspectives from Asia*. Routledge.
16. O'Neill, Kate. (2009). *The Environment and International Relations*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

#### Additional Readings:

1. Conca, Ken, and Dabelko, Geoffrey D. (2010). *Green Planet Blues: Four Decades of Global Environmental Politics (4th ed.)*. Boulder, CO: Westview Press.
2. Guha, Ramachandra. (1997). The Authoritarian Biologist and the Arrogance of Anti-Humanism: Wildlife Conservation in the Third World. *The Ecologist*, 27, 1997, pp. 14-20.
3. Harre, Rom, Jens Brockmeier, and Peter Muhlhauser. (1999). *Greenspeak: A Study of Environmental Discourse*. Sage Publications.
4. Keohane, Robert. (2000). Governance in a Partially Globalized World. Presidential Address, *American Political Science Association*.
5. Koontz, Tomas M., Toddi A. Steelman, JoAnn Carmin, et. al. (2004). *Collaborative Environmental Management: What roles for Government – I*. Routledge, 2004.
6. Marsden, Simon and Elizabeth Brandon. (2015). *Transboundary Environmental Governance in Asia: Practice and Prospects with the UNECE Agreements*. Edward Elgar Publishing Limited.
7. Miller, Clark A. (2004). *Climate Science and the Making of Global Political Order*. in S. Jasanoff (ed.). *States of Knowledge*. London: Routledge.
8. Sachs, Wolfgang. (1991). *Planet Dialectics*. New York: Zed Books.
9. Steinberg, Paul F., and Stacy D. Van Deveer (eds.). (2012). *Comparative Environmental Politics: Theory, Practice, and Prospects*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
10. Bengtsson, Gunnar. (2010). *Global Trends in Chemicals Management*. In *Regulating Chemical Risks*. Springer Netherlands, pages 179-215

#### Journals:

1. Benton, Lisa M. and John Rennie Short. (2000). *Environmental Discourses and Practice: A Reader*. Wiley.
2. Ostrom, Elinor, (et al.). (1999). Revisiting the Commons: Local Lessons, Global Challenges. *Science*, 284.5412, 278-282.
3. Vogler, John. (2012). Global Commons Revisited. *Global Policy*, 3.1, 61-71.
4. Weingart, Peter, Anita Engels, and Petra Pansegrau.(2000). Risks of Communication: Discourses on Climate Change in Science, Politics, and the Media. *Public Understanding of Science*, 9 (2000), 261-283.
5. Winkler, Harald, and Judy Beaumont. (2010). Fair and effective multilateralism in the post-Copenhagen climate negotiations. *Climate Policy*, 10.6, 638-654.

#### Web Sites:

1. Central Asia – Caucasus Institute: Silk Road Studies Programme
2. Central Asian Survey

Course Title: Society and Culture in South and Central Asia	64 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks
Course Code: SCA. 683		4	0	0	4	100
Unit I: South Asia Social Institutions		16 hours				
Social institutions: Society; Family; Marriage and Kinship.						
Unit II: Urbanization and Social Change		16 hours				
Urbanization: Rural Urban Dichotomy and Rural Urban Continuum, Modernization, Development and Displacement and Social Change						
Unit III:		16 hours				
Religion and Society in South Asia; Secularization and Modernization; Westernization and Sanskritization; Dichotomy of Tradition and Modernity; Changing Social Ethos.						
Unit IV: Post Liberalization – Social and Cultural Challenges		16 hours				
Post Liberalization: Emerging Social and Cultural Challenges; Emerging Social Problems: Social Inclusion and Exclusion: Social Justice and Marginalized Groups						
<p>Essential Readings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anderson, B. (1983). <i>Imagined Communities</i>. London: Verso.</li> <li>Appadurai, Arjun. (1996). <i>Modernity at Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization</i>. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Bhabani Sengupta. (1988). <i>South Asian Perspective: Seven Nations in Conflict and Cooperation</i>. Michigan: B.R. Pub. Corporation.</li> <li>Chopra, Radhika, Caroline Osella and Filippo Osella. (2004). <i>South Asian Masculinities: Context of Change, Sites of Continuity</i>. New Delhi: Women Unlimited.</li> <li>David Mandelbaum. (1984). <i>Society in India</i>. Bombay: Popular Books.</li> <li>Dipankar Gupta (ed.). (1992). <i>Social Stratification</i>. New Delhi.</li> <li>Guha, Ranajit. (1982). <i>Subaltern Studies – I: Writings on South Asian History and Society</i>. Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Hobsbawm, E.J. (1980). <i>Nations and Nationalism</i>. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Oddic, G.A. (1977). <i>Religion in South Asia</i>. New Delhi: Manohar.</li> </ol> <p>Additional Readings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oommen, T.K. (1995). <i>Alien Concepts and South Asian Reality</i>. New Delhi: Sage.</li> </ol>						

