CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF PUNJAB BATHINDA



M. Tech Computer Science & Technology (Cyber Security)

Session - 2020-22

Department of Computer Science & Technology

Programme Learning Outcomes

The students will be able to:

- 1. build a rich intellectual potential embedded with inter-disciplinary knowledge, human values and professional ethics among the youth, aspirant of becoming technologists, so that they contribute to society and create a niche for a successful career.
- 2. gain research and development competence to sustain in academia as well as industry
- 3. Produce "Creators of Innovative Technology".



Course Structure of M.Tech CST (Cyber Security) SEMESTER-I

Course	Course Title	Course	Cı	edit l	Hour	:s
Code		Туре	L	T	P	Cr
CBS.512	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	Core	4	0	0	4
CBS.513	Mathematical and Statistical Foundation of Computer Science	Core	4	0	0	4
Elective I	-				1	
CBS.506	Ethical Hacking					
CBS.507	Intrusion Detection	Elective/MO	4	0	0	4
CST.508	Machine Learning	OC				
Elective II						
CBS.508	Data Encryption & Network Security	Elective /MO				
CBS.509	Information Theory	Elective/MO OC	4	0	0	4
CBS. 514	Number Theory					
CST.606	Research Methodology and IPR	Foundation	4	0	0	4
XXX.YYY	Opt any one course from the courses offered by the University	IDC	2	0	0	2
CBS.515	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms – Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	1
Elective Lat				•		
CBS.510	Ethical Hacking-Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	1
CBS.511	Intrusion Detection-Lab	Skill Development				
CST.517	Machine Learning-Lab	Skill Development				
Elective Lat						
CBS.520	Data Encryption & Network Security-Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	1
CBS.516	Information Theory-Lab	Skill Development				
CBS.517	Number Theory-Lab	Skill Development				
	Total Credits	-	22	0	6	25

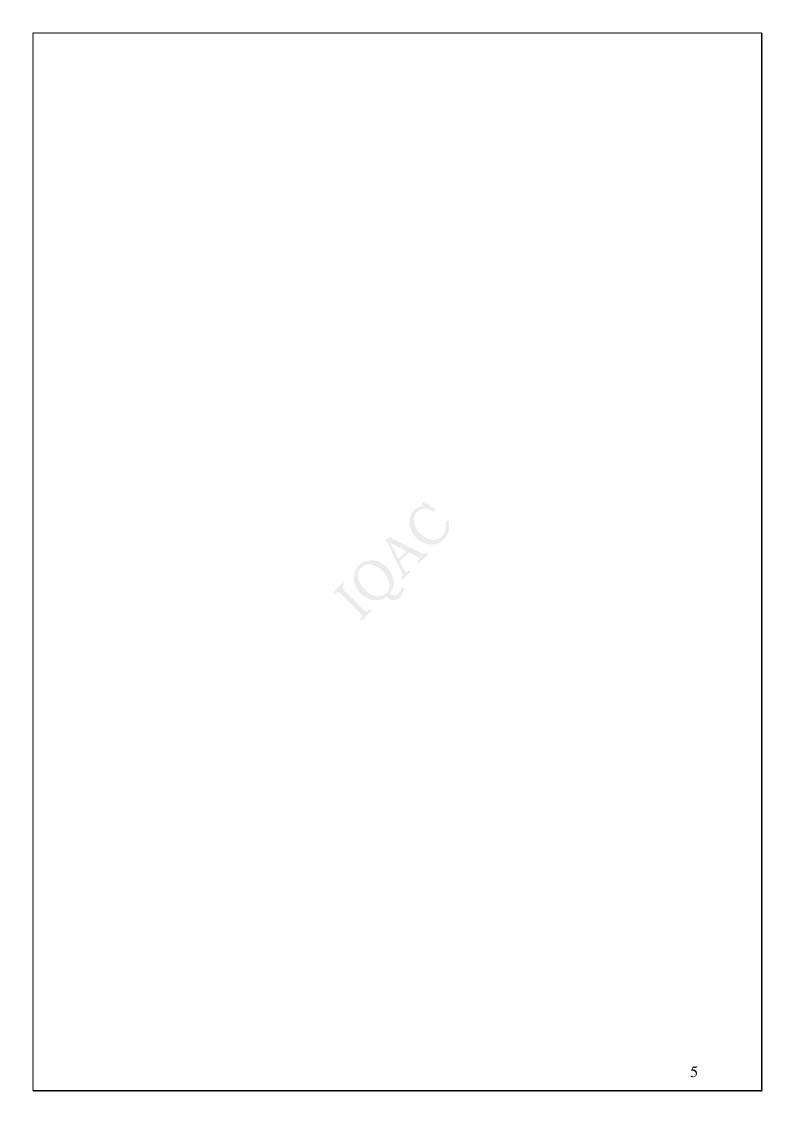
List of IDC for other departments (Semester-I)

DISC OI ID	Dist of IDC for other departments (Semester 1)									
Course	Course Title	Course Type		C	redit	Hou	rs			
Code	Course Title			L	T	P	Cr			
CBS.518	IT Fundamentals	Interdisciplinary courses offered by	by	2	0	0	2			

CBS.519 Total Cred	Programming in C	students of other Departments)	2	0	0	2
		CST Faculty (For				

SEMESTER-II

Course	Course Title	Course	(Credi	t Ho	ırs	
Code		Туре	L	T	P	Cr	
CST.521	Advance Algorithms	Core	4	0	0	4	
CST.522	Soft Computing	Core	4	0	0	4	
Elective II			I				
CBS.521	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engineering						
CBS.522	Steganography						
CBS.523	Secure Software Design & Enterprise Computing		4	0	0	4	
CBS.524	Big Data Analytics and Visualization	Elective/MO OC					
CST.524	Internet of Things						
Elective IV	7						
CBS.527	Digital Forensics						
CBS.525	Secure Coding						
CBS.526	Security Assessment & Risk Analysis	Elective/MO	4	0	0	4	
CST.529	Blockchain Technology	OC					
CBS.530	Quantum Cryptography						
CBS.528	Python Programming for Security Professionals	Skill Development	4	0	0	4	
XXX.YYY	Inter Disciplinary Course (IDC)	Audit Course	2	0	0	2	
Elective La			T	1			
CBS.531	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engineering Lab						
CBS.532	Steganography Lab						
CBS.533	Secure Software Design & Enterprise Computing Lab	Skill Development	0	0 0		1	
CBS.534	Big Data Analytics and Visualization Lab						
CST.534	Internet of Things-Lab						
Elective La			ı	1			
CBS.535	Digital Forensics Lab						
CBS.536	Secure Coding Lab	Q1 ***				1	
CBS.537	Security Assessment & Risk Analysis Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	$2 \mid 1 \mid$	
CST.536	Blockchain Technology Lab						
CBS.538	Quantum Cryptography Lab						
CST.527	Soft Computing-Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	1	
CBS.529	Python Programming for Security Professionals –Lab	Skill Development	0	0	2	1	
	Total Credits		22	0	8	26	



List of IDC for other departments (Semester-II)

Course	Course Title	Course Type	Credit Hou		rs	
Code			L	T	P	Cr
CST.530	Introduction to Digital Logic	Interdisciplina				
CST.531	Multimedia and its Applications	ry courses(For	2	0	0	2
CST.532	Introduction to MatLab	students of other Departments)				
Total Cree	lits	,	2	0	0	2



SEMESTER-III

Course	Course Title	Course Type		Credi	t Hou	rs	
Code			L	T	P	Cr	
CBS.551	Biometric Security						
CST.552	Data Warehousing and Data	•					
001.002	Mining	Discipline	4	0	0	4	
CST.553	Intelligent System	Elective/ MOOC					
CST.554	Mobile Applications & Services						
CBS.552	Cyber Threat Intelligence						
CST 556	CST.556 Cost Management of Engineering Projects Any one Open Elective						
CS1.550			4	0	О	4	
CBS.553	Cyber Law	MOOC#					
CST.557	Software Metrics						
	Opt any one course from the	Value Added either					
XXX.YYY	courses offered by the	Theory* or	1*	0	0	1	
	University	Practical**	0	0	2**		
CBS.559	Capstone Lab	Core	0	0	4	2	
CBS.600	Dissertation/ Industrial Project Core		0	0	20	10	
	Total Credits						

#Students going for Industrial Project/ Thesis will complete these courses through MOOCs

List of Value Added Courses (Semester III)

Course	Course Title	Course Type		Credit Ho			urs
Code				L	T	P	Cr
CST.504	Python Programming##	Value Course	added	0	0	2	1
CBS.504	Report Writing using LaTeX	Value Course	added	0	0	2	1

^{##} for other departments only

SEMESTER-IV

Course	Course Title	Course		Cre	dit Hou	ırs
Code	Course Title	Type	L	T	P	Cr
		Value				
	Opt any one course from	Added	1*	0	0	1
XXX.YYY	the courses offered by the	either as				
	University	Theory* or	0	0	2**	
		Practical**				
CBS.600	Dissertation	Core	0	0	32	16
Total Credits			1*	0	34**	17

List of Value Added Courses (Semester III)

Course	Course Title	Course Type		Credit Ho			urs
Code				L	T	P	Cr
CST.504	Python Programming##	Value Course	added	0	0	2	1
CBS.504	Report Writing using LaTeX	Value Course	added	0	0	2	1

##for other departments only

Mode of Transaction: Lecture, Laboratory based Practical, Seminar, Group discussion, Team teaching, Self-learning.

Evaluation Criteria for Theory Courses

- A. Continuous Assessment: [25 Marks]
 - i. Surprise Test (minimum three) Based on Objective Type Tests (10 Marks)
 - ii. Term paper (10 Marks)
 - iii. Assignment(s) (5 Marks)
- B. Mid Semester Test-1: Based on Subjective Type Test [25 Marks]
- C. End Semester Test-2: Based on Subjective Type Test [25 Marks]
- D. End-Term Exam: Based on Objective Type Tests [25 Marks]

^{*}Every student has to take up two ID courses of 02 credits each (Total 04 credits) from other disciplines in semester I & II of the program and Value Added Course in Semester III and IV.

SEMESTER - I

Course Code: CBS.512

Course Title: Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is to provide the in-depth knowledge of different advance data structures. Students should be able to understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solve problems. To familiarize students with advanced paradigms and data structure used to solve algorithmic problems.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe various types of data structures and list their strengths and weaknesses.
- To classify non-randomized and randomized algorithms.
- To use data structures for various applications.
- To summarize suitable data structure for computational geometry problems.

UNIT I Hours: 14

Algorithms and their complexity, Performance analysis: - Time and space complexity, asymptotic notation. Analyzing recursive algorithms using recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method, Master method.

Divide and Conquer, and Greedy Algorithm Design Methodologies Introduction, Quick sort, Minimum spanning tree, Single source shortest path problem and their performance analysis.

UNIT II Hours: 15

Dynamic Programming and Backtracking Algorithm Design Methodologies Introduction, Traveling salesperson problem, Knapsack problem, multistage graphs, N-Queens problem.

Advanced Data Structures: Binary search trees, Red-Black Trees, B-trees, Fibonacci heaps, Data Structures for Disjoint Sets.

Dictionaries: Definition, Dictionary Abstract Data Type, Implementation of Dictionaries.

Hashing: Review of Hashing, Hash Function, Collision Resolution Techniques in Hashing, Separate Chaining, Open Addressing, Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extendible Hashing.

UNIT III Hours: 16

Advanced String Matching Algorithms Naïve string matching algorithm, Robin-Karp algorithm, string matching with finite automata, Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm.

Skip Lists: Need for Randomizing Data Structures and Algorithms, Search and Update Operations on Skip Lists, Probabilistic Analysis of Skip Lists, Deterministic Skip Lists.

UNIT IV Hours: 15

Graph Algorithms: Elementary graph algorithms, Minimum spanning trees, shortest path algorithms: single source and all pair.

Computational Geometry: One Dimensional Range Searching, Two Dimensional Range Searching, Constructing a Priority Search Tree, Searching a Priority Search Tree, Priority Range Trees, Quadtrees, k-D Trees.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- Collaborative Learning
- Peer Learning/Teaching

- 1. Cormen, T.H., Leiserson, C. E., Rivest, R.L., and Stein, C. (2015). Introduction to Algorithms. New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 2. Sridhar, S. (2014). Design and Analysis of Algorithms. New Delhi: Oxford University Press India.
- 3. Allen Weiss M. (2014). Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 4. Goodrich M.T., Tamassia, R. (2014). Algorithm Design. United States: Wiley.
- 5. Aho, A.V., Hopcroft, J.E. and Ullman, J.D. (2013). Data Structures and Algorithms. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 6. Horowitz, E., Sahni, S. and Rajasekaran, S. (2008). Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms. New Delhi: Galgotia Publications.
- 7. Benoit, Anne, Robert, Yves, Vivien and Frederic. (2014). A guide to algorithm design: Paradigms, methods and complexity analysis. London: CRC Press Taylor & Francis group.
- 8. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Mathematical and Statistical Foundation of Computer

Science

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

To make students understand the mathematical fundamentals that are prerequisites for a variety of courses like Data mining, Network protocols, analysis of Web traffic, Computer security, Software engineering, Bioinformatics, Machine learning. To develop the understanding of the mathematical and logical basis to many modern techniques in information technology like machine learning, programming language design, and concurrency.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the basic notions of discrete and continuous probability.
- To explain the methods of statistical inference, and the role that sampling distributions play in those methods.
- To employ correct and meaningful statistical analyses of simple to moderate complexity problems.
- To categorize the domain specific mathematical models for different analysis.

