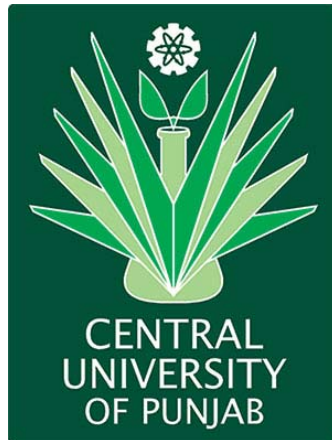


Master of Science in Geography

Course Structure and Syllabus

1st to 4th Semester

Academic Session 2018-19



Department of Geography and Geology

Central University of Punjab

Bathinda

Course Structure and Syllabus for M.Sc. Geography							
Course Code	Course Title	Credit Hours				E	CBCS
		L	T	P	Cr		
Semester-I							
CST.502	Computer Applications (Practical) **	-	-	4	2	100	CF
STA.503	Statistics for Sciences **	2	-	-	2	100	CF
GEO.506	Geomorphology	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.507	Climatology	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.508	Oceanography	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.509	Cartography (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	Co
GEO.541	Seminar	-	1	-	1	100	SB
Compulsory Paper for M.Sc. Geography							
GEO.510	Introduction to Earth's material	-	-	4	2	100	Co
IDC							
IDC.	Interdisciplinary course from other discipline	2	-	-	2	100	IDC
Total		16	1	12	23	900	
Semester-II							
GEO.521	Geographic Information System & GPS	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.522	Geographic Information System & GPS (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	Co
GEO.523	Geographical Thoughts	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.524	Biogeography	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.542	Seminar	-	1	-	1	100	SB
IDC							
IDC.	Interdisciplinary course from other discipline	2	-	-	2	100	IDC
Compulsory course for M.Sc. Geography							
GEO.525	Soil Pollution and Management	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.526	Soil Pollution and Management (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	Co
Total		18	1	8	23	800	
Semester-III							
GEO.551	Remote Sensing	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.552	Remote Sensing (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	Co
GEO.553	Survey and Field visit	-	2	-	2	100	SB
GEO.562	Research Methodology	4	-	-	4	100	CF
	Value Added Course	-	1	-	1	100	VAC
GEO.599	Project work	-	-	12	6	-	SB

Select any one elective course and its respective practical course from the followings:							
Elective courses I:							
GEO.554	Geography of Disaster	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.556	Social and Demography Geography	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.558	Gender, Health and Development	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.560	Geography of Forest	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
Elective courses I (Practical):							
GEO.555	Geography of Disaster (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.557	Social and Demography Geography (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.559	Gender, Health and Development (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.561	Geography of Forest (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
	Total	12	3	20	25	700	
Semester-IV							
GEO.571	Geography of India	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.572	Population & Settlement Geography	4	-	-	4	100	Co
GEO.573	DEC	-	2	-	2	100	DEC
GEO.574	DEC	-	2	-	2	100	DEC
	Value Added Course	-	1	-	1	100	VAC
GEO.599	Project work	-	-	12	6	-	SB
Select any one elective course and its respective practical course from the followings:							
Elective courses: II							
GEO.573	Urban System and Planning	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.575	Photogrammetry	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.577	Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
GEO.579	Watershed management	4	-	-	4	100	D. EI
Elective courses II (Practical):							
GEO.574	Urban system and Planning (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.576	Photogrammetry (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.578	Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
GEO.580	Watershed management (Practical)	-	-	4	2	100	D. EI
	Total	12	5	16	25	700	
	Grand total	L	T	P	Cr	E	CBCS
		58	10	56	96	3100	

** Course will be offered by the Department of Computer Science and Technology, Department of Mathematics and Statistics or Computational Science / Students can also choose suitable MOOC course instead of GEO.501, GEO.503.

Mode of transaction: Lecture, Demonstration, Problem solving, Tutorial, Seminar, Group discussion, field work.

Tools used: PPT, video, animation movie, whatsapp

Evaluation criteria for Theory course:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Continuous assessment (25%), Assignments (5%), Term paper (10%), Minimum 3 surprise test (10%). 2. Mid Term Test – 1 (25%): Based on subjective type test 3. Mid Term Test – 2 (25%): Based on subjective type test 4. End Semester Exam – (25%): Online MCQ test 	<p>CBCS: Choice Based Credit System Co: Core Course Fd: Foundation Course El: Elective Course</p>
L: Lectures T: Tutorial P: Practical Cr: Credits	

Semester-I

Course Title: Computer Application (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: CST.502	-	-	4	2
<p>Course Objective: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use different operating system and their tools easily. • Use word processing software, presentation software, spreadsheet software and latex. • Understand networking and internet concepts. • Use computers in every field like teaching, industry and research. 				
<p>Various lab assignments will be given based on theory subject CST.501. Assignments will be based on Computer Fundamentals, Computer Network, Word Processing, Presentation Tool, Spread Sheet, Use of Computers in Education and Research.</p>				
Evaluation Parameters		Marks		
Practical File		5/10		
Implementation		15/30		
Viva-voce		30/60		
Total		50/100		
<p>References:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sinha, P.K. Computer Fundamentals. BPB Publications. 2. Goel, A., Ray, S. K. 2012. Computers: Basics and Applications. Pearson Education India. 3. Microsoft Office Professional 2013 Step by Step https://ptgmedia.pearsoncmg.com/images/9780735669413/samplepages/9780735669413.pdf 				

Course Title: Statistics for Sciences	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: STA. 503	2	-	-	2
<p>Course objective:</p> <p>To provide the understanding and use of Statistical techniques for students of other departments.</p>				
Unit I				
<p>Descriptive Statistics: Meaning, need and importance of statistics. Attributes and variables. Measurement and measurement scales. Collection and tabulation of data. Diagrammatic representation of frequency distribution: histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve, ogives, stem and leaf plot, pie chart. (8 Lectures)</p>				
Unit II:				
<p>Measures: Measures of central tendency, dispersion (including box and whisker plot), skewness and kurtosis. Linear regression and correlation (Karl Pearson's and Spearman's) and residual plots. (8 Lectures)</p>				

Unit III:
Random variables and Distributions: Discrete and continuous random variables. Discrete Probability distributions like Binomial, Poisson and continuous distributions like Normal, F and student-t distribution. (8 Lectures)
Unit IV:
Differences between parametric and non-parametric statistics. Confidence interval, Errors, Levels of significance, Hypothesis testing. Parametric tests: Test for parameters of Normal population (one sample and two sample problems) z-test, student's t-test, F and chi-square test and Analysis of Variance (ANOVA). Non-Parametric tests: One sample: Sign test, signed rank test, Kolmogrov-Smirnov test, run test. Critical difference (CD), Least Significant Difference (LSD), Kruskal–Wallis one-way ANOVA by ranks, Friedman two-way ANOVA by ranks. (8 Lectures)
References:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. P. L. Meyer, <i>Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications</i>, Oxford & IBH Pub, 1975. 2. R. V. Hogg, J. Mckean and A. Craig, <i>Introduction to Mathematical Statistics</i>, Macmillan Pub. Co. Inc., 1978. 3. F. E. Croxton and D. J. Cowden, <i>Applied General Statistics</i>, 1975. 4. P. G. Hoel, <i>Introduction to Mathematical Statistics</i>, 1997.