2. Phadanis, U and RajatGanguly. (2001). *Ethnicity and Nation Building in South Asia*. SagePublications Pvt. Ltd.
3. R.E. Frykenberg (ed.). (1977). *Land Tenure and Peasants in South Asia*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
4. Sharma S.L. & T.K. Oommen. (2000). *Nation and National Identity in South Asia*. New Delhi:Orient Longman..
5. Singer, Milton (ed.). (1973). *Entrepreneurship and Modernization of Occupational Cultures in South Asia*. Durham: Duke University Press.

Journals:

1. Society and Culture in South Asia - SAGE Publications Inc
2. The Asian Society
3. Project Muse

Web Sites:

1. Library of congress
2. Central Asian survey
3. Asian Survey

Course Title:	32 Lecture Hours	L	T	P	CR	Marks	
Foreign Policies of Major Powers and Central Asia		2	0	0	2	100	
Course Code: SCA. 684							
Unit I: United States Foreign Policy		16 hours					
US Geopolitical and Geostrategic Interests; US Foreign Policy and Central Asia							
Unit II: China Foreign Policy		16 hours					
China's Geopolitical and Geostrategic Interests; China Foreign Policy and Central Asia							
Unit III: Russia 16 hours							
Russia's Geopolitical and Geostrategic Interests; Russia's Foreign Policy and Central Asia							
Unit IV: Geopolitics of Central Asia 16 Hours							
Regional Players in Central Asia; New Great Game, Reciprocation of Central Asia.							
Essential Readings:							
1. Ahrari, M. E. (2001). <i>Jihadi Groups, Nuclear Pakistan, and the New Great Game</i> . Army War Coll Strategic Studies Inst Carlisle Barracks Pa.							

2. Allison, R., & Jonson, L. (Eds.). (2004). *Central Asian Security: The New International Context*. Brookings Institution Press.
3. Banuazizi, A. (1994). *The New Geopolitics of Central Asia and its Borderlands*. Indiana University Press.
4. Brzezinski, Z. (1997). *The Grand Chessboard (Vol. 1)*. New York: Basic Books.
5. Clarke, M. E. (2011). *Xinjiang and China's Rise in Central Asia-A History*. Taylor & Francis.
6. Cohen, A. (1996). *The New Great Game. Oil Politics in the Caucasus and Central Asia*.
7. Cohen, A. (2006). *The Dragon Looks West*. China and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization. Heritage Foundation.
8. Cooley, A. (2012). *Great games, Local Rules: The New Great Power Contest in Central Asia*. Oxford University Press.
9. Denoon, D. B. (Ed.). (2015). *China, The United States, and the Future of Central Asia: US-China Relations (Vol. 1)*. NYU Press.
10. Ehteshami, A. (1994). *From the Gulf to Central Asia: Players in The New Great Game*. University of Exeter Press.
11. Jonson, L. (2006). *Tajikistan in the New Central Asia: Geopolitics, Great Power Rivalry and Radical Islam (Vol. 2)*. Ibtauris.
12. Karasac, H. (2002). Actors of the new 'Great Game', Caspian oil politics. *Journal of Southern Europe and the Balkans*, 4(1), 15-27.
13. Kavalski, E. (2012). *Central Asia and the rise of normative powers: contextualizing the security governance of the European Union, China, and India*. Bloomsbury Publishing USA.
14. Laruelle, M., & Balci, B. (2010). *China and India in Central Asia: A New Great Game?*. Palgrave Macmillan
15. Laruelle, M., & Peyrouse, S. (2013). *Globalizing Central Asia: Geopolitics and the Challenges of Economic Development*. ME Sharpe.
16. Laruelle, M., & Peyrouse, S. (Eds.). (2011). *Mapping central Asia: Indian perceptions and strategies*. Ashgate Publishing, Ltd..
17. Mahdi, A. (2012). *Energy and US Foreign Policy: The Quest for Resource Security After the Cold War*. IB Tauris.
18. Marketos, T. N. (2008). *China's Energy Geopolitics: The Shanghai Cooperation Organization and Central Asia*. Routledge.
19. Mocanu, A. (2007). *The Economic Dimension of Russian Foreign Policy in Central Asia after 9/11: Pursuing and Promoting Energy Diplomacy*. Editura Lumen.
20. Oliker, O., & Shlapak, D. A. (2006). *US Interests in Central Asia: Policy Priorities and Military Roles*. Rand Corporation.
21. Petersen, A., & Barysch, K. (2011). *Russia, China and the Geopolitics of Energy in Central Asia*. Centre for European Reform.
22. Robinson, T. W. (1995). *Chinese Foreign Policy: Theory and Practice*. Oxford University Press.