Unit I 15 hours

Distribution Function: Probability mass, density. Cumulative distribution functions, Probability distributions (Binomial, Poisson and Normal). Expected value, Probabilistic inequalities, Random samples, sampling distributions of estimators Sampling distribution, Kurtosis and Skewness.

Unit II 15 hours

Basic Statistics: Differences between parametric and non- parametric statistics, Univariant and multivariant analysis. Frequency distribution. Mean, Median, Mode, Probability Distribution, Standard deviation, Variation, Standard error, significance testing and levels of significance, One-way and two-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), Critical difference (CD). Introduction to Fuzzy Set Theory

Unit III 15 hours

Statistical inference: Introduction to multivariate statistical models, Multivariate Regression, Multinominal regression and classification problems. Graph Theory: Isomorphism, Planar graphs, graph colouring, Hamilton circuits and Euler cycles. Specialized techniques and Algorithms to solve combinatorial enumeration problems

Unit IV 15 hours

Computer science and engineering applications with any of following area: Data mining, Computer security, Software engineering, Computer architecture, Bioinformatics, Machine learning. Recent Trends in various distribution functions in mathematical field of computer science for varying fields like, soft computing, and computer vision.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- Collaborative Learning
- Peer Learning/Teaching

- 1. Vince, J. (2015). Foundation Mathematics for Computer Science. New York: Springer International Publishing.
- 2. Trivedi, K. S. (2008). Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing, and Computer Science Applications. United states: Wiley.
- 3. Mitzenmacher, M., & Upfal, E. (2017). Probability and Computing: Randomized Algorithms and Probabilistic Analysis. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Tucker, A. (2016). Applied Combinatorics, United State: Wiley.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Title: Ethical Hacking

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is:

- To introduce the concepts of Ethical Hacking.
- Gives the students the opportunity to learn about different tools and techniques in Ethical hacking and security.
- Practically apply Ethical hacking tools to perform various activities.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To explain the core concepts related to vulnerabilities and their causes.
- To discuss ethics behind hacking and vulnerability disclosure.
- To demonstrate the impact of hacking.
- To design methods to extract vulnerabilities related to computer systems and networks using state of the art tools and technologies.

Unit I 13 Hours

Ethical hacking process, Hackers behaviour & mindset, Maintaining Anonymity, Hacking Methodology, Information Gathering, Active and Passive Sniffing, Physical security vulnerabilities and countermeasures. Internal and External testing. Preparation of Ethical Hacking and Penetration Test Reports and Documents.

Unit II 17 Hours

Social Engineering attacks and countermeasures. Password attacks, Privilege Escalation and Executing Applications, Network Infrastructure Vulnerabilities, IP spoofing, DNS spoofing.

Wireless Hacking: Wireless footprint, Wireless scanning and enumeration, Gaining access, (hacking 802.11), WEP, WPA, WPA2.

Unit III 14 Hours

DoS attacks. Web server and application vulnerabilities, SQL injection attacks, Vulnerability Analysis and Reverse Engineering, Buffer overflow attacks. Client-side browser exploits, Exploiting Windows Access Control Model for Local Elevation Privilege. Exploiting vulnerabilities in Mobile Application.

Unit IV 16 Hours

Introduction to Metasploit: Metasploit framework, Metasploit Console, Payloads, Metrpreter, Introduction to Armitage, Installing and using Kali Linux Distribution, Introduction to penetration testing tools in Kali Linux. Case Studies of recent vulnerabilities and attacks.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Blended Learning

- Collaborative Learning
- Experimentation

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Baloch, R. (2015). Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide. London: CRC Press.
- 2. Stuttard, D., and Pinto, M. (2011). The Web Application Hacker's Handbook. United States: Wiley.
- 3. Beaver, K. (2013). Hacking for Dummies. United States: John Wiley & sons.
- 4. Council, Ec. (2010). Computer Forensics: Investigating Network Intrusions and Cybercrime, Cengage Learning.
- 5. McClure, S., Scambray. J., and Kurtz G. (2009). Hacking Exposed. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 6. International Council of E-Commerce Consultants. (2010). Penetration Testing Network and Perimeter Testing Ec-Council/ Certified Security Analyst Vol. 3 of Penetration Testing. Massachusetts: Cenage Learning.
- 7. Davidoff, S., and Ham, J. (2012). Network Forensics Tracking Hackers through Cyberspace, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 8. Solomon, M.G., Rudolph, K., Tittel, E., Broom N., and Barrett, D. (2011). Computer, Forensics Jump Start. United States: Willey Publishing.
- 9. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Code: CBS.507

Course Title: Intrusion Detection

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is:

- To compare alternative tools and approaches for Intrusion Detection through quantitative analysis to determine the best tool or approach to reduce risk from intrusion.
- To identify and describe the parts of all intrusion detection systems and characterize new and emerging IDS technologies according to the basic capabilities all intrusion detection systems share.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To apply knowledge of the fundamentals and history of Intrusion Detection in order to avoid common pitfalls in the creation and evaluation of new Intrusion Detection Systems.
- To evaluate the security of an enterprise and appropriately apply Intrusion Detection tools and techniques in order to improve their security posture.

UNIT I 12 Hours

The state of threats against computers, and networked Systems-Overview of computer security solutions and why they Fail-Vulnerability assessment,

firewalls, VPN's -Overview of Intrusion Detection and Intrusion Prevention-Network and Host-based IDS.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Classes of attacks – Network layer: scans, denial of service, penetration – Application layer: software exploits, code Injection-Human layer: identity theft, root access-Classes of attackers-Kids/hackers/sop Hesitated groups-Automated: Drones, Worms, Viruses.

UNIT III 16 Hours

A General IDS model and taxonomy, Signature-based Solutions, Snort, Snort rules, Evaluation of IDS, Cost sensitive IDS Anomaly Detection Systems and Algorithms-Network Behaviour Based Anomaly Detectors (rate based)-Host-based Anomaly Detectors-Software Vulnerabilities- State transition, Immunology, Payload Anomaly Detection.

UNIT IV 18 Hours

Attack trees and Correlation of Alerts-Autopsy of Worms and Botnets-Malware Detection-Obfuscation, Polymorphism-Document vectors. Email/IM security Issues-Viruses/Spam-From signatures to thumbprints to zero day. Detection-Insider Threat Issues-Taxonomy-Masquerade and Impersonation-Traitors, Decoys and Deception-Future: Collaborative Security.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- E-tutorial
- Collaborative Learning
- Peer Learning/Teaching

- 1. Szor, P. (2010). The Art of Computer Virus Research and Defense, United States: Symantec Press.
- 2. Jakobsson, M., and Ramzan, Z. (2008). Crimeware, Understanding New Attacks and Defenses, United States: Symantec Press.
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Title: Machine Learning

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

To help students explain the concept of how to learn patterns and concepts from data without being explicitly programmed. To analyze various machine learning algorithms and techniques with a modern outlook focusing on recent advances.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe machine learning approaches.
- To discuss features that can be used for a particular machine learning approach in various applications.
- To compare and contrast pros and cons of various machine learning techniques.
- To mathematically analyze various machine learning approaches and paradigms.
- To formulate various machine learning and ensemble methods for use in IOT applications.

UNIT I 16 Hours

Introduction to learning Techniques: Supervised Learning (Regression/Classification)

- Basic methods: Distance-based methods, Nearest-Neighbours, Decision Trees, Naive Bayes
- Linear models: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Generalized Linear Models
- Support Vector Machines, Nonlinearity and Kernel Methods
- Beyond Binary Classification: Multi-class/Structured Outputs, Ranking

UNIT II 14 Hours

Unsupervised Learning

- Clustering: K-means/Kernel K-means
- Dimensionality Reduction: PCA and kernel PCA
- Matrix Factorization and Matrix Completion
- Generative Models (mixture models and latent factor models)

UNIT III 14 Hours

Evaluating Machine Learning algorithms and Model Selection, Introduction to Statistical Learning Theory, Ensemble Methods (Boosting, Bagging, Random Forests).

Sparse Modeling and Estimation, Modeling Sequence/Time-Series Data, Deep Learning and Feature Representation Learning.

Introduction to ANN and Deep learning.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Scalable Machine Learning (Online and Distributed Learning) A selection from some other advanced topics, e.g., Semi-supervised Learning, Active Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Inference in Graphical Models, Introduction to Bayesian Learning and Inference.

Simulation Tool for Machine Learning, Hands on with recent tools WEKA, R, MATLAB.

Recent trends in various learning techniques of machine learning and classification methods for IOT applications. Various models for IOT applications.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Collaborative Learning
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- Experimentation

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Murphy, K. (2012). Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective. Cambridge: MIT Press.
- 2. Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., and Friedman, J. (2009). The Elements of Statistical Learning. New York: Springer.
- 3. Bishop, C. (2007). Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, New York: Springer.
- 4. Shalev-Shwartz, S., and Ben-David, S. (2014). Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Code: CBS.514

Course Title: Number Theory

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is:

- To understand the use of mathematics in cryptography and information theory.
- To let students apprehend the importance of an interdisciplinary area of research.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the basic concepts of number theory and uses of number theoretic concepts and logics in deep learning of cryptography and cryptographic techniques.
- To develop mathematical concepts, logics towards solving cryptographic problems and design new or modify existing cryptographic techniques.

• To solve techniques such as data collections, data analyzing and pattern reorganization etc, and to establish strong relations between mathematics and cyber security techniques.

UNIT I 12 Hours

Number Systems: Natural numbers, Mathematical induction, Recurrence relations, The Division Algorithm, Catalan Numbers, Prime and Composite Numbers, Fibonacci and Fermat Numbers Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean algorithm, Fundamental theorem of Arithmetic.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Diophantine equations: Modulo arithmetic, Congruence classes, Modular Exponentiation, Towers of Powers Modulo m, Linear Congruences, Multiplicative inverse.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Systems of Linear Congruences, Chinese remainder theorem, Wilson's Theorem, Euler's extended algorithm, Fermat's little theorem, Multiplicative Functions, Totient function, Euler's theorem.

UNIT IV 18 Hours

Elementary number theory: Prime numbers, Number bases, Primality testing algorithm, Primitive Roots and Indices, The Order of a Positive Integer, discrete logarithm, primitive roots for Primes, Number sieves, The Algebra of Indices, Quadratic Residues.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Erickson, M., and Vazzana, A. (2015). Introduction to Number Theory. London: Chapman & Hall/CRC.
- 2. Koshy, T. (2005). Elementary Number Theory with applications. Elsevier India.
- 3. Koblitz, N. (1986). Course on Number Theory and Cryptography. New York: Springer Verlag.
- 4. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Title: Data Encryption & Network Security

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is:

- To introduce students to the concept of security, and types of attacks.
- To describe Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography
- To define Network Perimeter Security, Access Control Lists and Virtual Private Networks.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To identify the domain specific security issues.
- To apply Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography in various applications.
- To design Access Control Lists and Virtual Private Networks.

UNIT I 12 Hours

Introduction to Security: Need for security, Security approaches, Principles of security, Types of attacks.

Encryption Techniques: Plaintext, Cipher text, Substitution & Transposition Techniques, Encryption & Decryption, Types of attacks, Key range & Size.

UNIT II 16 Hours

Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography: Algorithm types & Modes, DES, IDEA, Differential & Linear Cryptanalysis, Knapsack algorithm, Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Symmetric & Asymmetric key together.

User Authentication Mechanism: Authentication basics, Passwords, Authentication tokens, Certificate based & Biometric authentication.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Case Studies of Cryptography: Denial of service attacks, IP spoofing attacks, Secure inter branch payment transactions, Conventional Encryption and Message Confidentiality, Conventional Encryption Principles, Conventional Encryption Algorithms, Location of Encryption Devices, Key Distribution.

Message Authentication: Approaches to Message Authentication, SHA-1, MD5, Digital, Signatures, Key Management.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Network Perimeter Security Fundamentals: Introduction to Network Perimeter, Multiple layers of Network Security, Security by Router.

Firewalls: Firewall Basics, Types of Firewalls, Network Address Translation Issues.

Access Control Lists: Ingress and Egress Filtering, Types of Access Control Lists, ACL types: standard and extended, ACL commands.

Virtual Private Networks: VPN Basics, Types of VPN, IPsec Tunneling, IPsec Protocols.

VLAN: introduction to VLAN, VLAN Links, VLAN Tagging, VLAN Trunk Protocol (VTP).

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- Collaborative Learning
- Case Study

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Forouzan, B. A. (2010). Cryptography & Network Security. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 2. Kahate, A. (2009). Cryptography and Network Security. New Delhi: tata McGraw-Hill Higher Ed.
- 3. Godbole, N. (2008). Information Systems Security: Security Management, Metrics, Frameworks and Best Practices. United States: John Wiley & Sons India.
- 4. Riggs, C. (2009). Network Perimeter Security: Building Defence In-Depth, New Delhi: Auerbach Publications.
- 5. Northcutt, S. (2005). Inside Network Perimeter Security, New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 6. Stallings, W. (2007). Network Security Essentials: applications and standards. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 7. Stallings, W. (2004). Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice. New Delhi: Pearson.
- 8. Kim. D., and Solution, M. G. (2010). Fundamentals of Information System Security. Massachusetts: Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- 9. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Code: CBS.509

Course Title: Information Theory

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

- The course provides an insight to information theory.
- Help to familiarize the students with coding techniques and error correction mechanisms.
- Give student opportunity to compare and contrast various coding techniques.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the principles and applications of information theory.
- To demonstrate how information is measured in terms of probability and entropy.
- To compare coding schemes, including error correcting codes.