Course Title: Geomorphology	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.506	4	-	-	4
Course objective:				
It introduces the basic concepts of geomorphology. It covers various geomorphic processes that would help in understanding different landforms on the earths' surface.				
Unit I: Fundamental Concepts in Geomorphology:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept & fundamentals of geomorphology; Principles of uniformitarianism • Doctrine of Isostasy - Views of Airy and Pratt • Mountain Building Theories – concepts of Kober, Daly and Holmes. • Concept of relief and relief features – mountains, plateaus, hills, foothills, valleys, plains and • Floodplains. 				
Unit II: Earth Movements and Interior of the Earth				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plate Tectonics and Continental drift theory. • Earthquake and volcanism – seismology, Plutonism • Evolution of the earth and Earth's internal structure; composition and characteristics. 				
Unit III: Geomorphic Processes and landforms				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cycle of Erosion - concepts of Davis and Penck • Gradational and aggradational processes: concept of slope, erosion and mass wasting. • Geomorphic landform: fluvial, glacial, Aeolian, coastal and karst. 				

Unit IV: Geology and Pedology	(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weathering: Physical and chemical Process • Rocks: types, formation and characteristics • Soil: types, formation and characteristics 	
Suggested readings:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Thornbury, W.D. (1969) Principles of Geomorphology, New York: John Wiley and Sons. 2nd edition, December 2004. 2. Singh, Savindra (1998). Geomorphology, Allahabad: Prayag Pustak Bhawan. 3. Bloom, Arthur L., Geomorphology: A Systematic Analysis of Late Cainozoic Landforms, Pearson Education, Singapore, 3rd Edition, 2003. 4. Bloom, A.L. (1979) Geomorphology, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 5. Chorley, R.J., et.al. (1984): Geomorphology, John Wiley and Sons, New York. 6. Sparks, B.W. (1972): Geomorphology, Longman Group Ltd. 7. Strahler, A.N. (1992) Physical Geography, New York: John Wiley and Sons. 	

Course Title: Climatology	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.507	4	-	-	4
Course objective:				
It introduces the basic concepts of climatology. The paper covers understanding the atmospheric condition and various agents affecting the earth surface. It includes applied climatology that would study inter relationship of man and climate.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature and Scope of Climatology • Earth's Atmosphere: Evolution, Structure and Composition. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solar radiation and Terrestrial radiation; Variation, distribution and effect on atmosphere • Greenhouse effect and global heat budget • Temperature: Concept, measurement, scales, daily and annual cycles of temperature; vertical distribution; world distribution. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cloud: Type and formation and relation to hydrological cycle • Atmospheric moisture and precipitation: Concept and measurement of atmospheric moisture; condensation - forms of condensation; adiabatic temperature changes, formation and types of precipitation; global distribution of precipitation. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wind circulation Models of general circulation of the atmosphere: Jet stream, Air 				

<p>masses and fronts, characteristics, movements, frontogenesis.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tropical cyclones; mechanism and characteristics • Classification of climates: Empirical and generic, Climatic classification with special reference to Koppen and Thornthwaite.
<p>Suggested readings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Savindra Singh (2005). 'Climatology', Prayag Pustak Bhavan, Allahabad. 2. Lal, D.S. (1998). 'Climatology', Chaitanya Publishing House, Allahabad. 3. Barry, G.G. and Chorley. (1976). Atmosphere, Weather and Climate, Methuen and Co., London. 4. Barret, E.C. (1974). Climatology from Satellites, Methuen London. 5. Critchfield, H.F., (1987). General Climatology, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 6. Lova Lutgens, Federic K. & Tarbuck Edward J (1995). 'The Atmosphere: An Introduction to Meteorology', Prentice Hall, New Jersey. 7. Thompson, R.D. and Allen, P. (1997). 'Applied Climatology: Principles and Practice', Routledge, London and New York.

Course Title: Oceanography	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.508	4	-	-	4
<p>Course objective: The objectives of this course are to provide the details of bottom relief of major oceans, major features of ocean basins, circulation patterns in the oceans, temperature and salinity distribution etc. It also helps the students to understand the marine resources and the impacts of humans on marine environment.</p>				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature and Scope of Oceanography; • Major features of Ocean basins and ocean deposits • Bottom relief of Indian, Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical and chemical properties of sea water, sources and factors affecting the distribution of temperature and salinity. • Circulation patterns in the ocean – ocean currents, water masses, waves, tides and tsunamis, their types and theories of origin. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Marine biological environment, bio zones – Plankton, Nekton and Benthos • Coral reef; types, characteristics and theories of origin. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ocean resource and their influence on human activity • Impacts of Humans on the Marine Environment – Laws of the sea, marine resources, pollution, EEZ (exclusive Economic Zone). 				
Suggested readings:				

1. Garrison, T. (2001). Oceanography – An Introduction to Marine Science, Books/Cole, Pacific Grove, USA.
2. Gross M. Grant (1987). Oceanography – A view of the Earth, Prentice Hall Inc. New Jersey.
3. Singh Savindra (2001). Oceanography, Allahabad.

Course Title: Cartography (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.509	-	-	4	2
Course objective: It introduces the basic concepts of geomorphology. It covers various geomorphic processes that would help in understanding different landforms on the earths' surface.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Map Scale: Horizontal and vertical, vertical exaggeration, Scale factor: Enlargement and reduction of Maps • Reading and Analysis of Topographical Maps of 1:50,000 scale and Preparation of Thematic Map/and Generation of Data from the topographical maps (land use map and area under different land-use categories) • Construction of Transect Chart showing the relationship among Relief, Drainage, Vegetation, Settlements, Agriculture and Transport Network • Map projection: Sinusoidal projection, Mollweide's Projection, UTM projection. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Choropleth mapping (Density of population/Land Use/Cropping pattern) • Nearest Neighbour Analysis • Pie-graph for representation of land use, cropping pattern, rural-urban composition, etc. • Cartographic representation of economic data: Age-sex pyramid, line graph, bar graph • Transport network analysis using connectivity indices (alpha, beta & gamma) 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Keates, J.S. (1998). Cartographic Design and Production, Longman, London. 2. Misra, R.P. and Ramesh, A. (1989). Fundamental of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi. 3. Monkhouse, F.J. (1994). Maps and Diagrams, Methuen and Co., London. 4. Robinson, A.H. et al. (1992). Elements of Cartography, John Willy & Sons, New York, 6th edition. 				

Evaluation criteria for Practical Examination			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title	Seminar	L	T	P	Cr	E
Course Code	GEO.541	1	-	-	1	100
Evaluation Criteria						
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)	

Course Title: Introduction to Earth's Material - Practical	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.509	-	-	4	2
Course objective: The student will benefit in understanding the characteristics of rocks and minerals. Identification of minerals and rocks. Uses of tools that would help in carrying out further research.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definitions of rock and minerals, Classification of rocks. • Identification of minerals • Identification of Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks, 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature and use of various natural construction material – grain size analysis using sieve test; strength of the natural materials • Water quality test • Identification of hazardous earth material for human health 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Minerals and Rocks-Exercises in Crystallography, Mineralogy and Hand Specimen Petrology by Cornelius Klein, 2007, Wiley publisher. 2. Earth Materials: Introduction to mineralogy and petrology by Cornelius Klein and Anthony Phillpotts, 2013, Cambridge University press, Cambridge. 				