Additional Readings:

1. Amineh, M. P., & Polo, M. (1992). Globalisation, geopolitics and energy security in central Eurasia and the Caspian region. *The New York Times*.
2. Banuazizi, A. (1994). *The New geopolitics of Central Asia and Its Borderlands*. Indiana University Press.
3. Cooley, A. (2012). The New Great Game in Central Asia. *Foreign Affairs*, 7.
4. Hopkirk, P. (1994). *The Great Game: The Struggle for Empire in Central Asia*. Oxford University Press.
5. Kleveeman, L. (2004). *The New Great Game: Blood and Oil in Central Asia*. Grove Press.
6. MacFarlane, S. N. (2004). The United States and Regionalism in Central Asia. *International Affairs*, 80(3), 447-461.
7. Rashid, A. (2002). *Taliban: Islam, oil and the new great game in Central Asia*. IB Tauris.
8. Scobell, A., Ratner, E., & Beckley, M. (2014). *China's Strategy Toward South and Central Asia*. Rand Corporation.
9. Snyder, J. C. (Ed.). (2002). *After Empire: The Emerging Geopolitics of Central Asia*. The Minerva Group, Inc..
10. Vanhove, E. A. (1997). *US Foreign Policy in the Caucasus and Central Asia: Pipeline Politics and the National Interest*. Naval Postgraduate School Monterey Ca.

Journals:

1. Ahrari, M. E. (1994). The dynamics of the new great game in Muslim Central Asia. *Central Asian Survey*, 13(4), 525-539.
2. Allison, R. (2004). Strategic reassertion in Russia's Central Asia policy. *International Affairs*, 80(2), 277-293.
3. Bahgat, G. (2002). Pipeline Diplomacy: The Geopolitics of the Caspian Sea Region. *International Studies Perspectives*, 3(3), 310-327.
4. Blank, S. (2003). India's Rising Profile in Central Asia. *Comparative Strategy*, 22(2), 139-157.
5. Bohr, A. (2004). Regionalism in Central Asia: New Geopolitics, Old Regional Order. *International Affairs*, 80(3), 485-502.
6. Cabestan, J. P. (2013). The Shanghai Cooperation Organization, Central Asia, and the Great Powers, an Introduction: One Bed, Different Dreams?. *Asian Survey*, 53(3), 423-
7. Dorian, J. P. (2006). Central Asia: A Major Emerging Energy Player in the 21st Century. *Energy Policy*, 34(5), 544-555.
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11. MacFarlane, S. N. (2004). The United States and Regionalism in Central Asia. *International Affairs*, 80(3), 447-461.
12. Menon, R. (2003). The new great game in Central Asia. *Survival*, 45(2), 187-204.
13. Olcott, M. B. (2005). The Great Powers in Central Asia. *Current History*, 104(5), 331-335.
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15. Rasizade, A. (2004). Entering the Old “Great Game” in Central Asia. *Orbis*, 47(1), 41-58.
16. Ross, R. S. (1997). Beijing as a Conservative Power. *Foreign Affairs*, 33-44.
17. Rumer, B. (2002). The Powers in Central Asia. *Survival*, 44(3), 57-68.
18. Smith, D. L. (1996). Central Asia: A New Great Game? *Asian Affairs: An American Review*, 23(3), 147-175.
19. Walsh, J. R. (1993). China and the new geopolitics of Central Asia. *Asian Survey*, 272-284.
20. Weitz, R. (2006). Averting a new great game in central Asia. *Washington Quarterly*, 29(3), 155-167.

Web Sites:

1. Foreign Policy
2. FPRC – Foreign Policy Research Journal
3. China in Central Asia
4. Asian Survey