UNIT I 16 Hours

Information and entropy information measures, Shannon's concept of Information. Channel coding, channel mutual information capacity (BW). Theorem for discrete memory less channel, information capacity theorem, Error detecting and error correcting codes.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Types of codes: block codes, Hamming and Lee metrics, description of linear block codes, parity check Codes, cyclic code, Masking techniques.

UNIT III 13 Hours

Compression: loss less and lossy, Huffman codes, LZW algorithm, Binary Image c compression schemes, run length encoding, CCITT group 3 1- D Compression, CCITT group 3 2D compression, CCITT group 4 2DCompression.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Convolutional codes, sequential decoding. Video image Compression: CITT H 261 Video coding algorithm, audio (speech) Compression. Cryptography and cipher.

Case study of CCITT group 3 1-DCompression, CCITT group 3 2D compression. Case Study of Advanced compression technique and Audio compression.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- Collaborative Learning
- Peer Learning/Teaching

- 1. Borda, M. (2011). Fundamentals in information theory and coding. New York: Springer.
- 2. Singh, R. P. and Sapre, S. D. (2007). Communication Systems: Analog and digital. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Halsall, F. (2001). Multimedia Communications, Addition-Wesley.
- 4. Bose, R. (2001). Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Andleigh, P. K. and Thakrar, K. (1996). Multimedia system Design. United States: Prentice Hall PTR.
- 6. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Title: Research Methodology and IPR

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

To develop a research orientation among the students and help them understand fundamentals of research methods. The course will help the students to identify various sources of information for literature review, data collection and effective paper/ dissertation writing. Familiarize students with the concept of patents and copyright

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To explain effective methods to formulate a research problem.
- To analyze research related information and follow research ethics.
- To apply intellectual property law principles (including copyright, patents, designs and trademarks) to practical problems and be able to analyse the social impact of IPR.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics, Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper

Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.

UNIT III 14 Hours

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development.

International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software, Integrated Circuits, etc.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Case Studies

- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Melville, S. and Goddard, W. (1996). Research methodology: An introduction for science & engineering students. South Africa: Juta Academic.
- 2. Goddard, W. and Melville, S. (2001). Research Methodology: An Introduction. South Africa: Juta Academic.
- 3. Kumar, R. (2019). Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners. New Delhi: SAGE Publications Ltd.
- 4. Halbert, (2006). Resisting Intellectual Property. New Delhi: Taylor & Francis Ltd.
- 5. Mayall, (2011). Industrial Design. New Delhi: McGraw Hill.
- 6. Niebel, (1974). Product Design. New Delhi: McGraw Hill.
- 7. Asimov, M. (1976). Introduction to Design. United States: Prentice Hall.
- 8. Merges, R. P., Menell, P. S., and Lemley, M. A. (2003). Intellectual Property in New Technological Age. United States: Aspen Law & Business.
- 9. Flick, U. (2011). Introducing research methodology: A beginner's guide to doing a research project. New Delhi: Sage Publications India.
- 10. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Course Code: CBS.515

Course Title: Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms -

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Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To design and analyse different data structures
- To identify the appropriate data structure for a given algorithm.
- To implement various data structures and algorithms.

Lab Assignments will be based on topics studied in Subject

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-	40
Voce)	
Total	100

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Allen Weiss M. (2014). Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++. New Delhi: Pearson Education.

Course Title: Ethical Hacking Lab

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Outcomes:

Upon successfully completing this course, students will be able:

- To select appropriate tool for various activities related to ethical hacking
- To design an ethical hacking plan
- To identify various vulnerabilities
- Write test reports

In this practical session students will perform practical:

- 1. To install Kali Linux operating system
- 2. To collect the information with passive information gathering techniques using WhoIs, Google Dorks, Social Networking sites, Shodan, Wireshark and such other similar tools.
- 3. To collect the information with active information gathering techniques using NMap, WhatWeb, DNSEnum, Traceroute, TheHrvester, NSLookup and such other similar tools.
- 4. To collect the information using Maletgo tool
- 5. To prepare dictionary of related words using CeWL and Cruch tools
- 6. To perform various social engineering attacks using Social Engineering Toolkit.
- 7. To perform sql injection attack manually and using SqlMap tools
- 8. To perform remote system exploitation using Metasploit
- 9. To bypass client side validations.
- 10. To identify web application vulnerabilities by analyzing communicated data using web proxy

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Baloch, R. (2015). Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide. London: CRC Press.

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Course Code: CBS.511

Course Title: Intrusion Detection Lab

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

• To apply knowledge of the fundamentals of Intrusion Detection in order to avoid common pitfalls in the creation and

- To implement new Intrusion Detection Systems.
- To evaluate Intrusion Detection tools and techniques in order to improve their security posture.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Szor, P. (2010). The Art of Computer Virus Research and Defense, United States: Symantec Press.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Course Code: CST.517

Course Title: Machine Learning Lab

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

The objectives of the Machine Learning Lab course are to introduce students to the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning. To develop skills of using recent machine learning software for solving practical problems.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To review some common Machine Learning algorithms and their limitations.
- To apply common Machine Learning algorithms in practice and implementing the same.
- To perform experiments in Machine Learning using real-world data.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Kumar, U.D., and Pradhan, M. (2019). Machine Learning using Python. Wiley.

List of Practical will be based on Elective - I subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Code: CBS.520

Course Title: Data Encryption & Network Security Lab

Course Objectives:

- To introduce students to the concept of security, and types of attacks.
- Describe Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography
- Define Network Perimeter Security, Access Control Lists and Virtual Private Networks.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To identify the domain specific security issues.
- To implement Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography algorithms.
- To design Access Control Lists and Virtual Private Networks.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Forouzan, B. A. (2010). Cryptography & Network Security. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 3. Kahate, A. (2009). Cryptography and Network Security. New Delhi: tata McGraw-Hill Higher Ed.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

	911 19119118 Petretilis to 191
Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

]	L	T	P	Cr
	0	0	2	1

Course Title: Information Theory Lab

Course Objectives:

- To provide deeper knowledge about information and entropies.
- To provide in-depth understanding of various codes like Block code, Cyclic code, and Parity check code etc.
- To develop skills with hand-on experience of loss less and lossy compression techniques.
- To acquire knowledge that how to apply advance compression techniques.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Determine the various entropies and mutual information for different channels.
- Construct the codes to secure the information during communication using different coding techniques.
- Implement and analyse the source coding and channel coding for transmitting the different objects like text, speech etc.
- Analyse the performance of coded and un-coded communication systems based on error probability.
- Implement and analyse different compression techniques for different objects like Image, Video and Audio etc.

Suggested Readings:

Lab Manual

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

]	L	T	P	Cr
	0	0	2	1

Course Title: Number Theory Lab

Course Objectives:

- To provide deeper understanding of principles and practice of Number Theoretic Algorithms.
- To identify, how Number Theory is useful for designing cryptographic algorithms.
- To provide knowledge and hand on experience to apply Number Theoretic algorithms and theorems in various research problems of different fields.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To implement and analyse the Number Theoretic algorithms.
- To implement Fermat's theorem, Euler's theorem and Chinese remainder theorem to solve Congruences equations appear in different research problems.
- To implement and analyse the Primality test and factorization algorithms to understand the various cryptosystems.
- How to use Number Theoretic concepts in various research problems of Computer Science and in other fields.

Suggested Readings:

Lab Manual

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Interdisciplinary Course (IDC) Semester-I

L	T	P	Cr
2	0	0	2

Course Code: CBS.518

Course Title: IT Fundamentals

Total Hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able:

- To describe different hardware and software components of computer.
- To use word processing, presentation and spreadsheet software.
- To illustrate the concept of networking and internet.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Fundamentals of Computers: Parts of computers, Hardware, BIOS, Operating systems, Binary system, Logic gates and Boolean Algebra. Introduction to computer network and World Wide Web, Storage space, CPU and Memory.

UNIT II 7 Hours

MS-Word: Introduction to Word Processing, Creating and Saving Documents, Text Formatting, Tables, Document Review Option, Mail Merge, Inserting Table of Contents, Reference Management.

UNIT III 8 Hours

Applications Software: Introduction to MS Paint, Notepad, Spreadsheet applications, Presentation applications, Internet browsers and Image processing applications.

UNIT IV 7 Hours

World Wide Web: Origin and concepts, Latency and bandwidth, searching the internet, Advanced web-search using Boolean logic, Networking fundamentals.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Gookin, D. (2007). MS Word for Dummies. United States: Wiley.
- 2. Harvey, G. (2007). MS Excel for Dummies. United States: Wiley
- 3. Sinha, P.K. (2004). Computer Fundamentals. New Delhi: BPB Publications.
- 4. Bott, E. (2009). Windows 7 Inside Out. United States: Microsoft Press.
- **5.** Goel, A., Ray, S. K. (2012). Computers: Basics and Applications. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.

L	T	P	Cr
2	0	0	2

Course Title: Programming in C

Total Hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able:

- To describe the concept and need of programming.
- To explain syntax and use of different functions available in C.
- To demonstrate programming in C.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Introduction to Programming Language: Types of Programming Language, Structured Programming, Algorithms and Flowcharts, Programming Language. **Introduction to C:** History, Character Set, Structure of a C Program – constants, variables and Keywords, data types, expression statements, compound statements.

UNIT II 8 Hours

C Operators: Arithmetic, Unary, Relational and Logical, Assignment, Conditional Operator, Increment, decrement Operator, Using library function in math.

Data Input Output: Single character input, getchar, getch, getc, single character output putchar, putc, Formatted I/O.

UNIT III 7 Hours

- **C Constructs:** If statement, while statement, do....while statement, for statement, switch statement, nested control statement, break, continue, goto statement.
- **C Functions:** Functions, Definiton and scope, Assessing and Prototyping, Types of functions, Passing arguments to functions.

UNIT IV 7 Hours

Arrays and Strings: Single dimensional array, Multi-dimensional array, Initializing array using static declaration, character array and strings, String Handling functions.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Rajaraman, V. (2008). Computer Basics and C Programming PHI Learning.
- 2. Brown, T. D. (1987) C for Basic Programmers. United States: Silicon Press.
- 3. Kanetkar, Y. P. (2010). Let Us C. New Delhi: BPB Publications.
- 4. Balagurusamy. (2008). Programming in ANSI C. New Delhi: Tata Mcgraw-Hill.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

SEMESTER-II

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Code: CST.521

Course Title: Advance Algorithms

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To familiarize students with basic paradigms and data structures used to solve advanced algorithmic problems
- To introduce the students to recent developments in the area of algorithmic design.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To analyse the complexity/performance of different algorithms.
- To determine the appropriate data structure for solving a particular set of problems.
- To categorize the different problems in various classes according to their complexity.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Sorting: Review of various sorting algorithms, topological sorting Graph: Definitions and Elementary Algorithms: Shortest path by BFS, shortest path in edge-weighted case (Dijkasra's), depth-first search and computation of strongly connected components, Emphasis on correctness proof of the algorithm and time/space analysis, Introduction to greedy paradigm, algorithm to compute a maximum weight maximal independent set. Application to MST.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Strassen's algorithm and introduction to divide and conquer paradigm, inverse of a triangular matrix, relation between the time complexities of basic matrix operations.

Floyd-Warshall algorithm and introduction to dynamic programming paradigm. More examples of dynamic programming.

UNIT III 15 Hours

Linear Programming: Geometry of the feasibility region and Simplex algorithm, Decision Problems: P, NP, NP Complete, NP-Hard, NP Hard with Examples, Proof of NP-hardness and NP-completeness.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

One or more of the following topics based on time and interest Approximation algorithms, Randomized Algorithms, Interior Point Method, Recent Trends in problem solving paradigms using recent searching and sorting techniques by applying recently proposed data structures.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Cormen, T. H., Leiserson, C. E., and Rivest, P. L. (2010). Introduction to Algorithms. Cambridge: MIT Press.
- 2. Aho, A. V., Hopcroft, J. E., and Ullman, J. D. (2002). The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 3. Kleinberg, J., and Tardos. E. (2005). Algorithm Design. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 4. Hromkovic, J. (2015). Design and Analysis of Randomized Algorithms: Introduction to Design Paradigms. New York: Springer.
- 5. Baase, S., Gelder V., and Allen. (2009) Computer algorithms: introduction to design & analysis. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 6. Benoit, Anne, Robert, Yves, Vivien, and Frederic. (2014). A guide to algorithm design: Paradigms, methods and complexity analysis, London: CRC Press Taylor & Francis group.
- 7. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Soft Computing

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

To introduce the students to soft computing concepts and techniques and foster their abilities in designing appropriate technique for a given scenario. To give students knowledge with hands-on experience of non-traditional technologies and fundamentals of artificial neural networks, fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic, genetic algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- To apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve various engineering problems.
- To apply genetic algorithms to optimization problems.
- To evaluate and compare solutions using various soft computing approaches for a given problem.

UNIT I Hours: 13

Introduction to Soft Computing: Evolution of Computing: Soft Computing Constituents, From Conventional, Major areas of Soft Computing, applications of Soft Computing.

Neural Networks: Introduction, Brief history, Neural Networks Characteristics, architecture, and properties.

Neural Network Learning Algorithm Machine Learning Using Neural Networks.

UNIT II Hours: 16

Fuzzy Logic: Fuzzy Sets, Membership Functions, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Relations.

Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning, Fuzzy Inference Systems, Fuzzy Expert Systems, Fuzzy Decision Making, Fuzzy Models.

UNIT III Hours: 13

Genetic Algorithms: Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA), Applications of GA in Machine Learning: Machine Learning Approach to Knowledge Acquisition. Introduction to other optimization techniques.

UNIT IV Hours: 16

Swarm intelligence: Overview, mechanism, technologies like particle swarm optimization, ant colony optimization, cuckoo search.