Semester II

Course Title: Geographical Information System	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 521	4	-	-	4
Course Objective: The course introduces students to the fundamentals of GIS, GPS, data models, data sources, databases and Global Positioning Systems (GPS) and geospatial metadata. It prepares the candidate for the geospatial analysis.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept and definition of GIS, History and development of GIS technology, • Applications of GIS in various sectors 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic information System database: data types (map, attributes, image data) and structure; Spatial and non-spatial data; • Data entry and preparations (inputs, editing and attributing); Geo-referencing; linking spatial and non-spatial data; Attribute handling. Functional Elements: Data Acquisition and Topology Creation; Data Management and Structure. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spatial analysis: overlay, buffer and proximity, network analysis; • Contours and spot heights; Determination of slope and hill shading; Data interpolation: point and line data; Output generation and layouts. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to GPS and history of positioning system; • Segments of GPS; GPS Applications. User interface with global positioning receivers; GNSS and types (NAVSTAR, GLONASS, GALILEO) introduction to DGPS, wide area augmentation system (WAAS); 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bonham, Carter G.F. (1995): Information Systems for Geoscientists – Modelling with GIS. Pergamon, Oxford. 2. Burrough, P.A. and McDonnell, R. (1998): Principles of Geographic Information Systems. Oxford University Press, Oxford. 3. Chang, K.T. (2003): Introduction to Geographic Information Systems. Tata McGraw Hill Publications Company, New Delhi. 4. Chauniyal, D. D. (2004): Remote Sensing and Geographic Information Systems. (in Hindi). Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad. 				

Course Title: Geographical Information System - (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 522	-	-	4	2
Course Objective:				
The course provides a firm understanding of the conceptual and technical issues that affects the use of GIS and GPS. Through hands on exercise students will know about beauty of geographic/spatial data management.				
Unit I:			(12 Lectures)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geo-referencing Maps/Images, Digitization of Raster Map: Point, Line and Polygon Features, • Preparation of Attribute Tables, Editing and Joining Tables, Analyzing Attribute Data: Calculating Area, Perimeter, and Length. 				
Unit II:			(12 Lectures)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spatial Representation: Symbolizing and Map Layouts, Basic Analysis in GIS: Buffering, Overlay and Query Building. • GPS Applications. Collection of ground control points using hand held GPS receiver; transferring data from GPS receiver to PC. 				

Evaluation criteria for Practical Examination			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Geographical Thoughts	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 523	4	-	-	4
Course Description: It introduces to life and works of various geographers and explains the development of geography as a discipline.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Concepts: The field of Geography, its place in the classification of Sciences; Geography as a social science and natural science. Evolution of Geographic Thought: Changing paradigms – Environmentalism, Possibilism, areal differentiation, spatial organisation. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of region, Philosophical debates in Contemporary Geography: Critical understanding of positivism, behaviouralism, realism, Marxism, Structuralism, post-structuralism and postmodernism. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Methods in Geographical Analysis: Epistemology of geography, critical assessment and debates on quantitative, qualitative, field and cartographic methods in geography. • Exceptionalism and the Schaefer-Hartshorne debate. Feminist geography. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Future of Geography: changing nature, concepts, approaches and methodologies of geography in a Globalising World. Progress and Contributions in Indian Geography. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dikshit, R. D. (2004): Geographical Thought. A Critical History of Ideas. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2. Adams, P., Steven, H. and Karel, T. (eds.) (2001): Texture of Place. Exploring Humanistic Geographies. University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis. 3. Anderson, K., Domosh, M., Pile, S. and Thrift, N. (eds.) (2003): Handbook of Cultural Geography. Sage Publications, London. 4. Barnes, T. and Gregory, D. (eds.) (1997): Readings in Human Geography: The Poetics and Politics of Inquiry. Arnold, London. 5. Daniels, P., Bradshaw, M., Shaw, D. and Sidaway, J. (2000): An Introduction to Human Geography. Issues for the 21st Century. Prentice Hall, London. 6. Dear, M. J. and Flusty, S. (2002): The Spaces of Postmodernity: Readings in Human Geography. Blackwell Publishers, Oxford. 7. Doel, M. (1999): Poststructuralist Geographies. The Diabolical Art of Spatial Science. Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh 8. Gaile, G. and Wilmott, C. (eds.) (2003): Geography in America at the Dawn of the 21st Century. Oxford University Press, Oxford and New York. 				

Course Title: Bio-Geography	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 524	4	-	-	4
Objectives: To familiarise the students with the geographical and historical background of the field of biogeography. It helps the students to understand the ecological factors that shape the distribution of plants and animals and their changes over time. It also provides the details of biogeographical consequences of global change like climate change.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature, scope, significances, approaches and history of Biogeography • Spatial dimension in biogeography; pattern of plant and animal distributions, • Bio-geographical regions and realms. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ecology and Ecosystem; significance in biogeography; • Basic ecological principles; Geo-biochemical cycles: carbon, nitrogen, oxygen and phosphorus cycles; • Biome and biomass; 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biogeography of the seas; island biogeography. • Habitat fragmentation; biogeography of linear landscape features. • Biodiversity: depletion and conservation. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biogeographical information, collection, retrieval and application. • Projecting into the future: Climate change and biodiversity; biogeographical consequences of global change; changing communities and biomes • National forest and wildlife policy of India 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Brown, J. H., & A. C. Gibson, Biogeography, St. Louis, Mosby, 1983. 2. Brown, J.H. and Lomolino, M.V., Biogeography, Second Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc. Sunderland, Massachusetts, 1998. 3. Cox, C.B., Moore, P.D., Biogeography, An Ecological and Evolutionary Approach, 5th ed., Blackwell Science, Cambridge, 1993. 4. MacDonald, Glen, Biogeography: Introduction to Space, Time and Life, John Wiley, New York, 2002. 5. Robinson, H., Biogeography, The English Language Book Society and Macdonald and Evans, London, 1982. 				

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Cr	E
GEO.542	Seminar	1	-	-	1	100
Evaluation Criteria						
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)	

Course Title:	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 525	-	-	4	2
Course description: Scientific research in geography requires an understanding into tools and techniques for explaining data. This course is design to help students understand quantitative methods in their research works.				
Unit I: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic pattern and its measures: Nearest Neighbour Analysis; Gini's Co-efficient; Lorenz curves; Location quotient; Rank size rule • Network Analysis: Indices of transport network efficiency; Compositing the indices of transport network efficiency; Indices of nodal accessibility; Local degree –Road Local degree –Rail. Weighed road capacity and tortoursity ratio; Compositing the indices of nodal accessibility. 				
Unit II: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Methods of predictions and levels of measurement: Levels of measurement; Methods of sampling; Simple linear regression analysis; Plotting of regression line; Plotting of absolute and relative residuals; Explanation of residuals plotted on the maps. • Measures of disparities and potential model: Gravity and potential models; Delimitation of hinterlands; Combinational analysis of Weaver, S.M. Rafiulla's method, Measures of Disparities: Kendall's ranking method. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Berry, B.J.L. and Marble, D.R. (ed), 1968, Spatial Analysis: A Reader in Statistical Geography, Prentice Hall, New York. 2. Cole, J.P. and Kind, C.A.M. 1968. Quantitative Geography, John, Wiley, New York. 3. Ibrahim, R., 1984. Market Centers and Regional Development. B.R. Publisher, New Delhi. 4. Mahmood, A, 1986. Statistical Methods in Geographic Studies. Rajesh Publishers, New Delhi. <p>Smith, D.M., 1975. Patterns in Human Geography, Penguin Books, England.</p>				

Compulsory Paper for M.Sc.				
Course Title: Soil Pollution and Management	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.526	4	-	-	4
Objectives: The student will be introduced to various issues related to soil and water problems, components and characteristics.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
Soil formation				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition, rocks, minerals, soil forming factors, soil weathering- types and processes, soil formation, soil horizon, soil profiles, composition of soil, soil biota and their function in soil, humus, Soil microbes in nutrient cycling, Soil types in India. Physico-chemical and biological properties of soil, sampling and analysis of soil quality. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
Soil pollution				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition, sources- point and non- point, soil pollutants – types and characteristics, routes. Soil pollutants – Types, pesticides – classification, formulation; residual toxicity, synthetic fertilizers, heavy metals, Industrial waste effluents and interaction with soil components. Effects and impacts of soil pollution, bio-magnification. Thermal pollution – sources and impacts. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
Soil erosion				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Salt affected soil – Saline soils, Sodic soil, Usar, Kallar, Types of erosion – water and wind erosion, causes, soil loss equation. Land degradation – causes and impacts, types of waste lands in India, desertification and its Control. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
Soil management				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Methodologies for soil conservation, conservation of arable land, techniques of reclamation and restoration of soil, wasteland reclamation, soil salinity management, remedial measures for soil pollution, bioremediation- in situ, ex situ, phytoremediation and biodegradation. Principles of weed management, Legal measures for land conservation at national and international level. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Botkin, Daniel B. and Keller, Edward A. Environmental Science: Earth as a Living Planet. 6th ed. John Wiley & Sons, USA. 2007. 2. Cunningham, W. P. and Cunningham, M. A. Principles of Environment Science. Enquiry and Applications. 2nd ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2004. 3. Cutler, S.L, Environment Risks and Hazard. Prentice Hall of India, Delhi. 1999. 4. De, A.K., Environmental Chemistry. New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi. 2000. 5. Hillel, D., Introduction to Soil Physics, Academic Press, New York. 1982. 6. Kapoor, B.S. Environmental Sanitation. S. Chand & Sons, New Delhi. . 2000. 				

Course Title: Soil Pollution and Management - Practical	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO. 522	-	-	4	2
Course Objective: The student will benefit in understanding on how to carry out soil and water analysis that will give them immense knowledge for further research.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determination of pH of water/soil sample. • Determination of conductivity/TDS of the water sample. • Determination of salinity of the soil sample. • Determination of Total Organic Content. • Determination of Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN), ammonical nitrogen etc. in soil samples. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determination of fluoride content in soil. • Determination of bacterial population in soil samples by serial dilution and spread plate methods. • Soil sieve analysis • Standardization and use of Flame Photometer. • Detection of heavy metal elements using Atomic absorption spectrophotometer. 				

Evaluation criteria for Practical Examination			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Semester III

Course Title: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing - Theory	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.551	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives: It introduces the students to the basic concepts and the skills necessary to acquire remote sensing data and extract geo-information from them. The objective of this course is to give understanding of fundamentals of remote sensing.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
Fundamental Concepts of Remote Sensing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remote Sensing: Definition, Concept, History and Applications; Types of Remote Sensing; Remote Sensing Platforms and Scanning Systems. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
EMR Principles and Interaction Mechanisms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radiation Principles; Electromagnetic Spectrum; Energy-Atmosphere Interaction; Atmospheric Windows; Energy-Earth Interaction; Spectral Signatures of Surface Features. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
Remote Sensing platforms, sensors and satellite series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RS Satellites- Polar sun-synchronous, geo-stationary; Platforms: Types and their orbital characteristics; Sensors types: active and passive; Sensors systems: whiskbroom and push broom; Principles and geometry of scanners and CCD arrays; Satellite RS data products or series: LANDSAT, SPOT, IRS, IKONOS, Quick bird. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
Image Processing and Interpretation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Image: Meaning and Types (Analogue and Digital) and Characteristics; Resolution: Spatial, Spectral, Radiometric and Temporal; Basics of Image Processing; Elements of Image Interpretation. Ground Truth Collection, Visual Interpretation. 				
Suggested readings: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cracknell, A and Hayes, L. (1990). Remote Sensing Year Book, Taylor and Francis, London. 2. Curran, P.J. (1985). Principles of Remote Sensing, Longman, London. 3. Deekshatulu, B.L. and Rajan, Y.S. (ed.) (1984). Remote Sensing. Indian Academy of Science, Bangalore. 4. Floyd, F. and Sabins, Jr. (1986). Remote Sensing: Principles and Interpretation, W.H. Freeman, New York. 5. Guham, P. K. (2003). Remote Sensing for Beginners. Affiliated East-West Press Private Ltd., New Delhi. 6. Hallert, B. (1960). Photogrammetry, McGraw Hill Book Company Inc., New York 7. Harry, C.A. (ed.) (1978). Digital Image Processing, IEEE Computer Society, California 8. Hord, R.M. (1982). Digital Image Processing of Remotely Sensed Data, Academic Press, New York. 				

Course Title: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing -Practical	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.552	-	-	4	2
Course objective: The practical course gives operational skills necessary to acquire remote sensing data and extract geo-information from them.				
Unit I				
Remote sensing and image interpretation: Referencing layout and indent of Landsat TM or IRS imageries; Identification of objects / features on multiband imageries; Detection of defined objects/features; Preparation of Image interpretation keys; Interpretation, classification, delineation and mapping of land use/land cover from False Colour Composite (FCC); Transfer of information from imagery to base map.				
Unit II:				
Image Processing: Digital Image: Definition, size and Image Formats; Image Processing System : Image Registration : Image to map and Image to Image; Image Enhancement Techniques : Histogram Equalization. Contrast stretching, filtering and band rationing. Image Classification: selection of training sets, supervised and unsupervised classification.				
Suggested readings: 1. Keates, J.S. (1998). Cartographic Design and Production, Longman, London. 2. Misra, R.P. and Ramesh, A. (1989). Fundamental of Cartography, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi. 3. Monkhouse, F.J. (1994). Maps and Diagrams, Methuen and Co., London. 4. Robinson, A.H. et al. (1992). Elements of Cartography, John Willy & Sons, New York, 6th edition.				