Introduction to hybrid systems: Neuro Fuzzy, Neuro Genetics and Fuzzy Genetic system.

Recent trends in soft computing techniques.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Jang, J. R. S., Sun, C. T., and Mizutani E. (1997). Neuro Fuzzy and Soft Computing, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India, Pearson.
- 2. Klir, G. J., and Yuan, B. (2015). Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic Theory and Applications. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 3. Ross, J. T. (2011). Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications. United States: John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Rajasekaran, S., and Vijayalakshmi Pai, G.A. (2013). Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms. United States: Prentice Hall India Learning.
- 5. Priddy, K. L., and Keller, E. P. (2005). Artificial Neural Networks: An Introduction. Washington USA, SPIE Press.
- 6. Gen, M., and Cheng, R. (1999). Genetic Algorithms and Engineering Optimization. United States: Wiley-Interscience.
- 7. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Malware Analysis & Reverse Engineering

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to provide an insight to fundamentals of malware analysis which includes analysis of JIT compilers for malware detection in legitimate code. DNS filtering and reverse engineering is included.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To understand the concept of malware and reverse engineering.
- To implement tools and techniques of malware analysis.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Fundamentals of Malware Analysis (MA), Reverse Engineering Malware (REM) Methodology, Brief Overview of Malware analysis lab setup and configuration, Introduction to key MA tools and techniques, Behavioral Analysis vs. Code Analysis, Resources for Reverse-Engineering Malware (REM) Understanding Malware Threats, Malware indicators, Malware Classification, Examining Clam AV Signatures, Creating Custom Clam AV Databases, Using YARA to Detect Malware Capabilities, Creating a Controlled and Isolated Laboratory, Introduction to MA Sandboxes, Ubuntu, Zeltser's REMnux, SANS SIFT, Sandbox Setup and Configuration New Course Form, Routing TCP/IP Connections, Capturing and Analyzing Network Traffic, Internet simulation using INetSim, Using Deep Freeze to Preserve Physical Systems, Using FOG for Cloning and Imaging Disks, Using MySQL Database to Automate FOG Tasks.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Introduction to Python, Introduction to x86 Intel assembly language, Scanners: Virus Total, Jotti, and NoVirus Thanks, Analyzers: Threat Expert, CWSandbox, Anubis, Joebox, Dynamic Analysis Tools: Process Monitor, Regshot, HandleDiff, Analysis Automation Tools: Virtual Box, VM Ware, Python, Other Analysis Tools.

Malware Forensics

Using TSK for Network and Host Discoveries, Using Microsoft Offline API to Registry Discoveries, Identifying Packers using PEiD, Registry Forensics with Reg Ripper Plu-gins:, Bypassing Poison Ivy's Locked Files, Bypassing Conficker's File System ACL Restrictions, Detecting Rogue PKI Certificates.

UNIT III 14 Hours

Malware and Kernel Debugging

Opening and Attaching to Processes, Configuration of JIT Debugger for Shellcode Analysis, Controlling Program Execution, Setting and Catching Breakpoints, Debugging with Python Scripts and Py Commands, DLL Export Enumeration, Execution, and Debugging, Debugging a VMware Workstation Guest (on Windows), Debugging a Parallels Guest (on Mac OS X). Introduction

to WinDbg Commands and Controls, Detecting Rootkits with WinDbgScripts, Kernel Debugging with IDA Pro.

UNIT IV 17 Hours

Memory Forensics and Volatility

Memory Dumping with MoonSols Windows Memory Toolkit, Accessing VM Memory Files Overview of Volatility, Investigating Processes in Memory Dumps, Code Injection and Extraction, Detecting and Capturing Suspicious Loaded DLLs, Finding Artifacts in Process Memory, Identifying Injected Code with Malfind and YARA.

Using WHOIS to Research Domains, DNS Hostname Resolution, Querying, Passive DNS, Checking DNS Records, Reverse IP Search New Course Form, Creating Static Maps, Creating Interactive Maps.

Case study of Finding Artifacts in Process Memory, Identifying Injected Code with Malfind and YARA.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Sikorski, M. & Honig, A. (2012). Practical Malware Analysis: The Hands-On Guide to Dissecting Malicious Software. San Francisco: publisher William Pollock No Starch Press.
- 2. Ligh, M. H., Case, A., Levy, J., & Walters, A. (2014). The Art of Memory Forensics: Detecting Malware and Threats in Windows, Linux, and Mac Memory. United States: Wiley.
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Steganography

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of course is to provide an insight to steganography techniques. Watermarking techniques along with attacks on data hiding and integrity of data is included in this course.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the concept of information hiding.
- To examine the current techniques of steganography and learn how to detect and extract hidden information.
- To classify and apply watermarking techniques.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Steganography: Overview, History, Methods for hiding (text, images, audio, video, speech etc.), Issues: Security, Capacity and Imperceptibility, Steganalysis: Active and Malicious Attackers, Active and passive steganalysis.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Frameworks for secret communication (pure Steganography, secret key, public key steganography), Steganography algorithms (adaptive and non-adaptive).

UNIT III 15 Hours

Steganography techniques: Substitution systems, Spatial Domain, Transform domain techniques, Spread spectrum, Statistical steganography, Cover Generation and cover selection, Tools: EzStego, FFEncode, Hide 4 PGP, Hide and Seek, S Tools etc.)

Detection, Distortion, Techniques: LSB Embedding, LSB Steganalysis using primary sets, Texture based.).

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Digital Watermarking: Introduction, Difference between Watermarking and Steganography, History, Classification (Characteristics and Applications), Types and techniques (Spatial-domain, Frequency-domain, and Vector quantization based watermarking), Attacks and Tools (Attacks by Filtering, Remodulation, Distortion, Geometric Compression, Linear Compression etc.), Watermark security & authentication.

Recent trends in Steganography and digital watermarking techniques. Case study of LSB Embedding, LSB Steganalysis using primary sets.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Wayner, P. (2002). Disappearing Cryptography–Information Hiding: Steganography & Watermarking. New York: Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.
- 2. Ingemar J. C., Matthew L. M., Jeffrey A. B., and Fridrich, J. T. (2008). Digital Watermarking and Steganography. New York: Margan Kaufmann Publishers.
- 3. Neil F. J., Duric, Z., and Jajodia, S. (2012). Information Hiding: Steganography and Watermarking-Attacks and Countermeasures, Springer.
- 4. Katzenbeisser, S., and Fabien, A. P. P. (1999). Information Hiding Techniques for Steganography and Digital Watermarking. Massachusetts: Artech House Print on Demand.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Secure Software Design and Enterprise Computing

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

To help students learn to fix software flaws and bugs in various software. To make students aware of various issues like weak random number generation, information leakage, poor usability, and weak or no encryption on data traffic. Expose students to techniques for successfully implementing and supporting network services on an enterprise scale and heterogeneous systems environment.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To show Interrelationship between security and software development process.
- To differentiate between various software vulnerabilities.
- To explain software process vulnerabilities for an organization.
- To recognize resources consumption in a software.

UNIT I 13 Hours

Secure Software Design

Identify software vulnerabilities and perform software security analysis, Master security programming practices, Master fundamental software security design concepts, Perform security testing and quality assurance.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Enterprise Application Development

Describe the nature and scope of enterprise software applications, Design distributed N-tier software application, Research technologies available for the presentation, business and data tiers of an enterprise software application, Design and build a database using an enterprise database system, Develop components at the different tiers in an enterprise system, Design and develop a multi-tier solution to a problem using technologies used in enterprise system, Present software solution.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Enterprise Systems Administration

Design, implement and maintain a directory-based server infrastructure in a heterogeneous systems environment, Monitor server resource utilization for system reliability and availability, Install and administer network services (DNS/DHCP/Terminal Services/Clustering/Web/Email).

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Obtain the ability to manage and troubleshoot a network running multiple services, Understand the requirements of an enterprise network and how to go about managing them.

Handle insecure exceptions and command/SQL injection, Defend web and mobile applications against attackers, software containing minimum Vulnerabilities and flaws.

Case study of DNS server, DHCP configuration and SQL injection attack.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Richardson, T., and Thies, C. N. (2012). Secure Software Design. Massachusetts: Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- 2. Kenneth R. van Wyk, Mark G. Graff, Dan S. Peters, and Diana L. Burley, (2014). Enterprise Software Security: A Confluence of Disciplines. United States: Addison -Wesley, Professional.
- 3. McGraw, G. (2006). Software Security: Building Security. New Delhi: Tata McGraw.
- 4. Stuttard, D. (2011). The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding and Exploiting Security Flaws. United States: Wiley.
- 5. Solem, J. E. (2012). Programming Computer Vision with Python: Tools and algorithms for analysing images. California: O'Reilly Media.
- 6. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Big Data Analytics and Visualization

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The course will help students prepare the big data for analysis and extract the meaningful data from unstructured big data. Help student to develop data visualizations skill and to apply various tools for analysis of structured and unstructured big data.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To illustrate the identification of Big Data problem
- To differentiate structured data from unstructured data.
- Use Hadoop related tools such as JAQL, Spark, Pig and Hive for structured and unstructured Big Data analytics

UNIT I 15 Hours

Big Data Introduction: What is big data, why big data, convergence of key trends, unstructured data, industry examples of big data, web analytics, big data and marketing, fraud and big data, risk and big data, big data and healthcare, big data in medicine, advertising and big data, big data technologies, open source technologies, cloud and big data, mobile business intelligence, Crowd sourcing analytics, inter and trans firewall analytics.

Data Gathering and Preparation: Data formats, parsing and transformation, Scalability and real-time issues.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Data Cleaning: Consistency checking, Heterogeneous and missing data, Data Transformation and segmentation.

Visualization: Descriptive and comparative statistics, Designing visualizations, Time series, Geo-located data, Correlations and connections, Hierarchies and networks, interactivity.

UNIT III 15 Hours

Big Data Technology: Big Data Architecture, Big Data Warehouse, Functional Vs. Procedural Programming Models for Big Data

NoSQL: Introduction to NoSQL, aggregate data models, key-value and document data models.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Big Data Tools: Hadoop: Introduction to Hadoop Ecosystem, HDFS, Map-Reduce programming, Spark, PIG, JAQL, Understanding Text Analytics and Big Data, Predictive Analysis of Big Data, Role of Data Analyst.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. EMC Education Services. (2015). Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data. United States: John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Maheshwari, A. (2019). Data Analytics Make Accesible. California: Orilley Publications.
- 3. Croll, A., and Yoskovitz, B. (2013). Lean Analytics: Use Data to Build a Better Startup Faster. California: Oreilley Publications.
- 4. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



I	L	T	P	Cr
	4	0	0	4

Course Title: Internet of Things

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to introduce the students to the concepts of IoT, its networking and communication. The course focussed on use of IoT technology and its design constraints.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe IOT and its networking and communication aspects.
- To analyze the challenges in IoT Design
- Design IoT applications on different embedded platform.

UNIT I 14 Hours

Introduction to IoT: Defining IoT, Characteristics of IoT, Physical design of IoT, Logical design of IoT, Functional blocks of IoT, Communication models and APIs IoT and M2M, Difference between IoT and M2M, Software define Network.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Network and Communication aspects: Wireless medium access issues, MAC protocol survey, Survey routing protocols, Sensor deployment, Node discovery, Data aggregation and Dissemination.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Challenges in IoT Design: challenges, Development challenges, Security challenges, Other Challenges

Domain specific applications: IoT Home automation, Industry applications, Surveillance applications, Other IoT applications

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Developing IoTs: Developing applications through IoT tools including Python/Arduino/Raspberry pi, Developing sensor based application through embedded system platform.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Madisetti, V., and Bahga, A. (2015). Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Dargie, W., and Poellabauer, C. (2010). Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks: Theory and Practice. Wiley-Blackwel.

- 3. DaCosta, F., and Henderson B. (2014). Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything, New York: Apress Publications.
- 4. Holler, J., Tsiatsis V., Mulligan, C., Avesand, S., Karnouskos, S., & Boyle, D. (2014). From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things: Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence. Massachusetts: Academic Press.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Digital Forensics

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The course provides an in-depth study of the rapidly changing and fascinating field of computer forensics. Introduces the students to the technical expertise and the knowledge required to investigate, detect and prevent digital crimes.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Describe relevant legislation and codes of ethics.
- Explain computer forensics, digital detective and various processes, policies and procedures.
- Apply E-discovery, guidelines and standards, E-evidence, tools and environment.
- Analyse Email and web forensics and network forensics.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Digital Forensics Science: Forensics science, computer forensics, and digital forensics.

Computer Crime: Criminalistics as it relates to the investigative process, analysis of cyber-criminalistics area, holistic approach to cyber-forensics. Legal Aspects of Digital Forensics: IT Act 2000, amendment of IT Act 2008.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Incident- Response Methodology, Cyber Crime Scene Analysis: Discuss the various court orders etc., methods to search and seizure electronic evidence, retrieved and un-retrieved communications, Discuss the importance of understanding what court documents would be required for a criminal investigation.

UNIT III 14 Hours

Image Capturing, Authenticating Evidence, Hidden Data Extraction, Data Storage, File Systems, Recovery of deleted files, Cracking Passwords, Internet Crime Investigations, Web Attack Investigations.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Computer Forensics: Prepare a case, begin an investigation, understand computer forensics workstations and software, conduct an investigation, complete a case, Critique a case.

Network Forensics: open-source security tools for network forensic analysis, requirements for preservation of network data.