Evaluation criteria for Remote Sensing Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Survey and Field visit	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.553	-	2	-	2
<p>Course objective: This course will help the student to interact with people in studying their socio-economic study. A survey schedule will be organised in selected areas (village/town, etc.) for 10 – 15 days. This will help the student understand and interact with people more closely that would be beneficial for carrying out research in future.</p>				
Unit I				
<p>Procure a topographic map of 1:50,000 to 1:25,000 scale to study the Settlements selected in its regional setting. Prepare a site map of the survey area; settlement, road, water body, agricultural field etc. Collection of socio-economic profile data of the survey site and create a demographic profile from the secondary data; Data procure from census office, economic and statistics office. Assessment of the secondary data by using statistical tools and techniques.</p>				
Unit II:				
<p>Conduct a socio-economic survey of the households with a structured scheduled/questionnaire. Supplement the information by personal observations and perceptions. Based on results of the land-use and socio-economic enquiry of the households, prepare a critical field-survey report. Photographs and sketches, in addition to maps and diagrams, may supplement the report.</p>				

Evaluation Criteria for Field survey			
Active participation in field work	Report writing	Presentation	Total (100)

Course Title: Research Methodology	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.562	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
The course will make the students aware about types, approaches and methods of research in geography and orient the students to design and prepare geographic research proposal, with emphasis on problem identification, methodology design and literature review.				
Unit I: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to research in Geography: Concept and significance of research in geography; Philosophy and methods; Naturalism and anti-naturalism; realism and idealism, Critical thinking. 				
Unit II: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research and Academic Integrity: Copyright issues, Conduct of ethical research, Belmont report and Plagiarism in research. • Scientific Research; Inductive and deductive approaches; Research design; Formulation of research problem; Development and testing of hypothesis; Techniques of data collection; Sampling and field survey. 				
Unit III: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Analysis, interpretation and report writing: Data classification and tabulation; Data analysis and interpretation; reference writing; APA, MLA, Chicago. 				
Unit IV: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writing thesis, project report and research paper; Synopsis writing: procedure, content, methods, literature review. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blackburn, J. and Holland, J. (eds.) (1998): Who Changes? Institutionalising Participation in Development. IT Publications, London. 2. Blaxter, L.; Hughes, C. and Tight, M. (1996): How to Research. Open University Press, Buckingham. 3. Dikshit, R. D. (2003): The Art and Science of Geography: Integrated Readings. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 4. Dorling, D. and Simpson, L. (eds.) (1999): Statistics in Society. Edward Arnold, London. 5. Fisher, P. and Unwin, D., (eds.) (2002): Virtual Reality in Geography. Taylor and Francis, London. 6. Flowerdew, R. and Martin, D. (eds.) (1997): Methods in Human Geography. A Guide for Students Doing a Research Project. Longman, Harlow. 7. Hay, I. (ed.) (2000): Qualitative Research Methods in Human Geography. Oxford University Press, New York. 8. Kitchin, R. and Tate, N., (2001): Conducting Research into Human Geography. Theory, Methodology and Practice. Prentice-Hall, London. 9. Limb, M. (2001): Qualitative Methodologies for Geographers. Issue and Debates. Edward Arnold, London. 				

Course Title	Seminar	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code	GEO.543	1	-	-	1
Course Detail: The student will prepare a report under the guidance of faculty assigned as supervisor and present it for evaluation.					
Evaluation Criteria					
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)

Course title	Value Added Course		
Course code			
The student will opt for courses that are provided at university level.			

Course Title	Project	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code	GEO.599				
Course Objective: The student will prepare a report under the guidance of faculty assigned as supervisor and present it for evaluation.					
Evaluation criteria					
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)

Elective courses I: Select any one elective course and its respective practical course from the followings:

Course Title: Geography of Disaster	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.554	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives: The course in Geography, as a science of human-environment interactions, offers key analytical tools for understanding the complex causes and uneven impacts of disaster and hazards around the world. It explores various types and impacts of disasters.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept Hazard, Disaster and Catastrophe; Concept of vulnerability, risk, mitigation, prevention, preparedness, response and recovery; Classification of Disasters. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Natural Disaster study (Causes, Assessment and Management): Cyclones, droughts, forest fires, earthquakes, volcanoes, landslides. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
Man-made disaster study: Fire, Terrorism, Food poisoning, stampedes.				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impacts of Disasters: Social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychological; Differential impacts: Caste, class, gender, age, location, disability. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of GIS and Remote sensing in disaster studies. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turk J. (1985). Introduction to Environmental Studies, Saunders, College Publication, Japan 2. Singh Savindra (2000). Environmental Geography, Parag Pustak Bhavan, Allahabad 3. Morrisawa M (Ed) (1994). Geomorphology and Natural Hazards, Elsevier, Amsterdam 4. Hart M. G. (1986). Geomorphology, Pure and Applied, George Allen and Unwin, London 5. Valdiya K. S. (1987). Environmental Geology, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 6. Bryant Edward (2000). Natural Hazards, Cambridge University Press 7. Daly Herman E. (1996). Beyond Growth, Beacon Press, Boston 8. Daly Herman E and Twonseed Keneth N (Ed) (1993). Valuing the earth – Economics, Ecology and Ethics, MIT Press, London 9. Agarwal Anil and Narain Sunita (Ed) (1999). State of India’s Environment The Citizens Report, Centre for Science and Environment, New Delhi 				

Course Title: Geography of Disaster (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.555	-	-	4	2
Course objective: The course place emphasis on analytical geographical tools to study disasters. Students will learn to do mapping and prepare hazard zones using remote sensing and GIS techniques				
Unit I				
Risk and vulnerability assessment hazard zonation, Use of remote sensing and GIS in hazard studies.				
Unit II:				
Hazards zonation/ mapping: meteorological –cyclones, typhoons, hurricanes and droughts, forest fires, causes, assessment, effects and control measures. Natural hazards – Geological – earthquakes, volcanoes, causes, effects and control measures; Natural hazards – Geomorphic – landslides, soil erosion and gulying, coastal erosion causes, assessment, effects and control measures.				

Evaluation criteria for Geography of Disaster - Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Social and Demography Geography	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.556	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives: The paper reflects various social issues in relation to demographic feature. The student would be introduce to various concepts of social as well as demography that would inculcate in structuring thoughts in the minds of student.				
Unit I: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Welfare and Well-being: Concept and Components – Healthcare, Housing and Education. • Social Geographies of Inclusion and Exclusion, Slums, Gated Communities, Communal Conflicts and Crime. 				
Unit II: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population ageing and dependency ratios • Concept of Space: Social space, Material space 				
Unit III: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Demography. History of Population Growth. Geographic Distribution of World Population and Global Variations in Population Size and Growth. • Theories of Population Growth: Malthus and Marx • The Concepts of Age and Sex. Impact of Mortality rate 				

Unit IV:	(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demographic evaluation of Family Planning Programme • Demography Dynamics: Fertility, Mortality and Migration – Measures, Determinants and Implications 	
Suggested Reading: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ahmed A., 1999: Social Geography, Rawat Publications. 2. Casino V. J. D., Jr., (2009) Social Geography: A Critical Introduction, Wiley Blackwell. 3. Cater J. and Jones T., 2000: Social Geography: An Introduction to Contemporary Issues, Hodder Arnold. 4. Holt L., 2011: Geographies of Children, Youth and Families: An International Perspective, Taylor & Francis. 5. Panelli R., 2004: Social Geographies: From Difference to Action, Sage. 6. Rachel P., Burke M., Fuller D., Gough J., Macfarlane R. and Mowl G., 2001: Introducing Social Geographies, Oxford University Press. 7. Smith D. M., 1977: Human geography: A Welfare Approach, Edward Arnold, London. 8. Smith D. M., 1994: Geography and Social Justice, Blackwell, Oxford. 9. Smith S. J., Pain R., Marston S. A., Jones J. P., 2009: The SAGE Handbook of Social Geographies, Sage Publications. 10. Sopher, David (1980): An Exploration of India, Cornell University Press, Ithasa 11. Valentine G., 2001: Social Geographies: Space and Society, Prentice Hall 	

Course Title: Social and Demography Geography (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.557	-	-	4	2
Course objective: This paper is intended to help the student giving geographical thoughts in carrying out research related to demographic issue.				
Unit I <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Procedures of data collection: primary and secondary • Sampling techniques : random, stratified random and purposive • Preparation of choropleth map, histogram, etc. 				
Unit II: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measures of dispersion: mean deviation, quartile deviation, standard deviation and Co-efficient of variation. • Bivariate scatter diagram and regression trend line • Coefficient of correlation after Karl Pearson 				
Suggested Reading: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ahmed A., 1999: Social Geography, Rawat Publications. 2. Casino V. J. D., Jr., (2009) Social Geography: A Critical Introduction, Wiley Blackwell. 3. Cater J. and Jones T., 2000: Social Geography: An Introduction to Contemporary Issues, 				

Hodder Arnold.

4. Holt L., 2011: Geographies of Children, Youth and Families: An International Perspective, Taylor & Francis.

5. Panelli R., 2004: Social Geographies: From Difference to Action, Sage.

6. Rachel P., Burke M., Fuller D., Gough J., Macfarlane R. and Mowl G., 2001: Introducing Social Geographies, Oxford University Press.

7. Smith D. M., 1977: Human geography: A Welfare Approach, Edward Arnold, London.

8. Smith D. M., 1994: Geography and Social Justice, Blackwell, Oxford.

9. Smith S. J., Pain R., Marston S. A., Jones J. P., 2009: The SAGE Handbook of Social Geographies, Sage Publications.

10. Sopher, David (1980): An Exploration of India, Cornell University Press, Ithasa

11. Valentine G., 2001: Social Geographies: Space and Society, Prentice Hall

Evaluation criteria for Social and Demography Geography - Practical

Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60	20	20	100

Course Title: Gender, Health and Development	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.558	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
The student will benefit in understanding the relationship of gender and health.				
Unit I:		(12 Lectures)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Concept of gender, Evolution of gender in historical perspective; Patriarchy, Kinship Structure and gender roles, Feminist theories, Gender stratification in traditional and modern societies, Gender Analysis Tools, Gender Sensitive Indicators; • Concept of health, Evolution of the concept of Reproductive Health, life cycle approach to RH and recommendations from ICPD; Changing concept of development, Indicators of development, gender adjusted HDI. 				
Unit II:		(12 Lectures)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major morbidity and mortality burden in the developing world with major focus on India- sex ratio of births, major health problems experienced by women and men, reproductive health of women and men in developing world, differentials in use of male and female methods of contraception; Health infra-structure and health care providers; Nutritional status, susceptibility to infections; • Major risk factors of men's health: masculinity, alcoholism, tobacco and drug consumption, accident; Gender and Sexuality: Sexual health of men and women, gender dimension of HIV /AIDS; Gender and Infertility. 				
Unit III:		(16 Lectures)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gender and Development: Understanding social structures- role of caste, class, ethnicity and religion and gender in health inequalities and health outcomes; Gender dimension of social development, status and role of men and women in household and 				

community, culture, marriage customs, dowry and bride price practices, age at marriage; Gender differentials in household headship and role in decision making; Gender differences in access to knowledge-, education, exposure to media and freedom of movements; Gender based violence- Domestic and community violence and gender, Legal aspects of domestic violence and rape.
Unit IV: (16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The concept of Gender Mainstreaming: Historic overview of Gender Mainstreaming- Women in development (WID)-concept and criticism by feminist; shift to Gender and Development (GAD), Gender Mainstreaming and the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs); The rights approach to Health, sexual and reproductive rights, violence, human rights and health
<p>Suggested readings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basu, Alaka M., (1992): Culture, The Status of Women and Demographic Behaviour, Oxford University, New York. 2. Bhasin K. (1993). What is patriarchy?, Kali for Women Publishers, New Delhi. 3. Bhasin K. (2000). Understanding Gender, Kali for Women Publishers, New Delhi. 4. Dyson, Tim and Mick Moore, (1983). "On Kinship structure, female autonomy, and demographic behaviour in India", Population and Development Review vol. 9(1).

Course Title: Gender, Health and Development (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.559	-	-	4	2
Course objective: The student will benefit in understanding the relationship of gender and health.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to SPSS- facilities, creating database structure, data entry, specifying scales, validation of data entry, importing and exporting data. Data Manipulation–recoding creating new variable, sorting, filtering and selection of specific data, generating simple frequencies, use of syntax editor. Correlation and regression analysis– interpretation and regression diagnostic test. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to STATA, generating, variables, commands and do file editor. Survey analysis – estimation of mean, proportion, design. Multivariate analysis–concepts and interpretation of results of multiple regressions, logistic regression, ANOVA, with and without interaction. Survival analysis – Kaplan Meier, Cox regression -test of proportionality and heterogeneity. Introduction to GIS and illustration. 				

Evaluation criteria for Social and Demography Geography - Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60	20	20	100

Course Title: Geography of Forest	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.560	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives: The paper underlines the geography of forest and the spatial distribution of forest in India. Forest being an important resource the paper reflects policies in relation to conservation and management.				
Unit I: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of forest and forestry. Identification in types of forest and its characteristics, distribution of forest in India in relation to soil and climatic variation. • Importance of forest resource; forest cover in India, Forest based industry, NTFP. 				
Unit II: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forest eco-system; Characteristic, feature and structures • Concept of forest carbon index; contribution and policies 				
Unit III: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forest conservation and management policies in India; community forestry • Incidence of forest fire and forest disturbances in India. 				
Unit IV: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application of Remote sensing and GIS in the forest study. • Role of modern techniques in forest study and policy implementation. 				
Suggested readings:				

Course Title: Geography of Forest (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.561	-	-	4	2
Course objective: Forest management would be best understood in various techniques related to remote sensing and GIS. Thus the paper reflects various tools in identification and mapping changes in relation to forest.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application of Remote sensing and GIS in the forest study. Mapping of forest types through satellite data. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exercise in topographical measuring (transects, orientation, etc.) and in special survey and measure techniques concerning the terrain structure and the vegetation structure. 				