Mobile Forensics: mobile forensics techniques, mobile forensics tools

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Case Studies
- Collaborative
- Self-Learning

- 1. Sammons, J. (2014). The Basics of Digital Forensics, Elsevier.
- 2. Davidoff, S., and Ham, J. (2012). Network Forensics Tracking Hackers through Cyberspace. United States: Prentice Hall.
- 3. Solomon, M. G., Rudolph, K., Tittel, E., Broom, N., and Barrett, D. (2011). Computer Forensics Jump Start. United States: Willey Publishing.
- 4. Marcella, A. J., Cyber forensics: A field manual for collecting, examining and preserving evidence of computer crimes. New York: Auerbach publications.
- 5. Davidoff, S. (2012). Network forensics: Tracking hackers through cyberspace. New Delhi: Pearson education India.
- 6. Godbole, Nina, Belapure, Sunit (2011). Cyber security: Understanding cyber crimes, computer forensics and legal perspectives. New Delhi: Wiley India.
- 7. Casey, Eoghan (Ed.). (2010). Handbook of digital forensics and investigation, Amsterdam,: Academic Press.
- 8. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Secure Coding

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is to explain the most frequent programming errors leading to software vulnerabilities and identify security problems in software.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To define secure programs and list various risks in the softwares.
- To classify different errors that lead to vulnerabilities.
- To analyse various possible security attacks.

UNIT I 14 Hours

Software Security: Security Concepts, Security Policy, Security Flaws, Vulnerabilities, Exploitation and Mitigations. Software Security problems, Classification of Vulnerabilities.

Security Analysis: Problem Solving with static analysis: Type Checking, Style Checking, Program understanding, verifications and property checking, Bug finding and Security Review.

UNIT II 14 Hours

Strings: Common String manipulating Errors, String Vulnerabilities and Exploits, Mitigation Strategies for strings, String handling functions, Runtime protecting strategies, Notable Vulnerabilities.

Integer Security: Integer data Type, Integer Conversions, Integer Operations, Integer Vulnerabilities, Mitigation Strategies.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Handling Inputs: What to validate, How to validate, Preventing metadata Vulnerabilities.

Buffer Overflow: Introduction, Exploiting buffer overflow vulnerabilities, Buffer allocation strategies, Tracking buffer sizes, buffer overflow in strings, Buffer overflow in Integers Runtime protections

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Web Applications: Input and Output Validation for the Web: Expect That the Browser Has Been Subverted, HTTP Considerations: Use POST, Not GET, Request Ordering, Error Handling, Request Provenance

Maintaining Session State: Use Strong Session Identifiers, Enforce a Session Idle Timeout and a Maximum Session Lifetime, Begin a New Session upon Authentication.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial

• Self-Learning

- 1. Seacord, R. C. (2013). Secure Coding in C and C++. United States: Addison Wisley Professional.
- 2. Chess, B., and West J. (2007). Secure Programming with static Analysis. United States: Addison Wisley.
- 3. Seacord, R. C. (2009). The CERT C Secure Coding Standard. Pearson Education, United Stated: Addison-Wesley.
- 4. Howard, M., LeBlanc, D. (2002). Writing Secure Code. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Blockchain Technology

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to introduce students to the concept of Blockchain, crypto primitives, Bitcoin basics, distributed consensus, consensus in Bitcoin, permissioned Blockchain, hyper ledger fabric and various applications where Blockchain is used.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the basic concept of Blockchain, Crypto Primitives, Bitcoin Basics
- To identify the area in which they can apply permission or permission less blockchain.
- To apply Block chaining concept in various applications.

UNIT I 14 Hours

Introduction to Blockchain: What is Blockchain, Public Ledgers, Blockchain as Public Ledgers, Bitcoin, Blockchain 2.0, Smart Contracts, Block in a Blockchain, Transactions, Distributed Consensus, The Chain and the Longest Chain, Cryptocurrency to Blockchain 2.0, Permissioned Model of Blockchain

UNIT II 14 Hours

Basic Crypto Primitives: Cryptographic Hash Function, Properties of a hash function, Hash pointer and Merkle tree, Digital Signature, Public Key Cryptography, A basic cryptocurrency.

Bitcoin Basics: Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, FORTH – the precursor for Bitcoin scripting, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay.

UNIT III 15 Hours

Distributed Consensus: Why Consensus, Distributed consensus in open environments, Consensus in a Bitcoin network.

Consensus in Bitcoin: Bitcoin Consensus, Proof of Work (PoW) – basic introduction, Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW and the monopoly problem, Proof of Stake, Proof of Burn and Proof of Elapsed Time. The life of a Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool.

Permissioned Blockchain: Permissioned model and use cases, Design issues for Permissioned blockchains, Execute contracts, State machine replication, Consensus models for permissioned blockchain, Distributed consensus in closed environment, Paxos, RAFT Consensus, Byzantine general problem.

UNIT IV 17 Hours

Blockchain Components and Concepts: Actors in a Blockchain, Components in Blockchain design, Ledger in Blockchain.

Hyperledger Fabric – Transaction Flow: Fabric Architecture, Transaction flow in Fabric.

Hyperledger Fabric Details: Ordering Services, Channels in Fabric, Fabric Peer and Certificate Authority.

Fabric – Membership and Identity Management: Organization and Consortium Network, Membership Service Provide, Transaction Signing.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Gaur, N., Desrosiers, L., Ramakrishna, V., Novotny, P., Baset, S., & O'Dowd A. (2018). Hands-On Blockchain with Hyperledger: Building decentralized applications with Hyperledger Fabric and Composer. United Kingdom: Packt Publishing Ltd. Packt.
- 2. Badr, B., Horrocks, R., and Xun(Brian), Wu. (2018). Blockchain By Example: A developer's guide to creating decentralized applications using Bitcoin, Ethereum, and Hyperledger. United Kingdom: Packt Publishing Ltd.
- 3. Dhillon, V., Metcalf D., and Hooper M. (2017). Blockchain Enabled Applications: Understand the Blockchain Ecosystem and How to Make it Work for You.New York: Apress.
- 4. Mukhopadhyay M. (2018). Ethereum Smart Contract Development: Build blockchain-based decentralized applications using solidity. United States: Packt Publishing Ltd.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Security Assessment & Risk Analysis

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is:

- To introduce students to the concepts of risk management.
- To define and differentiate various Contingency Planning components.
- Integrate the IRP, DRP, and BCP plans into a coherent strategy to support sustained organizational operations.
- To define and be able to discuss incident response options, and design an Incident Response Plan for sustained organizational operations.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To state contingency strategies including data backup and recovery and alternate site selection for business resumption planning
- Describe the escalation process from incident to disaster in case of security disaster.
- To design a Disaster Recovery Plan for sustained organizational operations.
- To design a Business Continuity Plan for sustained organizational operations.

UNIT I 14 Hours

SECURITY BASICS: Information Security (INFOSEC) Overview: critical information characteristics – availability information states – processing security Countermeasures- education, training and awareness, critical information characteristics – confidentiality critical information characteristics – integrity, information states – storage, information states – transmission, security countermeasures-policy, procedures and practices, threats, vulnerabilities.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Threats to and Vulnerabilities of Systems: definition of terms (e.g., threats, vulnerabilities, risk), major categories of threats (e.g., fraud, Hostile Intelligence Service (HOIS), malicious logic, hackers, environmental and technological hazards, disgruntled employees, careless employees, HUMINT, and monitoring), threat impact areas, Countermeasures: assessments (e.g., surveys, inspections), Concepts of Risk Management: consequences (e.g., corrective action, risk assessment), cost/benefit analysis of controls, implementation of cost-effective controls, monitoring the efficiency and effectiveness of controls (e.g., unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of information), threat and vulnerability assessment.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Security Planning: directives and procedures for policy mechanism, Risk Management: acceptance of risk (accreditation), corrective actions information

identification, risk analysis and/or vulnerability assessment components, risk analysis results evaluation, roles and responsibilities of all the players in the risk analysis process, Contingency Planning/Disaster Recovery: agency response procedures and continuity of operations, contingency plan components, determination of backup requirements, development of plans for recovery actions after a disruptive event, development of procedures for off-site processing, emergency destruction procedures, guidelines for determining critical and essential workload, team member responsibilities in responding to an emergency situation.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Policies and Procedures

Physical Security Measures: alarms, building construction. cabling, communications centre, environmental controls (humidity conditioning), filtered power, physical access control systems (key cards, locks Personnel Security Practices and Procedures: alarms) authorization/verification (need-to-know), contractors, employee clearances, position sensitivity, security training and awareness, systems maintenance personnel, Administrative Security Procedural Controls: attribution, copyright protection and licensing, Auditing and Monitoring: conducting security reviews, effectiveness of security programs, investigation of security breaches, privacy review of accountability controls, review of audit trails and logs.

Operations Security (OPSEC): OPSEC surveys/OPSEC planning INFOSEC: computer security – audit, cryptography-encryption (e.g., point-to-point, network, link), cryptography-key management (to include electronic key), Cryptography-strength (e.g., complexity, secrecy, characteristics of the key) Case study of threat and vulnerability assessment.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
 - Peer Learning/Teaching
 - E-tutorial
 - Self-Learning

- 1. Whitman, M. E., Mattord, H. J., and Green, A. (2013). Principles of Incident Response and Disaster Recovery. United States: Cengage Learning.
- 2. (Web Link) http://www.cnss.gov/Assets/pdf/nstissi_4011.pdf
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Quantum Cryptography

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

• To provide fundamental concepts of quantum information processing and cryptography, and take the discussion forward to potentials offered, technological bottlenecks and the way forward.

• To expose the participants to the state-of-the-art in quantum computing and cryptography with its possible impact on the society.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To participants will understand the basic concepts and terminologies in quantum information processing and quantum cryptography.
- To work in the field of quantum information processing and quantum cryptography, and to design efficient quantum algorithms to solve different computing problems.
- To design new or modify existing quantum cryptographic algorithms for secure key distribution and communications.
- To grasp the working principle of a quantum computer and understand the impact of noise in real world implementations.
- To understand some of the long-standing issues in quantum computing, and way forward in Noise-Intermediate-Scale-Quantum and Post Quantum Cryptography era.
- To understand the current scenario in Google, IBM, D-wave, IonQ etc.

Unit I

Basics of Quantum Information and Linear Algebra: Why Quantum Computing, Classical to quantum mechanics, Hilber space, bases and linear independence, operators and matrices, Hermitian and Unitary operators, measurements in quantum mechanics, Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen paradox

Unit II

Introduction to quantum information: Qubits and quantum gates, quantum circuits, density operators, pure and mixed states, Bloch sphere, Bell states, information and entropy, von-Neumann entropy and trace distance, fidelity, No-cloning Theorem

Unit III

Entanglement and Nonlocality: Quantum entanglement, bi-partite and multiqubit systems, Bell-type inequalities and nonlocality, entanglement classes and measures, quantum parallelism, Deutsch-Jozsa algorithm.

Unit IV

Applications and Quantum Cryptography: Teleportation, dense coding, entanglement swapping, quantum key distribution, quantum cryptographic protocols.

Quantum Noise and Operation: Environments and quantum operations, examples of noisy channels, effect of noise on entanglement and efficiency of communication protocols.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Nielsen, M. A. and Chuang, I. L., (2010), Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, 10th Anniversary addition, Cambridge University Press
- 2. Griffiths, D. J., (2016), Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Reprint edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 3. Bouwmeester, D., Ekert, A. and Zeilinger, A., (2000), The Physics of Quantum Information, Reprint edition, Springer Berlin Heidelberg.
- 4. Research Articles
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Python Programming for Security Professionals

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to:

- Introduces the concepts of Python Programming.
- Gives the students the opportunity to learn Python Modules.
- Practically develop Python code to perform various activities.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To use basics python programming constructs and various Python modules required for accessing operating system and Network.
- Write scripts in Python language for Network related activities.
- Prepare python scripts to perform activities related to forensics.

UNIT I 16 Hours

Python Introduction, Installing and setting Python environment in Windows and Linux, basics of Python interpreter, Execution of python program, Editor for Python code, syntax, variable, types. Flow control: if, ifelse, for, while, range() function, continue, pass, break. Strings: Sequence operations, String Methods, Pattern Matching.

UNIT II 16 Hours

Lists: Basic Operations, Iteration, Indexing, Slicing and Matrixes; Dictionaries: Basic dictionary operations; Tuples: Basic Tuple operations; Functions: Definition, Call, Arguments, Scope rules and Name resolution; Modules: Module Coding Basics, Importing Programs as Modules, Executing Modules as Scripts, Compiled Python files(.pyc), Standard Modules: OS and SYS, The dir() Function, Packages.

UNIT III 14 Hours

Input output and file handling, Object Oriented Programming features in Python: Classes, Objects, Inheritance, Operator Overloading, Errors and Exceptions: try, except and else statements, Exception Objects, Regular expressions, Multithreading, Modules to handle multidimensional data: Numpy, Panadas, Files.

UNIT IV 14 Hours

Networking: Socket module, Port Scanning, Packet Sniffing, Traffic Analysis, TCP Packet Injection, Log analysis.

HTTP Communications with Python built in Libraries, Web communications with the Requests module, Forensic Investigations with Python: geo-locating, recovering deleted items, examining metadata and windows registry.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Lutz, M., and Ascher, D. (2009). Learning Python, California: O'REILLY Media.
- 2. Berry, P. (2016). Head First Python, California: O'REILLY Media.
- 3. Jose, J., and Lal, P. S. (2016) Introduction to Computing & Problem Solving with Python. New Delhi: Khanna Books.
- 4. O'Connor, T. J. (2013). Violent Python a Cookbook for Hackers, Forensic Analysts. Penetration Testers and Security Engineers. Elsevier.
- 5. Justin, S. (2009). Gray Hat Python: Python Programming with Hackers and Reverse Engineers, Latest Edition, Massachusetts: No Starch Press, Inc.
- 6. Seitz. J. (2014). Black Hat Python: Python Programming for Hackers and Pentesters. Massachusetts: No Starch Press.
- 7. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

]	L	T	P	Cr
	0	0	2	1

Course Title: Soft Computing Lab

Course Objectives: The primary outcome of this lab course is to provide a practical introduction to various techniques in soft computing and their applications.

Course Objectives:

After Completion of the lab course the students will be able:

- To create programs to implement simple applications using the fuzzy logic.
- To distinguish various types of neural networks and write programmes to implement the same.
- To use optimization based on GA and implement some of its applications.

Lab Assignments:

- 1. Implement perceptron and show its working on NAND gate.
- 2. Implement multilayer perceptron for XOR gate
- 3. Write a program to implement Backpropagation neural network from scratch. Then use it to implement parity checker.
- 4. Write a program to implement ART1 and use it to learn Alphabets.
- 5. Implement various membership functions for fuzzifying the crisp values.
- 6. Implement various defuzzification methods
- 8. Develop a fuzzy inference system for modelling the tip given to e commerce delivery boy based on the customer feedback.
- 9. Implement various techniques for selection, crossover and mutation in Genetic Algorithms.
- 10. Implement a simple the genetic application.
- 11. Implement a simple neuro fuzzy system

Lab Evaluation:

The evaluation of lab criteria will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Kumar, U.D., and Pradhan, M. (2019). Machine Learning using Python. Wiley.

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Python Programming for Security Professionals Lab

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this lab course is to provide a practical introduction to python programming and its use in performing activities related to cyber security. Another objective of this lab is to demonstrate the use of various packages for cyber security.

Course Outcomes:

After Completion of the lab course the students will be able:

- To create and demonstrate script in Python by using basic constructs and control statements of Python.
- To illustrate the use of OOPS and file handling concept for data handling and visualisation.
- To develop python scripts to perform various activities related to ethical hacking.
- To develop python scripts to perform various activities related to cyber forensics.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical based on:

- **1.** Write a program which will find all such numbers which are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5,between 2000 and 3200 (both included). The numbers obtained should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.
- **2.** Write a program which can compute the factorial of a given numbers. The results should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 8 . Then, the output should be: 40320
- **3.** With a given integral number n, write a program to generate a dictionary that contains (i, i*i) such that is an integral number between 1 and n (both included). and then the program should print the dictionary.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 8

Then, the output should be:

{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64}

4. Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma-separated numbers from console and generate a list and a tuple which contains every number.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: 34,67,55,33,12,98

Then, the output should be:

5. Define a class which has at least two methods:

getString: to get a string from console input

printString: to print the string in upper case.

Also please include simple test function to test the class methods.

6. Write a program that calculates and prints the value according to the given formula:

Q = Square root of [(2 * C * D)/H]

Following are the fixed values of C and H: C is 50. H is 30. D is the variable whose values should be input to your program in a comma-separated sequence.

Example:

Let us assume the following comma separated input sequence is given to the program: 100,150,180

The output of the program should be: 18,22,24

7. Write a program which takes 2 digits, X,Y as input and generates a 2-dimensional array. The element value in the i-th row and j-th column of the array should be i*j. Note: i=0,1...,X-1; j=0,1,j-Y-1.

Example: Suppose the following inputs are given to the program: 3,5

Then, the output of the program should be:

[[0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]]

8. Write a program that accepts a comma separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a comma-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: without, hello, bag, world

Then, the output should be: bag, hello, without, world

- **9.** Write a program that accepts sequence of lines as input and prints the lines after making all characters in the sentence capitalized. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
- o Hello world
- o Practice makes perfect

Then, the output should be:

- o HELLO WORLD
- o PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT
- **10.** Write a program that accepts a sequence of whitespace separated words as input and prints the words after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
- o hello world and practice makes perfect and hello world again

Then, the output should be:

- o again and hello makes perfect practice world
- **11**. A website requires the users to input username and password to register. Write a program to check the validity of password input by users.

Following are the criteria for checking the password:

- 1. At least 1 letter between [a-z]
- 2. At least 1 number between [0-9]
- 1. At least 1 letter between [A-Z]
- 3. At least 1 character from [\$#@]
- 4. Minimum length of transaction password: 6

5. Maximum length of transaction password: 12

Your program should accept a sequence of comma separated passwords and will check them according to the above criteria. Passwords that match the criteria are to be printed, each separated by a comma.

Example

If the following passwords are given as input to the program:

ABd1234@1,a F1#,2w3E*,2We3345

Then, the output of the program should be:

ABd1234@1

- 12. Write a Python Program to prepare list of passwords that can be used to perform dictionary attack to crack password.
- 13. Write a python script to read and analyse pcap files.
- 14. Develop port scanner using python code.
- 15. Create client server based application using python code.
- 16. Write python script to access websites using python module request.
- 17. Write python code to analyze http response using beatiful soap module.
- 18. Write python script to analyze Windows registry.

Lab Evaluation:

The evaluation of lab criteria will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings:

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Malware Analysis & Reverse Engineering Lab

Course Objectives:

The primary objective of this lab course is to provide a practical introduction to various techniques used for malware analysis and reverse engineering.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- to setup platform for malware analysis
- to use various tools available for malware analysis
- to analyse malware using reverse engineering.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

Lab Evaluation:

The evaluation of lab criteria will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Ligh, M. H., Case, A., Levy, J., & Walters, A. (2014). The Art of Memory Forensics: Detecting Malware and Threats in Windows, Linux, and Mac Memory. United States: Wiley

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Steganography Lab

Course Objectives:

- To provide deeper understanding of principles of Data hiding and to provide practice to demonstrate the difference between Steganography and Water-Marking.
- To develop skills with hand-on experience of Steganography and Water-Marking techniques used with different Stegeo-objects.
- To acquire deeper understanding how to apply Steganography and Water-Marking techniques to protect Intellectual rights from any fraud and forgery.

Course Outcomes:

After Completion of the lab course the students will be able:

- Implement and analyse the Steganography techniques.
- Analyse and design of data hiding algorithms, like data embedding into multimedia objects.
- Implement different Water-Marking techniques and analyse Watermark security & authentication
- Analyse and Design of more robust Steganography and Water-Marking techniques against Malicious Attacks.
- Apply data hiding techniques in digital right management.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	
Total Total	100

Suggested Readings

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Secure Software Design & Enterprise Computing Lab

Course Objectives:

To fix software flaws and bugs in various software. Students will aware of various issues like weak random number generation, information leakage, poor usability, and weak or no encryption on data traffic. Learn Methodologies and tools for developing secure software with minimum vulnerabilities and flaws.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To learn the use of various tools for software vulnerability.
- To apply different techniques for identification of software flaws.
- To track the resolution of flaws in software.
- To interrelate security and software development process.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings:

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Big Data Analytics and Visualization Lab

Course Objectives:

The lab will help students prepare the big data with pre-procesing analysis and to extract the meaningful data from unstructured data. Help student to develop data visualizations skill and to apply various tools for analysis of structured and unstructured big data.

Course Outcome:

After completion of lab course, students would be able:

- To Pre-process the un-structured data by various cleaning activities.
- To convert the un-structured data to structured format.
- Use Python libraries for analysis and visualisation of data such as PySpark, PyMongo,pandas, numpy and beutifulsoap.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Internet of Things-Lab

Course Objectives:

The outcome of IOT Lab is to introduce the students to the different IOT technologies. To develop skills that will help the students to develop different IOT applications. To help use different IOT protocols and analysis the data in IOT.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To identify the different technology and develop IOT based applications.
- To analysis and evaluate protocols used in IOT.
- To evaluate the data received through sensors in IOT.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Digital Forensics Lab

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to provide practical exposure of tools used to perform various activities related to different types of digital forensics such as memory forensics, network forensics and web forensics.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this lab course, students would be able:

- To prepare case documents.
- To setup platform for digital investigation.
- To acquire and analyse various types of electronic evidences..
- To analyse Email and web communication headers.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

Lab Evaluation:

The evaluation of lab criteria will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Marcella, A. J.(2007), Cyber forensics: A field manual for collecting, examining and preserving evidence of computer crimes. New York: Auerbach publications.

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Secure Coding Lab

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is to explain the most frequent programming errors leading to software vulnerabilities and identify security problems in software.

Learning outcome:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To implement secure programs and list various risks in the softwares.
- To classify different errors that lead to vulnerabilities.
- To analyse various possible security attacks in the programs.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	10
	0

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Seacord, R. C. (2013). Secure Coding in C and C++. United States: Addison Wisley Professional.
- 3. Chess, B., and West J. (2007). Secure Programming with static Analysis. United States: Addison Wisley.

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Security Assessment & Risk Analysis Lab

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To implement the appropriate security technology based on balancing threat and controls, costs, impact and likelihood of events.
- To introduce and implement the key principles of Security Risk Assessment (Risk and Threat Analysis, Risk Assessment, Control Frameworks) both qualitatively and quantitatively.
- To identify threats and apply corresponding security controls.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To identify the relevant assets and the corresponding impacts of possible threats for a moderately complex case study;
- Mitigate threats with control according to the risk appetite of a relevant stakeholder;
- To quantitatively estimate, for the particular case of cyber threats, the technical impact of vulnerabilities in a company's environment;
- To quantitatively estimate the overall risk for a large scale network.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Blockchain Technology Lab

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is to introduce students to the concept of Blockchain, crypto primitives, Bitcoin basics, distributed consensus, consensus in Bitcoin, permissioned Blockchain, hyper ledger fabric and various applications where Blockchain is used.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To design the basic concept of Blockchain, Crypto Primitives, Bitcoin Basics
- To identify the area in which they can apply permission or permission less blockchain.
- To apply Block chaining concept in various applications.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective - II subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

- 1. Lab Manual
- 2. Gaur, N., Desrosiers, L., Ramakrishna, V., Novotny, P., Baset, S., & O'Dowd A. (2018). Hands-On Blockchain with Hyperledger: Building decentralized applications with Hyperledger Fabric and Composer. United Kingdom: Packt Publishing Ltd. Packt.
- 3. Badr, B., Horrocks, R., and Xun(Brian), Wu. (2018). Blockchain By Example: A developer's guide to creating decentralized applications using Bitcoin, Ethereum, and Hyperledger. United Kingdom: Packt Publishing Ltd.

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Title: Quantum Cryptography Lab

Course Objectives:

- To provide one-to-one correspondence between theory and hands-on in terms of in-depth knowledge of fundamentals of Quantum Information Processing.
- To develop skills with hand-on experience of simulation of quantum computation in order to work in the field of Quantum Information Processing and Cryptography.
- To acquire deeper understanding to design, develop, and analyse efficient algorithms in the field of Quantum Computing.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To write a script to simulate qubits, multi-qubit pure and mixed quantum states, the celebrated Bell states and density matrices associated with entangled systems.
- To write a script to simulate quantum circuits composed of single and multi-qubit quantum gates.
- To write a script to simulate different measures of entanglement and nonlocality in pure and mixed two and three-qubit states.
- To write a script to simulate different noisy channels to analyse the effect of noise on entanglement and efficiency of a protocol.
- Simulate different quantum information processing protocols such as teleportation, dense coding, and Secret Sharing.

Students will implement the lab practical as per the syllabus of the subject.

List of Practical will be based on Elective subject opted by the students

Lab Evaluation:

The criteria for evaluation of lab will be based on following parameters:

Component	Marks
Continuous Evaluation	60
End Term (Implementation and Viva-Voce)	40
Total	100

Suggested Readings

Interdisciplinary course (Semester-II)

L	T	P	Cr
2	0	0	2

Course Code: CST.530

Course Title: Introduction to Digital Logic

Total Hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able:

- To describe the digital signal along with the operations applicable on them.
- To discuss different number systems and conversion between them along with memory devices used to store such data.
- To apply the Boolean laws in different situations.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Introduction: Digital Signals, basic digital circuits: AND operation, OR operation and NOT operation.

Number Systems: Introduction, Binary number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal Number system, Conversion of one number system to other, Gray code.

UNIT II 7 Hours

Logic Gates and Boolean Algebra: Boolean Laws, Boolean expression and functions, Logic Gates.

UNIT III 8 Hours

Combinational Circuit Design: Karnaugh Map representation of logic functions, SOP, POS, Simplification of logic functions using K-Map.

UNIT IV 7 Hours

Flip-Flops: 1-bit memory cell, S-R Flip Flop, J-K Flip Flop, D- Flip Flop, T- Flip Flop.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Mano, M. and Charles, K. (2007). Logic and Computer Design Fundamentals. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Jain, R.P. (2006). Modern Digital Electronics. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Kharate, G.K. (2010). Digital Electronics. United States: Oxford Higher Education.
- 4. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
2	0	0	2

Course Title: Multimedia and Its Applications

Total Hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able:

- To identify and analyze different types of multimedia along with their representation.
- To differentiate between formats of all types of multimedia.

• To plan where we can use these multimedia.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Introductory Concepts: Multimedia-Definitions, Basic properties and medium types. Multimedia applications, Uses of Multimedia.

Sound/ Audio: Basic Sound Concepts, Music. **Speech:** Generation, Analysis and Transmission.

UNIT II 7 Hours

Images and Graphics: Basic concepts: Image representation, image format, Graphics Format, Computer Image Processing.

Video and Animation: Basic Concepts: Video Signal Representation, Computer Video Format. Television: Conventional Systems, Enhanced Definition Systems, High-Definition Systems.

UNIT III 7 Hours

Data Compression: Storage space, coding requirements, JPEG, MPEG.