Evaluation criteria for Geography of forest - Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Semester IV

Course Title: Geography of India	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.571	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives: India is a vast country with diversity physically as well as ethnically. The course would help in understanding India and its geographical entity for students.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geological history of India • Relief feature: Physiographic divisions and its formation • Drainage systems; watershed and basin 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Climate of India: types and Mechanism of monsoon • Indian forest: types and characteristics • Mineral resources: types and belt 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agriculture: Salient features of agriculture, agricultural regions, major crops, • Agricultural revolution: green revolution, white, blue and yellow revolutions. • Industry: Industrial belt of India: Locational factors of cotton, jute, textile, iron and steel, aluminium, fertilizer, paper, chemical and pharmaceutical, automobile, cottage and agro-based industries; • New industrial policies; Multinationals and liberalization; Special Economic Zones; Exclusive Economic Zone 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social and environmental challenges in India: Regional disparities in the levels of economic development, distribution of population growth and policies • Flood and drought problem; spatial distribution and management 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Deshpande, C.D. (1992). India: A Regional Interpretation, ICSSR & Northern Book Centre, New Delhi. 2. Dutt, Ashok K. (Ed.) (1972). Indian – Resources, Potentialities and Planning, Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company, Dubuque. 3. Government of India (2007). National School Atlas, NATMO, Kolkatta. 4. Gautam, A. (2006). Advance Geography of India, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad. 5. India. (2013). A Reference Annual: Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, GOI, New Delhi. 6. Khullar D.R. (2005). India-A comprehensive geography, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana. 7. Nagi P. and Smita Sen Gupta (1993). Geography of India, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi. 				

Course Title: Population & Settlement Geography	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.572	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
The course introduces population concepts and their importance. It explains how human population is distributed over earth surface and interacts with developmental process.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population geography: Concepts, scope and methodology; Data sources; • Population dynamics: fertility and mortality • Concepts of ageing: young, stationary and stable population. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Migration: Concepts and pattern; types of migration and theories • Concept of mobility and migration, sources and quality of data, census definition of migrants and its limitations; • Concepts of population projections and interpolation & extrapolation • Millennium development goals and achievements with special reference to India. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Settlement Geography: Nature, scope and significance, concept of Site and situation. • Types of settlement: Clustered and dispersed. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rural Settlements: Definition and characteristics; Types and materials of farm fencing; Folk housing and folk architecture; Traditional building materials. • Urban Settlements: Definition and characteristics; Theory of Christaller; Functional classification of urban centres; Harris and Nelson; Morphological characteristics of urban settlements; Theories explaining internal structure of cities: Sector, concentric zone and multiple-nuclei. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ahmad, E. 1979. Social and Geographical Aspects of Geography of Human Settlements. New Delhi: Classical Publications. 2. Ambrose, P. 1970. Concepts in Geography; Settlement Patterns. London: Longmans. 3. Census of India, 1961. House Types and Settlement Patterns of Villages in India. New Delhi. 4. Chisholm, M. 1969. Rural Settlements and Land Use. London: Hutchinson. 5. Christaller, C. W. 1966. Central Places in Southern Germany. Englewood Cliffs N. J: Prentice Hall. 6. Clout, H. D. 1972. Rural Geography: Introductory Survey. Oxford: Pergamon. 7. Chisholm, M. (1962). Rural Settlements and Landuse, Hutchinson, London. 8. Ehrlich, P.R. and Ehrlich, A.H. (1996). Ecoscience: Population, Resources, Environment. 6th ed. W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco. 				

Course title	Practice in geography – I (DEC)	L	T	P	Cr
Course code	GEO.573	-	2	-	2
Course objective: This course will provide the opportunity to students for practical exercises in the disciplinary content. This course will be evaluated on the basis of objective type questions.					

Course title	Practice in geography – II (DEC)	L	T	P	Cr
Course code	GEO.574	-	2	-	2
Course objective: This course will provide the opportunity to students for practical exercises in the disciplinary content. This course will be evaluated on the basis of objective type questions.					

Course title	Value Added Course		
Course code			
The student will opt for courses that are provided at university level.			

Course Title	Seminar	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code	GEO.544	1	-	-	1
Course Detail: The student will prepare a report under the guidance of faculty assigned as supervisor and present it for evaluation.					
Evaluation Criteria					
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)

Course Title	Project	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code	GEO.599				
Course Objective: The student will prepare a report under the guidance of faculty assigned as supervisor and present it for evaluation.					
Evaluation criteria					
Literature Strength (out of 20)	Organization of content (out of 20)	Presentation (out of 20)	Discussion (out of 10)	Report Evaluation (out of 30)	Total (out of 100)

Elective courses II: Select any one elective course and its respective practical course from the followings:

Course Title: Geography of Urban System and Planning	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.573	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Characteristics of cities in different historical periods (both industrial and pre-industrial); Functions and functional classification of towns. 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urban land use and functional morphology: functional areas and Peri-urban areas; Theories of urban structure (Burgess, Hoyt, Harris and Ullman, Mann, White). Remote Sensing and GIS in Urban planning. 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issues and Planning. Urban problems: environmental, poverty, slums, transportation, housing, crime; Planned cities: Chandigarh and Jaipur; National Urban Policy and Urban land use planning, Master Plans: A case study of Chandigarh; Smart cities. 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urban transportation: Evaluation of Urban Structure Transportation systems; Management of Transportation system; Regional Transport system; Transport policies. 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bridge, B. and Watson, S. (eds.) (2000): A Companion to the City. Blackwell, Oxford. 2. Carter, H. (1995): The Study of Urban Geography. 4th ed. Reprinted in 2002 by Rawat Publications, Jaipur and New Delhi. 3. Dubey, K.K. and Singh, A.K. (1983): Urban Environment in India. Deep and Deep, New Delhi. 4. Dutt, A. Allen, K, Noble, G., Venugopal G. and Subbiah S. (eds.) (2003): Challenges to Asian Urbanisation in the 21st Century. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht and London. 5. Hall, P. (1992): Urban and Regional Planning. Routledge, London. 6. Hall, T. (2001): Urban Geography. 2nd edition. Routledge, London. 7. Johnson, J.H. (1981): Urban Geography, Pergaman Press, Oxford. 8. Mayer, H. and Cohn, C. F. (1959): Readings in Urban Geography, University of Chicago Press, Chicago. 9. Paddison, R. (ed.) (2001): Handbook of Urban Studies. Sage, London. 10. Pacione, M. (2005): Urban Geography: A Global Perspective, Routledge, London and New York. 11. Ramachandran, R., (1991): Urbanisation and Urban Systems in India. Oxford University Press, Delhi. 				

Course Title: Geography of Urban System and Planning - Practical	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.574	-	-	4	2
Course objective:				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding and documenting Urban component such market place, organic and planned, residential districts, station areas, mill lands, urban villages, transport hubs etc. • Baseline surveys for a small/ medium town; Data collection and analysis, comparing with benchmark/standards. Graphic representation of the same. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urban land use classification system; Remote Sensing and urban land use mapping, GIS and Urban Planning. • The structure and components of urban landscapes – documenting components such as parks, plazas, grounds, road dividers, traffic signals, dumping grounds, green belts etc. 				

Evaluation criteria for Geography of Urban System and Planning Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Photogrammetry	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.575	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
This course introduces photogrammetry as a data acquisition tool, and provides a general overview of its theory and working principles. Students will gain the ability to extract data from aerial photography.				
Unit I: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Photogrammetry: Definition and Categories ii. Historical Background: Early Developments in Aerial • Surveying and Mapping; Problems of Aerial Photogrammetry; Application of Photogrammetry. 				
Unit II: (12 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aerial photos: types, scale, resolution; Geometric properties of aerial photos; Stereoscopy; Stereoscopic parallax; Relief displacement. Calculation of Height of Objects on Vertical Aerial Photograph. 				
Unit III: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interpretation keys and their types; Aerial mosaics; Multi-spectral aerial photographs; Ground control for mapping from aerial photos; Rectification methods in aerial photos. 				
Unit IV: (16 Lectures)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aerial photo interpretation in general resource evaluation; Geomorphic studies and 				

mapping. Land use/Land cover mapping; Ortho-photos and Contour Extraction; Applications and limitation of Aerial Photography.

Suggested readings:

1. Cracknell, A. and Ladson, H (1990): Remote Sensing Year Book. Taylor and Francis, London.
2. Curran, P.J. (1988): Principles of Remote Sensing. ELBS Longman, Essex, U.K.
3. Deekshatulu, B.L. and Rajan, Y.S. (ed.) (1984): Remote Sensing. Indian Academy of Science, Bangalore.
4. Floyd, F. S. Jr. (1997): Remote Sensing: Principles and Interpretation. W.H. Freeman, New York.
5. Hallert, B. (1960): Photogrammetry. McGraw Hill Book Company. Inc. New York
6. Leuder, D.R. (1959): Aerial Photographic Interpretation: Principles and Application, McGraw Hill, New York.
7. Jensen, John R. Remote sensing of the Environment – An Earth Resource Perspective, Pearson Education, 2000.
8. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W. (2000): Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. 4th ed. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
9. Pratt W.K. Digital Image Processing, Wiley, New York, 1978.
10. Rampal, K.K. (1999): Handbook of Aerial Photography and Interpretation. Concept Publishing. Company, New Delhi.

Course Title: Photogrammetry (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.576	-	-	4	2
Course objective: The course will develop understanding of image interpretation and information extraction from Aerial photographs and determination of height of objects.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stereoscopy; Stereoscopic parallax; Relief displacement. Calculation of Height of Objects on Vertical Aerial Photograph; Identification of objects and features; Determination of height of objects from single photographs. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparation of thematic maps on lithology and structure, Land use/ Land cover, Hydrogeomorphic mapping. 				

Evaluation criteria for Photogrammetry			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.577	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
This course will introduce fundamental technologies for digital image processing, information extraction, information analysis, and processing. Students will gain understanding of analytical tools, and implementations of various digital image applications.				
Unit I:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction • Digital Data Formats; Image Rectification–I • (Radiometric and Atmospheric Correction Techniques) Image Rectification–I • (Geometric Correction Techniques) 				
Unit II:				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Image enhancement techniques–I • (Linear and non-linear contrast stretching) Image enhancement techniques - II • (Image filtering–Low pass, high pass, edge enhancement & detection • filters) 				
Unit III:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Image Transformation • (Spectral rationing, density slicing, Principal Component analysis etc.) 				
Unit IV:				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Information Extraction–I • (Unsupervised/Supervised and Hybrid classification techniques) Information Extraction–I • (Accuracy Assessment and integration with GIS) 				
Suggested Readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Black, P.E. (1991): Watershed Hydrology, Prentice Hall, London 2. Michael, A.M. (1992): Irrigation Engineering, Vikas Publishing House 3. Murty, J.V.S. (1998): Watershed Management, New Age International, New Delhi 4. Murthy, J.V.S. (1994): Watershed Management in India, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi 5. Purandare, A.P. and Jaiswal, A.K. (1995): Waterhed Development in India, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad 6. Vir Singh, R. (2000): Watershed Planning and Management, Yash Publishing House, Bikaner 				

Course Title: Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.578	-	-	4	2
Course objective: Through this course students will gain knowledge and practical experience in digital image processing.				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Image Rectification, Image enhancement and Image transformation 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information Extraction-I (Unsupervised/Supervised and Hybrid classification techniques) Information Extraction-I (Accuracy Assessment and integration with GIS) 				
Suggested Readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Black, P.E. (1991): Watershed Hydrology, Prentice Hall, London Michael, A.M. (1992): Irrigation Engineering, Vikas Publishing House Murty, J.V.S. (1998): Watershed Management, New Age International, New Delhi Murthy, J.V.S. (1994): Watershed Management in India, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi Purandare, A.P. and Jaiswal, A.K. (1995): Watershed Development in India, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad Vir Singh, R. (2000): Watershed Planning and Management, Yash Publishing House, Bikaner 				

Evaluation criteria for Digital Image Processing & Information Extraction Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100

Course Title: Watershed Management	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.577	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives:				
Unit I: Fundamental of Watershed management				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fundamentals of Watershed Management • Introduction and Basic Concepts of watershed and watershed management, Watershed management policies and decision making • Sustainable Watershed Approach and Practices: natural resources management, agricultural practices, integrated farming, Soil erosion and conservation; conjunctive use of water resources, rainwater harvesting; roof catchment system, Watershed Management Practices in Arid and Semiarid Regions 				
Unit II: Managing Water Resources				(12 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Management of Water Quality: Water quality and pollution, types and sources of pollution, water quality modelling, environmental guidelines for water quality • Drought Management: Drought assessment and classification, drought analysis techniques, drought mitigation planning • Water Conservation and Recycling: Perspective on recycle and reuse, Waste water reclamation 				
Unit III: Social approach in watershed Management				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Aspects of Watershed Management: Community participation, Private sector participation, Institutional issues, Socio-economy, Integrated development, Water legislation and implementations, Case studies 				
Unit IV: Application of tools				(16 Lectures)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of modern techniques in watershed management: Applications of Geographical Information System and Remote Sensing in Watershed Management, Role of Decision Support System in Watershed Management 				
Suggested readings:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Harry, C.A. (ed.) (1987): Digital Image Processing. IEEE Computer Society, California. 2. Hord, R.M. (1982): Digital Image Processing of Remotely Sensed Data. Academic Press, New York. 3. Jensen, J.R. (1986): Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey. 4. Jensen, J.R. (2004): Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey. Indian reprint available. 5. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W. (2000): Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 6. Nag, P. (ed.) (2000): Thematic Cartography and Remote Sensing. Concept Publishing. Company, New Delhi. 				

Course Title: Watershed Management (Practical)	L	T	P	Cr
Course Code: GEO.578	-	-	4	2
Course objective:				
Unit I				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of modern techniques in watershed management: Applications of Geographical Information System and Remote Sensing in Watershed Management, Role of Decision Support System in Watershed Management. 				
Unit II:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demarcation of watershed boundary and Morphometric analysis. 				
Suggested Readings:				
1. Black, P.E. (1991): Watershed Hydrology, Prentice Hall, London				
2. Michael, A.M. (1992): Irrigation Engineering, Vikas Publishing House				
3. Murty, J.V.S. (1998): Watershed Management, New Age International, New Delhi				
4. Murthy, J.V.S. (1994): Watershed Management in India, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi				
5. Purandare, A.P. and Jaiswal, A.K. (1995): Watershed Development in India, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad				
6. Vir Singh, R. (2000): Watershed Planning and Management, Yash Publishing House, Bikaner				

Evaluation criteria for watershed management Practical			
Examination	Practical copy	Viva	Total
60%	20%	20%	100