Miscellaneous: Optical Storage Media, Mutlimedia Operating Systems, Multimedia Communication Systems.

UNIT IV 8 Hours

Documents and Hypertext: Document Architecture, Manipulation of Multimedia Data, Hypertext, Hypermedia and Multimedia and example.

Multimedia Applications: Media Preparation, composition, Integration, communication, Consumption, and Entertainment.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Steinmetz, R. (2009). Multimedia: Computing Communications & Applications. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 2. Vaughan, T. (2008). Multimedia: making it work. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 3. Rao, K.R., Bojkovic, Z. S. and Milovanovic, D. A. (2002). Multimedia Communication Systems: Techniques, Standards, and Networks. United States: Prentice Hall.

- 4. Andleigh, P.K. (2007). Multimedia Systems Design. United States: Prentice Hall
- 5. Rimmer, S. (2007). Advanced Multimedia Programming. New Delhi: Windcrest/McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
2	0	0	2

Course Title: Introduction to MatLab

Total Hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able:

- To describe the basic syntax of MATLAB along with various functions available in it.
- To analyze all the functions in a graphical manner.

• To design a GUI interface for any software.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Introduction: MatLab, MatLab Syntax and interactive computations.

UNIT II 7 Hours

Programming: in Matlab using procedures and functions: Arguments and return values, M-files, Formatted console input-output, String handling.

UNIT III 8 Hours

Control Statements: Conditional statements: If, Else, Elseif. Repetition statements: While, For.

Manipulating Text: Writing to a text file, Reading from a text.

UNIT IV 7 Hours

Graph Plots: Basic plotting, Built in functions

GUI Interface: Attaching buttons to actions, Getting Input, Setting Output

Using the toolboxes

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Attaway. (2012). Matlab: A Practical Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving. Elsevier
- 2. Pratap, R. (2010). Getting Started with MATLAB: A Quick Introduction for Scientists and Engineers. New Delhi: Oxford.
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

SEMESTER -III

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Code: CBS.551

Course Title: Biometric Security

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

- Introduce Bio-metric and traditional authentication methods.
- Describe the background theory and types of features used in biometric techniques and algorithms related to various biometrics.
- Evaluate the performance of various biometric systems.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To describe the various modules constituting a bio-metric system. Compare and contrast the different bio-metric traits and appreciate their relative significance.
- To classify the different feature sets used to represent some of the popular bio-metric traits.
- To evaluate and design security systems incorporating bio-metrics.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Introduction and Definitions of bio-metrics, Traditional authenticated methods and technologies. Introduction to Image Processing, Image Enhancement Techniques: Spatial Domain Methods: Smoothing, sharpening filters, Laplacian filters, Frequency domain filters, Smoothing and sharpening filters.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Image Restoration & Reconstruction: Model of Image Degradation/restoration process, Noise models, spatial filtering, inverse filtering, Minimum mean square Error filtering.

Introduction to image segmentation: Image edge detection: Introduction to edge detection, types of edge detectors. Introduction to image feature extraction.

UNIT III 21 Hours

Bio-metric technologies: Fingerprint, Face, Iris, Hand Geometry, Gait recognition, Ear, Voice, Palm print, On-Line Signature Verification, 3D Face, Recognition, Dental Identification and DNA.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

The Law and the use of multi bio-metrics systems. Statistical measurement of Bio-metric.

Bio-metrics in Government Sector and Commercial Sector. Case Studies of biometric system, Bio-metric Transaction. Bio-metric System Vulnerabilities.

Recent trends in Bio-metric technologies and applications in various domains. Case study of 3D face recognition and DNA matching.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Experimentation
- Case study
- Demonstration
- Discussion
- Problem solving

- 1. Reid, P. (2004). Biometrics for network security, Pearson Education.
- 2. Maltoni, D., Maio, D., Jain, A.K., and Prabhakar, S. (2003). Handbook of Fingerprint Recognition. Springer Verlag.
- 3. Jain, A. K., Bolle, R., and Pankanti S. (1999). BIOMETRICS: Personal Identification in Networked Society. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- 4. Wayman, J., Jain, A. K., Maltoni, D., and Maio D. (2004). Biometric Systems: Technology, Design and Performance Evaluation. Springer.
- 5. Jain, A. K., Ross, A. A., & kumar, K. N. (2011). Introduction to Biometric, Springer.
- 6. Jain, A. K., Maltoni, D., and Maio, D. (2005). Biometric Systems: Technology, Design and Performance Evaluation. Springer.
- 7. Gonzalez, R. C., and Woods, R. E. (2018). Digital Image Processing India: Person Education.
- 8. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Data Warehousing and Data Mining

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to introduce data warehousing and mining techniques. Applications of data mining in web mining, pattern matching and cluster analysis are included to aware students of broad data mining areas.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To discuss different sequential pattern algorithms.
- To apply the techniques to extract patterns from time series data and their applications in real world.
- Examine Graph mining algorithms to Web mining.
- To design the computing framework for Big Data.

UNIT I 14 Hours

Introduction to Data Warehousing: Data warehousing Architecture, OLAP Server, Data warehouse Implementation.

Data Mining: Mining frequent patterns, association and correlations; Sequential Pattern Mining concepts, primitives, scalable methods;

UNIT II 15 Hours

Classification and prediction: Cluster Analysis – Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning methods, Hierarchical Methods; Transactional Patterns and other temporal based frequent patterns.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Mining Time series Data, Periodicity Analysis for time related sequence data, Trend analysis, Similarity search in Time-series analysis;

Mining Data Streams, Methodologies for stream data processing and stream data systems, Frequent pattern mining in stream data, Sequential Pattern Mining in Data Streams, Classification of dynamic data streams.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Web Mining, Mining the web page layout structure, mining web link structure, mining multimedia data on the web, Automatic classification of web documents and web usage mining; Distributed Data Mining.

Recent trends in Distributed Warehousing and Data Mining, Class Imbalance Problem; Graph Mining; Social Network Analysis.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Han, J., and Kamber, M., (2011). Data Mining Concepts and Techniques. Elsevier Publication.
- 2. Tan, P., Kumar, V., & Steinbach M. (2016). Introduction to Data Minings. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3. Dong, G., and Pei, J. (2007). Sequence Data Mining. New York: Springer.
- 4. Han, Jiawei, Kamber, Micheline, Pei, Jian. (2012). Data mining: Concepts and techniques, USA: Morgan Kaufman publishers.
- 5. Kantardzic, Mehmed. (2011). Data mining: concepts, models, methods and algorithms. New Jersey: John, Wiley & sons.
- 6. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Intelligent Systems

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to introduce to the field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) with emphasis on its use to solve real world problems for which solutions are difficult to express using the traditional algorithmic approach. It explores the essential theory behind methodologies for developing systems that demonstrate intelligent behaviour including dealing with uncertainty, learning from experience and following problem solving strategies found in nature.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To demonstrate knowledge of the fundamental principles of intelligent systems.
- To analyse and compare the relative merits of a variety of AI problem solving techniques.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Search Methods Basic concepts of graph and tree search. Three simple search methods: breadth-first search, depth-first search, iterative deepening search. Heuristic search methods: best-first search, admissible evaluation functions, hill climbing search. Optimization and search such as stochastic annealing and genetic algorithm.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Knowledge representation and logical inference Issues in knowledge representation. Structured representation, such as frames, and scripts, semantic networks and conceptual graphs. Formal logic and logical inference. Knowledge-based systems structures, its basic components. Ideas of Blackboard architectures.

UNIT III 15 Hours

Reasoning under uncertainty and Learning Techniques on uncertainty reasoning such as Bayesian reasoning, Certainty factors and Dempster-Shafer Theory of Evidential reasoning, A study of different learning and evolutionary algorithms, such as statistical learning and induction learning.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Biological foundations to intelligent systems I: Artificial neural networks, Back propagation

Networks, Radial basis function networks, and recurrent networks.

Biological foundations to intelligent systems II: Fuzzy logic, knowledge Representation and inference mechanism, genetic algorithm, and fuzzy neural networks.

Recent trends in Fuzzy logic, Knowledge Representation

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Case Studies

- 1. Luger, G.F. and Stubblefield, W.A. (2001). Artificial Intelligence: Structures and strategies for Complex Problem Solving. United States: Addison Wesley.
- 2. Russell, S., and Norvig, P. (2015). Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 3. Russell S. and Norvig P. (2015). Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach. New Delhi: Pearson education India private limited.
- 4. Rich, E., Knight, K.N., Shivashankar, B. (2012). Artificial intelligence. New Delhi: Tata McGraw hill education private limited.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Mobile Applications & Services

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

This course presents the three main mobile platforms and their ecosystems, namely Android, iOS, and PhoneGap/Web OS. It explores emerging technologies and tools used to design and implement feature-rich mobile applications for smartphones and tablets

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able:

- To explain the fundamentals, frameworks, and development lifecycle of mobile application platforms including iOS, Android, and PhoneGap.
- To identify the target platform and users.
- To design and develop a mobile application prototype in one of the platforms (challenge project).

UNIT I 14 Hours

Introduction: Introduction to Mobile Computing, Introduction to Android Development Environment, Factors in Developing Mobile Applications, Mobile Software Engineering, Frameworks and Tools, Generic UI Development Android User.

UNIT II 14 Hours

More on Uis: VUIs and Mobile Apps, Text-to-Speech Techniques, Designing the Right UI, Multichannel and Multimodal Uis, . Storing and Retrieving Data, Synchronization and Replication of Mobile Data, Getting the Model Right, Android Storing and Retrieving Data, Working with a Content Provider

UNIT III 15 Hours

Communications via Network and the Web: State Machine, Correct Communications Model, Android Networking and Web, Telephony Deciding Scope of an App, Wireless Connectivity and Mobile Apps, Android Telephony Notifications and Alarms-Performance, Performance and Memory Management, Android Notifications and Alarms, Graphics, Performance and Multithreading, Graphics and UI Performance, Android Graphics.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Putting It All Together: Packaging and Deploying, Performance Best Practices, Android Field Service App, Location Mobility and Location Based Services Android Multimedia: Mobile Agents and Peer-to-Peer Architecture, Android Multimedia Platforms and Additional Issues: Development Process, Architecture, Design, Technology Selection, Mobile App Development Hurdles, Testing, Security and Hacking, Active Transactions, More on Security, Hacking Android.

Recent trends in Communication protocols for IOT nodes, mobile computing techniques in IOT, agents based communications in IOT.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Lee, W. (2012). Beginning Android TM 4 Application Development. United Sates: John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. B'far, Reza. (2013). Mobile computing principles: Designing and developing mobile applications with UML and XML. New Delhi: Cambridge university press.
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Cyber Threat Intelligence

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to introduce students to explain the cyber threats and cyber threat intelligence requirements. Classify cyber threat information and examine the potential for incidents and, provide more thoughtful responses.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Describe different Cyber Threat.
- Explain technique to Develop Cyber Threat Intelligence Requirements.
- Analyze and Disseminate Cyber Threat Intelligence

UNIT I 15 Hours

Defining Cyber Threat Intelligence: The Need for Cyber Threat Intelligence: The menace of targeted attacks, the monitor-and-respond strategy, Why the strategy is failing, Cyber Threat Intelligence Defined, Key Characteristics: Adversary based, Risk focused, Process oriented, Tailored for diverse consumers, The Benefits of Cyber Threat Intelligence

UNIT II 14 Hours

Developing Cyber Threat Intelligence Requirements: Assets That Must Be Prioritized: Personal information, Intellectual property, Confidential business information, Credentials and IT systems information, Operational systems. Adversaries: Cybercriminals, Competitors and cyber espionage agents, Hacktivists. Intelligence Consumers: Tactical users, Operational users, Strategic users

UNIT III 16 Hours

Collecting Cyber Threat Information: Level 1: Threat Indicators, File hashes and reputation data, Technical sources: honeypots and scanners, Industry sources: malware and reputation feeds. Level 2: Threat Data Feeds, Cyber threat statistics, reports, and surveys, Malware analysis. Level 3: Strategic Cyber Threat Intelligence, Monitoring the underground, Motivation and intentions, Tactics, techniques, and procedures.

Analysing and Disseminating Cyber Threat Intelligence: Information versus Intelligence, Validation and Prioritization: Risk scores, Tags for context, Human assessment. Interpretation and Analysis: Reports, Analyst skills, Intelligence platform, Customization. Dissemination: Automated feeds and APIs, Searchable knowledge base, Tailored reports.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Selecting the Right Cyber Threat Intelligence Partner: Types of Partners: Providers of threat indicators, Providers of threat data feeds, Providers of comprehensive cyber threat intelligence. Important Selection Criteria: Global

and cultural reach, Historical data and knowledge, Range of intelligence deliverables, APIs and integrations, Intelligence platform, knowledge base, and portal, Client services, Access to experts. Intelligence-driven Security.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Cooperative learning
- Flipped classroom
- Self-Learning

- 1. Friedman, J., and Bouchard, M., CISSP. Foreword by Watters, J. P., (1997). Definitive Guide to Cyber Threat Intelligence. Maryland: Cyber Edge Group, LLC.
- 2. Roberts, S. J., and Brown, R. (2017). Intelligence- Driven Incident Response: Outwitting the Adversary. California: O'Reilly Media.
- 3. Dalziel, H., (2014). How to Define and Build an Effective Cyber Threat Intelligence Capability. Elsevier Science & Technology.
- 4. Robertson, J., Diab, A., Marin, E., Nunes, E., Paliath, V., Shakarian, J., & Shakarian, P., (2017). DarkWeb Cyber Threat Intelligence Mining. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Gourley, B., (2014). The Cyber Threat. United States: Createspace Independent Pub.
- 6. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Cost Management of Engineering Projects

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

This course provides students with skills and knowledge of cost management of engineering projects. The course will enable students to understand the key components of engineering project.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course the students will be able to

- Employ their knowledge and skills together to understand the basics of a successful project.
- Explain the cost behaviour and profit planning
- Compare various quantitative methods for cost management

UNIT I 14 Hours

Introduction and Overview of the Strategic Cost Management Process Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost. Objectives of a Costing System; Inventory valuation; Creation of a Database for operational control; Provision of data for Decision-Making.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centers, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities. Detailed Engineering activities. Pre project execution main clearances and documents Project team: Role of each member. Importance Project site: Data required with significance.

Project contracts. Types and contents. Project execution Project cost control. Bar charts and Network diagram. Project commissioning: mechanical and process.

UNIT III 15 Hours

Cost Behaviour and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Various decision-making problems. Standard Costing and Variance Analysis. Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis. Target costing, Life Cycle Costing. Costing of service sector. Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Total Quality Management and Theory of constraints.

UNIT IV 16 Hours

Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis. Budgetary Control; Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets. Measurement of Divisional profitability pricing decisions including transfer pricing.

Quantitative techniques for cost management, Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Simulation, Learning Curve Theory.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- E-tutorial
- Problem Solving
- Self-Learning

- 1. Horngren, C. T., and Datar, S. M. (2017). Cost Accounting a Managerial Emphasis. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Riahi-Belkaoui, A. (2001). Advanced Management Accounting. California: Greenwood Publication Group.
- 3. Kaplan, R. S., and Alkinson, A. A. (1998). Management Accounting. United States: Prentice Hall.
- 4. Bhattacharya, A. K. (2012). Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting. Allahabad, A. H. Wheeler publisher.
- 5. Vohra, N. D. (2017). Quantitative Techniques in Management. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 6. Rao, Thukaram M.E. (2011). Cost and management accounting. New Delhi: New age international publishers.
- 7. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Code: CBS.553 Course Title: Cyber Law

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

The outcome of this course is to provide knowledge about the basic information on IT Act and Cyber law as well as the legislative and judicial development in the area.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Analyse fundamentals of Cyber Law.
- Discuss IT Act & its Amendments.
- Relate Cyber laws with security incidents.

UNIT I 13 Hours

Concept of Cyberspace, Issues of Jurisdiction in Cyberspace: Jurisdiction Principles under International law, Jurisdiction in different states, Position in India. Conflict of Laws in Cyberspace, International Efforts for harmonization Privacy in Cyberspace.

UNIT II 15 Hours

Electronic Commerce, Cyber Contract, Intellectual Property Rights and Cyber Laws. UNCITRAL Model Law, Digital Signature and Digital Signature Certificates, E-Governance and Records.

UNIT III 17 Hours

Define Crime, *Mens Rea*, Crime in Context of Internet, Types of Cyber Crime, Computing Damage in Internet Crime, Offences under IPC (Indian Panel Code, 1860), Offences & Penalties under IT Act 2000, IT Act Amendments, Investigation & adjudication issues, Digital Evidence.

UNIT IV 15 Hours

Obscenity and Pornography, Internet and potential of Obscenity, International and National Instruments on Obscenity & Pornography, Child Pornography, Important Case Studies.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Ahmad, F. (2015). Cyber Law in India, Faridabad: New era law publications.
- 2. Sharma, J.P., Kanojia, S. (2016). Cyber Laws, New Delhi: Ane Books Pvt Ltd.

- 3. Chander, H. (2012). Cyber Laws and IT Protection. New Delhi: Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.
- 4. Justice Yatindra Singh. (2016). Cyber Laws. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Co.
- 5. Chaubey, R.K. (2012). An Introduction to cyber-crime and cyber law, Kolkata: Kamal Law House.
- 6. Tiwari, G. (2014). Understanding Laws: Cyber Laws & Cyber Crimes. New York: Lexis Nexis.
- 7. Seth, K. (2013). Justice Altamas Kabir, Computers Internet and New Technology Laws. New York: Lexis Nexis.
- 8. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
4	0	0	4

Course Title: Software Metrics

Total Hours: 60

Course Objectives:

Understand the underlying concepts, principles and practices in Software Measurements. Designing of Metrics model for software quality prediction and reliability.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Explain the role of software Metrics in Industry size software
- Prepare empirical investigation of software for a quality measurement
- Examine software reliability and problem solving by designing and selecting software reliability models.

UNIT I 15 Hours

Overview of Software Metrics: Measurement in Software Engineering, Scope of Software Metrics, Measurement and Models Meaningfulness in measurement, Measurement quality, Measurement process, Scale, Measurement validation, Object-oriented measurements.

Goal based framework for software measurement: Software measure classification, Goal-Question-Metrics(GQM) and Goal-Question-Indicator-Metrics (GQIM), Applications of GQM and GQIM.

UNIT II 16 Hours

Empirical Investigation: Software engineering investigation, Investigation principles, Investigation techniques, Planning Formal experiments, Case Studies for Empirical investigations.

Object-oriented metrics: Object-Oriented measurement concepts, Basic metrics for OO systems, OO analysis and design metrics, Metrics for productivity measurement, Metrics for OO software quality.

UNIT III 16 Hours

Measuring Internal Product attributes: Software Size, Length, reuse, Functionality, Complexity, Software structural measurement, Control flow structure, Cyclomatic Complexity, Data flow and data structure attributes Architectural measurement.

Measuring External Product attributes: Software Quality Measurements, Aspectes of Quality Measurements, Maintainability Measurements, Usability and Security Measurements.

UNIT IV 13 Hours

Measuring software Reliability: Concepts and definitions, Software reliability models and metrics, Fundamentals of software reliability engineering (SRE), Reliability management model.

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture cum Demonstration
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Fenton, N. E. and Pfleeger, S. L. (1996). Software Metrics: A Rigorous and Practical Approach. New York: International Thomson Computer Press.
- 2. Kan, S. H. (2002). Metrics and Models in Software Quality Engineering. United States: Addison-Wesley Professional.
- 3. Anirban, B. (2015). Software Quality Assurance, Testing and Metrics. United States: Prentice Hall India Learning.
- 4. Tian, Jeff. (2010). Software quality engineering: Testing, quality assurance and quantifiable improvement. New Delhi: Wiley India.
- 5. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.



L	T	P	Cr
0	0	10	5

Course Title: Dissertation/ Industrial Project

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- The student shall have to write his/ her synopsis including an extensive review of literature with simultaneous identification of scientifically sound (and achievable) objectives backed by a comprehensive and detailed methodology. The students shall also present their synopsis to the synopsis approval committee.
- The second objective of Dissertation would be to ensure that the student learns the nuances of the scientific research. Herein the student shall have to carry out the activities/experiments to be completed during Dissertation (as mentioned in the synopsis).

Course Outcomes:

• The students would present their work to the Evaluation Committee (constituted as per the university rules). The evaluation criteria shall be as detailed below:

Evaluation criteria for Synopsis:

Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Evaluated by
Review of literature	50	Internal Evaluation by Dean of
Identification of gaps in knowledge and Problem Statement, Objective formulation & Methodology	50	School, HOD/ HOD nominee, Two faculty member nominated by Dean/HOD, Supervisor.
Total	100	

Student will be given final marks based the average marks by the Evaluation Committee

Timeline Works for Synopsis and Mid-Term:

Month	JULY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Synops	Bi- Weekly	Submission				
is	report	of Synopsis				
	submitted to	and				
	Supervisor	Presentation				
Mid-			Bi-	Report	Final	
Term			Weekly	submission	Submission	
			report	in 3 rd week	of Mid Term	
			submitt	Final	Report	
			ed to	Presentation		
			Supervis	in 4 th week		
			or			

Grading of Marks:

Grades	A	В	С	D	E
Marks	85-100	84-75	74-65	64-40	0-40

Grading Evaluation:

drauing Draidacion.	
Abbreviations of Grades	Grades
Excellent	A
Very Good	В
Good	C
Average	D
Below Average/ Un-Satisfactory	E

Evaluation criteria for Mid-Term:

Evaluation Parameter	Max. Marks	Evaluated By
Mid Term Review and Presentation	50	Internal/External Evaluation by Dean of School, HOD/ HOD
Continuous evaluation	50	nominee, Two faculty member
Total	100	nominated by Dean/ HOD, Supervisor.

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	4	2

Course Code: CBS.559
Course Title: Capstone Lab

In this, the student has to select an area and specify the base paper in that area to implement the same and show the results.

Evaluation criteria will be based on objectives stated and achieved

Course Objectives:

• The objective of this lab is to help a team of students develop and execute an innovative project idea under the direction of the Capstone course Incharge.

Learning Outcome:

After the completion of the course the students will be able:

• To complete the four phases of project development: requirements analysis, design, implementation, and documentation.

Timeline Work of Seminar:

	morn or sommer.			
Month	AUG	SEP	NOV	
		Weekly report to faculty Incharge.	3 rd week submit report 4 th week Presentation	

Evaluation Criteria:

Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Evaluated By
Area & Objectives	5	Evaluation Committee
Reports and	10	
Implementation		
Presentation and Viva-voce	10	
Total	25	

Student will be given final marks based the average marks by the Evaluation Committee

Value Added Course (Semester III & IV)

As per the availability of faculty

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	2	1

Course Code: CBS.504

Course Title: Report Writing using LaTeX

Total Hours: 32

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of course, participants will be able:

- To use the basic commands in Latex.
- To develop scripts in Latex for different types of documents.
- To illustrate troubleshooting in the latex scripts.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Latex Introduction: Installing and setting Latex environment in Windows and Linux.

Document Structure: Essential in preparing the structure of documents, Creating Titles at different levels, Sections, Labelling and preparing Table of Contents.

UNIT II 8 Hours

Formatting Text: Font Effects, Colored Text, Font Size, Bullets and lists, Comments, Spacing and Special Characters.

UNIT III 8 Hours

Tables: Working with tables, Styles, Borders, Wrapping, Inserting new rows columns and caption of Tables.

Figures: Working with Figures, Formatting of Figures, caption, Alignment and wrapping Text around figures.

UNIT IV 8 Hours

Equation: Inserting Equation, Mathematical Symbols, Fractions, Roots, Sums & Integrals and Greek Letters.

References: BibTeX File, Inserting the bibliography, Citing References, Styles of References

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Peer Learning/Teaching
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Lamport, L. (2014), Latex A document preparation system. New York: Adisson Wesley Publishing Company.
- 2. Kotwiz. S. (2015). Latex Cook Book. United Kingdom: Packt Publishing Lmt.
- 3. Nicola Louise Cecilia Talbot. (2013). Using LaTeX to Write a PhD Thesis, Dickimaw Books.
- 4. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

Value Added Course (Semester - III & IV) (For other departments only as per the availability of faculty)

L T P Cr 0 0 2 1

Course Code: CST.504

Course Title: Python Programming

Total Hours: 32 Course Outcomes

After the completion of course, participants will be able to:

- Explain basics of programming.
- Define various constructs of python programming.
- Develop python code to handle data stored in files.
- Develop python code to represent the data in graphical mode.

UNIT I 8 Hours

Introduction to algorithm, flowchart and programming,

Python Introduction, Installing and setting Python environment, variables and its types, Operators. Flow control: if, if-else, for, while, range() function, continue statement, pass statement.

UNIT II 8 Hours

Lists: Basic Operations, Iteration, Indexing, Slicing. Dictionaries: Basic dictionary operations, Basic String operations

UNIT III 8 Hours

Functions: Definition, Call, Arguments. Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Introduction to pandas library, plotting data using matplotlib

UNIT IV 8 Hours

File handling: Reading and Writing Files, working with Excel Spreadsheets, working with PDF and Word Documents, working with CSV Files

Transactional Modes:

- Lecture
- Blended Learning
- E-tutorial
- Self-Learning

- 1. Sweigart, AI. (2014). Automate the Boring Stuff with Python Practical Programming for Total Beginners. Switzerland: No Starch Press.
- 2. Mark, L. (2013). Learning Python. California: Oreilly Media.
- 3. Research Articles from SCI & Scopus indexed Journals.

SEMESTER -IV

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	16	8

Course Code: CBS.600
Course Title: Dissertation

Course Objectives:

In Dissertation the student shall have to carry out the activities/ experiments to be completed during Dissertation (as mentioned in the synopsis).

Course Outcomes:

The students would present their work to the evaluation Committee (constituted as per the university rules).

One research paper (either communicated to a Journal or accepted/presented/published in a conference proceedings) out of the dissertation research work is compulsory. The Evaluation criteria shall be as detailed below:

Evaluation Parameter	Maximum Marks	Evaluated By
Parameters by External Expert (As	50	Internal/External
per University Criteria)		Evaluation by Dean of
Presentation and defence of	50	School, DAA Nominee,
research work		HOD/ HOD nominee,
Total	100	Supervisor.

Student will be given final marks based the average marks by the Evaluation Committee

Timeline Work of Dissertation:

Month	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
Dissert	Bi-	Bi- Weekly	Report	Pre-	Final	
ation	Weekly	report	submissio	Submission	Submission of	
	report	-		Presentation	Dissertation/	
	submitte	to	week	in 3st week	Industrial	
	d to	Supervisor		Report	Project and	
	Superviso	•		submission	External	
	r			in 4 th week	Evaluation	

Grading of Marks:

Grades	A	В	С	D	E			
Marks	85-100	84-75	74-65	64-40	0-40			

Grading Evaluation:

Abbreviations of Grades	Grades
Excellent	A
Very Good	В
Good	С
Average	D
Below Average/ Un-Satisfactory	E